IOM BANGLADESH
Needs and Population Monitoring (NPM)

Site Assessment (SA) Round 9

SITE PROFILES

March 2018
IOM Bangladesh Needs and Population Monitoring (NPM) regularly and systematically captures and disseminates information regarding the movements and evolving needs of populations on the move, whether on site or en route. NPM’s site assessment rounds capture the numbers, locations and key sectoral needs of Rohingya refugees in the areas affected by the influx since 25 August 2017. Data are collected through key informant interviews and direct observation. The unit of data collection depends on the context. In collective sites, the unit is a ‘block,’ defined as an area of responsibility of one majhee, a community leader. In dispersed sites, the geographical unit of reference is the village. These units are collectively referred to as ‘locations’ in this Site Profile. The data are aggregated and reported at the camp level in collective sites.
**WASH**

**NUMBER OF LOCATIONS REPORTING**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Facility</th>
<th>Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Treating water</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sufficient water storage</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sufficient household water</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sufficient drinking water</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Latrine access</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bathing facility access</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**ISSUES PREVENTING LATRINE ACCESS**

- Unclean: 73% of locations
- Too far to defecate outdoors: 17%
- Not safe/private: 17%
- Not enough: 17%
- No water: 17%
- No sex separation: 17%
- Latrines are full: 17%
- Insufficient lighting: 17%
- Difficult access: 17%

**PRIMARY DRINKING WATER SOURCE**

- No water source: 80%
- Non-improved: 70%
- Improved: 60%

**PRIMARY WATER SOURCE FOR HOUSEHOLD USE**

- No water source: 80%
- Non-improved: 70%
- Improved: 60%

**EDUCATION**

**ACCESS**

- Formal: 80%
- Non-formal: 70%

**BARRIERS**

- Girls: No barriers reported: 60%
- Girls: Barriers exist: 40%
- Boys: No barriers reported: 60%
- Boys: Barriers exist: 40%

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int

Most of the community areas are unclean in 82% of locations.

WASH facilities do not have adequate lighting in 34% of locations.

Latrines are not sex-separated in 73% of locations.

Latrines do not have locks in 17% of locations.
FOOD, NUTRITION & LIVELIHOOD

MAIN INCOME SOURCE

- Zakat
- Unskilled wage labour
- Small business
- Skilled profession or technical
- Sell assets from Myanmar
- Savings
- Sale of humanitarian assistance
- Remittances
- Petty trade or street vendor
- No income
- Irregular daily labour
- Fishing
- Firewood collection
- Begging
- Basic needs assistance
- Agriculture labour
- Agricultural production sales

Number of Locations

MAIN FOOD SOURCE

- Own production
- Hunting or Fishing
- Host Community
- Foraging
- Distribution assistance
- Credit purchase
- Cash purchase
- Borrowing
- Begging
- Barter and exchange

Number of Locations

AVAILABILITY OF NUTRITIONAL SUPPLEMENTS

- Nutritional supplement for pregnant and lactating women
- Nutritional supplement for children

Number of Locations

WHAT PEOPLE DO IF THEY GET SICK

- Nothing
- Go to the Kabiraz
- Go to local village doctor
- Go to local health facility
- Buy medicine from local pharmacy

Number of Locations

HEALTH

NEAREST HEALTH FACILITY

- Under 30 min away
- Over 30 min away
- No access

Number of Locations

Locations where people have trouble accessing antenatal healthcare

- 6%

Locations where people have trouble accessing psychosocial support

- 100%

Locations where people can access mobile health clinics

- 78%

Locations where people have trouble accessing disability rehabilitation

- 82%

Locations where people have trouble accessing vaccinations

- 5%

Locations where people in distress or with mental health issues can access assistance

- 78%

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
COMMUNICATION WITH COMMUNITIES

PREFERRED METHODS TO RECEIVE INFORMATION FROM AID ORGANIZATIONS

- Army
- Volunteer/staff visits
- Community meetings
- Microphone announcement
- NGO staff
- Phone / SMS
- Television
- Info desk
- Majhee

WHERE PEOPLE REPORT INCIDENTS

- The majhee
- INGO / UN

MOST-NEEDED INFORMATION TOPICS

- Weather
- Security updates
- Sanitation and hygiene
- Replacing personal documentation
- Relocation info
- Preventing attack or harassment
- How to get transport
- How to get cooking fuel
- How to access services
- Help after attack or harassment
- Health and nutrition
- Getting financial support
- General news
- Food prices
- Finding work
- Finding missing people
- Family planning
- Communication with other places

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
SEVERITY OF NEEDS

MOST SEVERE NEEDS REPORTED IN THESE LOCATIONS

WASH facilities
Vocational training
Transport
Shelter
Safety and security
Psychosocial support
Job opportunities
Hygiene items
Health facilities
Food
Education
Cooking utensils
Cooking fuel
Clothing and footwear
Cash
Access to registration and documentation

Number of Locations

Extremely severe
Very severe
Moderately severe
Somewhat severe
Not severe
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**LOCATIONS**

**HOUSEHOLDS**

**INDIVIDUALS**

80 8400 34700

**SITE MANAGEMENT**

**GREATEST NFI NEEDS**

- Lighting
- Plastic sheets
- Blankets
- Floor mats
- Kitchen sets
- Cash for rent
- Cash for shelter material
- Shelter construction training
- Support constructing shelters
- Support repairing shelters
- Shelter materials
- Cooking items
- Clothing
- Fuel
- No needs

**MOST COMMONLY REPORTED SAFETY / SECURITY CONCERN:**

**UNSTABLE STRUCTURE**

**PLACES WHERE SAFETY INCIDENTS WERE REPORTED**

**Children**

- Waterpoints
- Transportation
- Market
- Firewood collection point
- Distribution site
- Bathing washing facility

**Female**

- Waterpoints
- Transportation
- Market
- Firewood collection point
- Distribution site
- Bathing washing facility

**Male**

- Waterpoints
- Transportation
- Market
- Firewood collection point
- Distribution site
- Bathing washing facility
WASH

NUMBER OF LOCATIONS REPORTING

- Treating water
- Sufficient water storage
- Sufficient household water
- Sufficient drinking water
- Latrine access
- Bathing facility access

ISSUES PREVENTING LATRINE ACCESS

- Unclean
- Too far
- Prefer to defecate outdoors
- Not safe/private
- Not enough
- No water
- No sex separation
- Latrines are full
- Insufficient lighting
- Difficult access

Latrines are not sex-separated in 55% of locations
Latrines do not have locks in 4% of locations
WASH facilities do not have adequate lighting in 22% of locations
Most of the community areas are unclean in 64% of locations

PRIMARY DRINKING WATER SOURCE

- No water source
- Non-improved
- Improved

PRIMARY WATER SOURCE FOR HOUSEHOLD USE

- No water source
- Non-improved
- Improved

EDUCATION

ACCESS

- Formal
- Non-formal

BARRIERS

- Social norms
- Safety/security risk
- Need to work
- No programme/teachers/books
- Too far/no transport

Girls
- No access
- Over 30 minutes walk
- Under 30 minutes walk

Boys
- No access
- Over 30 minutes walk
- Under 30 minutes walk

Girls
- Barriers exist
- No barriers reported

Boys
- Barriers exist
- No barriers reported

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
**FOOD, NUTRITION & LIVELIHOOD**

**MAIN INCOME SOURCE**
- Zakat
- Unskilled wage labour
- Small business
- Skilled profession or technical
- Sell assets from Myanmar
- Savings
- Sale of humanitarian assistance
- Remittances
- Petty trade or street vendor
- No income
- Irregular daily labour
- Fishing
- Firewood collection
- Begging
- Basic needs assistance
- Agriculture labour
- Agricultural production sales

**MAIN FOOD SOURCE**
- Own production
- Hunting or Fishing
- Host Community
- Foraging
- Distribution assistance
- Credit purchase
- Cash purchase
- Borrowing
- Begging
- Barter and exchange

**AVAILABILITY OF NUTRITIONAL SUPPLEMENTS**
- Nutritional supplement for pregnant and lactating women
- Nutritional supplement for children

**TOP FUEL SOURCE**
- SELF-COLLECTED FIREWOOD

**HEALTH**

**NEAREST HEALTH FACILITY**
- NA
- Under 30 min away
- Over 30 min away
- No access

**WHAT PEOPLE DO IF THEY GET SICK**
- Nothing
- Go to the Kabiraz
- Go to local village doctor
- Go to local health facility
- Buy medicine from local pharmacy

**Locations where people have trouble accessing**
- Antenatal healthcare: 41%
- Psychosocial support: 64%
- Disability rehabilitation: 46%
- Vaccinations: 10%
- Mobile health clinics: 36%
- Distress or mental health issues: 74%

**Locations where people do not have access to the School Feeding Programme: 92%**

**Locations where lack of cooking utensils limits food intake: 82%**

**Locations where people lack cooking fuel: 94%**

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
COMMUNICATION WITH COMMUNITIES

PREFERRED METHODS TO RECEIVE INFORMATION FROM AID ORGANIZATIONS

- Army
- Word of mouth
- Tea stall sessions
- Community meetings
- Microphone announcement
- Community radio
- NGO staff
- Community / religious leader
- Phone / SMS
- Majhee

WHERE PEOPLE REPORT INCIDENTS

- Religious leader
- The majhee
- Local NGO
- INGO / UN
- Family, friends or neighbours

MOST-NEEDED INFORMATION TOPICS

- Weather
- Security updates
- Sanitation and hygiene
- Replacing personal documentation
- Relocation info
- Preventing attack or harassment
- How to get transport
- How to get cooking fuel
- How to access services
- Help after attack or harassment
- Health and nutrition
- Getting financial support
- General news
- Food prices
- Finding work
- Finding missing people
- Family planning
- Communication with other places

Number of Locations

NPM SA 9 - For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int


**SEVERITY OF NEEDS**

- Vocational training
- Transport
- Safety and security
- Psychosocial support
- Job opportunities
- Improve WASH facilities
- Improve shelter quality
- Improve drinking water
- Hygiene items
- Health facilities
- Food
- Education
- Cooking utensils
- Cooking fuel
- Clothing and footwear
- Cash
- Access to registration/documentation

**MOST SEVERE NEEDS REPORTED IN THESE LOCATIONS**

- WASH facilities
- Vocational training
- Transport
- Shelter
- Safety and security
- Psychosocial support
- Job opportunities
- Hygiene items
- Health facilities
- Food
- Education for children
- Drinking water
- Cooking utensils
- Cooking fuel and firewood
- Clothing and footwear
- Cash
- Access to registration and documentation

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WASH

NUMBER OF LOCATIONS REPORTING

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Water Source</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Treating water</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sufficient water storage</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sufficient household water</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sufficient drinking water</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Latrine access</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bathing facility access</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Latrines are not sex-separated in 57% of locations.
Latrines do not have locks in 11% of locations.
WASH facilities do not have adequate lighting in 30% of locations.
Most of the community areas are unclean in 60% of locations.

EDUCATION

ACCESS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Formal</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-formal</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

BARRIERS

Girls
- No access
- Over 30 minutes walk
- Under 30 minutes walk
- Barriers exist
- No barriers reported

Boys
- Social norms
- Need to work
- Safety/security risk
- No programme/teachers/books
- Too far/no transport

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
**FOOD, NUTRITION & LIVELIHOOD**

**MAIN INCOME SOURCE**

- Zakat
- Unskilled wage labour
- Small business
- Skilled profession or technical
- Sell assets from Myanmar
- Savings
- Sale of humanitarian assistance
- Remittances
- Petty trade or street vendor
- No income
- Irregular daily labour
- Fishing
- Firewood collection
- Begging
- Basic needs assistance
- Agriculture labour
- Agricultural production sales

**Availability of Nutritional Supplements**

- Nutritional supplement for pregnant and lactating women
- Nutritional supplement for children

**MAIN FOOD SOURCE**

- Own production
- Hunting or Fishing
- Host Community
- Foraging
- Distribution assistance
- Credit purchase
- Cash purchase
- Borrowing
- Begging
- Barter and exchange

**NEAREST HEALTH FACILITY**

- Under 30 min away
- Over 30 min away
- No access

**WHAT PEOPLE DO IF THEY GET SICK**

- Nothing
- Go to the Kabiraz
- Go to local village doctor
- Go to local health facility
- Buy medicine from local pharmacy

**HEALTH**

- Locations where people have trouble accessing antenatal healthcare
- Locations where people have trouble accessing psychosocial support
- Locations where people can access mobile health clinics

- Locations where people have trouble accessing disability rehabilitation
- Locations where people have trouble accessing vaccinations
- Locations where people in distress or with mental health issues can access assistance
COMMUNICATION WITH COMMUNITIES

PREFERRED METHODS TO RECEIVE INFORMATION FROM AID ORGANIZATIONS

- Army
- Word of mouth
- Volunteer/staff visits
- Tea stall sessions
- Community meetings
- Printed flyers
- Microphone announcement
- NGO staff
- Community / religious leader
- Phone / SMS
- Majhee

WHERE PEOPLE REPORT INCIDENTS

- Religious leader
- The majhee
- Local NGO
- INGO / UN
- Family, friends or neighbours

MOST-NEEDED INFORMATION TOPICS

- Weather
- Security updates
- Sanitation and hygiene
- Replacing personal documentation
- Relocation info
- Preventing attack or harassment
- How to get transport
- How to get cooking fuel
- How to access services
- Help after attack or harassment
- Health and nutrition
- Getting financial support
- General news
- Food prices
- Finding work
- Finding missing people
- Family planning
- Communication with other places

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
SEVERITY OF NEEDS

MOST SEVERE NEEDS REPORTED IN THESE LOCATIONS

- WASH facilities
- Vocational training
- Transport
- Shelter
- Safety and security
- Psychosocial support
- Job opportunities
- Hygiene items
- Health facilities
- Food
- Education for children
- Drinking water
- Cooking utensils
- Cooking fuel and firewood
- Clothing and footwear
- Cash
- Access to registration and documentation

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**LOCATIONS**

- **54**

**HOUSEHOLDS**

- **10,000**

**INDIVIDUALS**

- **42,900**

**GREATEST NFI NEEDS**

- Lighting
- Plastic sheets
- Blankets
- Floor mats
- Kitchen sets
- Cash for rent
- Cash for shelter material
- Shelter construction training
- Support constructing shelters
- Support repairing shelters
- Shelter materials
- Cooking items
- Clothing
- Fuel
- No needs

**SITE MANAGEMENT**

**MOST COMMONLY REPORTED SAFETY / SECURITY CONCERN:**

**UNSTABLE STRUCTURE**

**PLACES WHERE SAFETY INCIDENTS WERE REPORTED**

- Waterpoints
- Transportation
- Market
- Firewood collection point
- Distribution site
- Bathing washing facility

**Number of Locations**

- Children
- Female
- Male
WASH

NUMBER OF LOCATIONS REPORTING

Treating water
Sufficient water storage
Sufficient household water
Sufficient drinking water
Latrine access
Bathing facility access

WASH facilities do not have adequate lighting in 11% of locations

56% of locations have latrines not sex-separated

24% of locations do not have locks in latrines

Latrines are not clean in 74% of locations

EDUCATION

ACCESS

Boys
Girls

BARRIERS

Boys
Girls

Social norms
Need to work
No programme/ teachers/books
Too far/no transport

No barriers reported
Barriers exist
Over 30 minutes walk
Under 30 minutes walk
No access

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
FOOD, NUTRITION & LIVELIHOOD

MAIN FOOD SOURCE

- Own production
- Hunting or Fishing
- Host Community
- Foraging
- Distribution assistance
- Credit purchase
- Cash purchase
- Borrowing
- Begging
- Barter and exchange

Availabilty of Nutritional Supplements

- Nutritional supplement for pregnant and lactating women
- Nutritional supplement for children

MAIN INCOME SOURCE

- Zakat
- Unskilled wage labour
- Small business
- Skilled profession or technical
- Sell assets from Myanmar
- Savings
- Sale of humanitarian assistance
- Remittances
- Petty trade or street vendor
- No income
- Irregular daily labour
- Fishing
- Firewood collection
- Begging
- Basic needs assistance
- Agriculture labour
- Agricultural production sales

Number of Locations

HEALTH

NEAREST HEALTH FACILITY

- Under 30 min away
- Over 30 min away
- No access

WHAT PEOPLE DO IF THEY GET SICK

- Nothing
- Go to the Kabiraz
- Go to local village doctor
- Go to local health facility
- Buy medicine from local pharmacy

Number of Locations

Locations where people have trouble accessing antenatal healthcare

- 9%

Locations where people have trouble accessing psychosocial support

- 35%

Locations where people can access mobile health clinics

- 56%

Locations where people have trouble accessing disability rehabilitation

- 39%

Locations where people have trouble accessing vaccinations

- 0%

Locations where people in distress or with mental health issues can access assistance

- 35%
COMMUNICATION WITH COMMUNITIES

PREFERRED METHODS TO RECEIVE INFORMATION FROM AID ORGANIZATIONS

- Army
- Word of mouth
- Volunteer/staff visits
- Community meetings
- Microphone announcement
- NGO staff
- Phone / SMS
- Info desk
- Majhee

WHERE PEOPLE REPORT INCIDENTS

- The majhee
- Local NGO
- INGO / UN
- Healthcare point

MOST-NEEDED INFORMATION TOPICS

- Weather
- Security updates
- Sanitation and hygiene
- Replacing personal documentation
- Relocation info
- Preventing attack or harassment
- How to get transport
- How to get cooking fuel
- How to access services
- Help after attack or harassment
- Health and nutrition
- Getting financial support
- General news
- Food prices
- Finding work
- Finding missing people
- Family planning
- Communication with other places

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
### SEVERITY OF NEEDS

#### MOST SEVERE NEEDS REPORTED IN THESE LOCATIONS

- WASH facilities
- Vocational training
- Transport
- Shelter
- Safety and security
- Psychosocial support
- Job opportunities
- Hygiene items
- Health facilities
- Food
- Education for children
- Drinking water
- Cooking utensils
- Cooking fuel and firewood
- Clothing and footwear
- Cash
- Access to registration and documentation

#### Number of Locations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Need</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Extremely severe</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Very severe</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moderately severe</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Somewhat severe</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not severe</td>
<td></td>
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LOCATIONS: 43
HOUSEHOLDS: 7400
INDIVIDUALS: 31300

Dates of assessment: March 07 - March 08, 2018

NPM SA 9 - For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
**WASH**

**NUMBER OF LOCATIONS REPORTING**

- Treating water
- Sufficient water storage
- Sufficient household water
- Sufficient drinking water
- Latrine access
- Bathing facility access

![Bar chart](chart1.png)

**ISSUES PREVENTING LATRINE ACCESS**

- Unclean
- Too far
- Prefer to defecate outdoors
- Not safe/private
- Not enough
- No water
- No sex separation
- Latrines are full
- Insufficient lighting
- Difficult access

![Bar chart](chart2.png)

- Latrines are not sex-separated in 77% of locations
- Latrines do not have locks in 0% of locations

**PRIMARY DRINKING WATER SOURCE**

- No water source
- Non-improved
- Improved

![Bar chart](chart3.png)

**PRIMARY WATER SOURCE FOR HOUSEHOLD USE**

- No water source
- Non-improved
- Improved

![Bar chart](chart4.png)

WASH facilities do not have adequate lighting in 37% of locations

Most of the community areas are unclean in 56% of locations

**EDUCATION**

**ACCESS**

- Formal
- Non-formal

![Bar chart](chart5.png)

**BARRIERS**

- No access
- Over 30 minutes walk
- Under 30 minutes walk
- Barriers exist
- No barriers reported
- Social norms
- Safety/security risk
- Need to work
- No programme/teachers/books
- Too far/no transport

![Bar chart](chart6.png)
FOOD, NUTRITION & LIVELIHOOD

MAIN INCOME SOURCE

- Zakat
- Unskilled wage labour
- Small business
- Skilled profession or technical
- Sell assets from Myanmar
- Savings
- Sale of humanitarian assistance
- Remittances
- Petty trade or street vendor
- No income
- Irregular daily labour
- Fishing
- Firewood collection
- Begging
- Basic needs assistance
- Agriculture labour
- Agricultural production sales

Number of Locations

MAIN FOOD SOURCE

- Own production
- Hunting or Fishing
- Host Community
- Foraging
- Distribution assistance
- Credit purchase
- Cash purchase
- Borrowing
- Begging
- Barter and exchange

Number of Locations

AVAILABILITY OF NUTRITIONAL SUPPLEMENTS

Nutritional supplement for pregnant and lactating women
- Supplements available
- Supplements available with problems
- Not available

Number of Locations

NEAREST HEALTH FACILITY

- Under 30 min away
- Over 30 min away
- No access

Number of Locations

WHAT PEOPLE DO IF THEY GET SICK

- Nothing
- Go to the Kabiraz
- Go to local village doctor
- Go to local health facility
- Buy medicine from local pharmacy

Number of Locations

Locations where people have trouble accessing antenatal healthcare 12%
Locations where people have trouble accessing psychosocial support 86%
Locations where people can access mobile health clinics 53%
Locations where people have trouble accessing disability rehabilitation 77%
Locations where people have trouble accessing vaccinations 16%
Locations where people in distress or with mental health issues can access assistance 84%
COMMUNICATION WITH COMMUNITIES

PREFERRED METHODS TO RECEIVE INFORMATION FROM AID ORGANIZATIONS

- Army
- Word of mouth
- Volunteer/staff visits
- Focus group
- Community meetings
- Microphone announcement
- Community radio
- SW/FM radio
- NGO staff
- Phone / SMS
- Majhee

WHERE PEOPLE REPORT INCIDENTS

- The majhee
- Local NGO
- Local government
- INGO / UN
- Healthcare point
- Family, friends or neighbours

MOST-NEEDED INFORMATION TOPICS

- Weather
- Security updates
- Sanitation and hygiene
- Replacing personal documentation
- Relocation info
- Preventing attack or harassment
- How to get transport
- How to get cooking fuel
- How to access services
- Help after attack or harassment
- Health and nutrition
- Getting financial support
- General news
- Food prices
- Finding work
- Finding missing people
- Family planning
- Communication with other places

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SEVERITY OF NEEDS

MOST SEVERE NEEDS REPORTED IN THESE LOCATIONS

- WASH facilities
- Vocational training
- Transport
- Shelter
- Safety and security
- Psychosocial support
- Job opportunities
- Hygiene items
- Health facilities
- Food
- Education for children
- Drinking water
- Cooking utensils
- Cooking fuel and firewood
- Clothing and footwear
- Cash
- Access to registration and documentation

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
This map is for illustration purposes only. Names and boundaries on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by IOM.
WASH

NUMBER OF LOCATIONS REPORTING

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Water Source</th>
<th>Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Treating water</td>
<td>70%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sufficient water storage</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sufficient household water</td>
<td>24%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sufficient drinking water</td>
<td>81%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Latrine access</td>
<td>70%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bathing facility access</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ISSUES PREVENTING LATRINE ACCESS

- Unclean
- Too far
- Prefer to defecate outdoors
- Not safe/private
- Not enough
- No water
- No sex separation
- Latrines are full
- Insufficient lighting
- Difficult access

- Latrines are not sex-separated in 70% of locations
- Latrines do not have locks in 1% of locations
- WASH facilities do not have adequate lighting in 24% of locations
- Most of the community areas are unclean in 81% of locations

PRIMARY DRINKING WATER SOURCE

- No water source: Improved
- Non-improved
- Improved

PRIMARY WATER SOURCE FOR HOUSEHOLD USE

- No water source: Improved
- Non-improved
- Improved

EDUCATION

ACCESS

- Formal
- Non-formal

BARRIERS

- No barriers reported
- Barriers exist
- Too far/no transport
- Social norms
- Need to work
- Safety/security risk
- No programme/teachers/books

Number of Locations

- Girls
- Boys

- No access
- Under 30 minutes walk
- Over 30 minutes walk

NPM SA 9 - For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
FOOD, NUTRITION & LIVELIHOOD

MAJOR FOOD SOURCE
- Zakat
- Unskilled wage labour
- Small business
- Skilled profession or technical
- Sell assets from Myanmar
- Savings
- Sale of humanitarian assistance
- Remittances
- Petty trade or street vendor
- No income
- Irregular daily labour
- Fishing
- Firewood collection
- Begging
- Basic needs assistance
- Agriculture labour
- Agricultural production sales

MAJOR INCOME SOURCE

MAIN Food Source
- Own production
- Hunting or Fishing
- Host Community
- Foraging
- Distribution assistance
- Credit purchase
- Cash purchase
- Borrowing
- Begging
- Barter and exchange

Number of Locations

AVAILABILITY OF NUTRITIONAL SUPPLEMENTS

Individuals eating only once a day
- 3%

Availability of Nutritional Supplment:
- For pregnant and lactating women
- Supplements available
- Supplements available with problems
- Not available

Number of Locations

HEALTH

NEAREST HEALTH FACILITY

- Under 30 min away
- Over 30 min away
- No access

WHAT PEOPLE DO IF THEY GET SICK

Locations where people have trouble accessing antenatal healthcare
- 20%

Locations where people have trouble accessing psychosocial support
- 61%

Locations where people can access mobile health clinics
- 38%

Locations where people have trouble accessing disability rehabilitation
- 58%

Locations where people have trouble accessing vaccinations
- 1%

Locations where people in distress or with mental health issues can access assistance
- 60%

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int

CAMP 15

SA 9

PAGE 3 OF 5

NPM
COMMUNICATION WITH COMMUNITIES

PREFERRED METHODS TO RECEIVE INFORMATION FROM AID ORGANIZATIONS

- Army
- Word of mouth
- Volunteer/staff visits
- Focus group
- Cleaning campaign
- Tea stall sessions
- Community meetings
- Microphone announcement
- Community radio
- NGO staff
- Community / religious leader
- Phone / SMS
- Majhee

WHERE PEOPLE REPORT INCIDENTS

- Religious leader
- The majhee
- Local NGO
- Local government
- INGO / UN
- Healthcare point
- Family, friends or neighbours

MOST-NEEDED INFORMATION TOPICS

- Weather
- Security updates
- Sanitation and hygiene
- Replacing personal documentation
- Relocation info
- Preventing attack or harassment
- How to get transport
- How to get cooking fuel
- How to access services
- Help after attack or harassment
- Health and nutrition
- Getting financial support
- General news
- Food prices
- Finding work
- Finding missing people
- Family planning
- Communication with other places
IOM Bangladesh Needs and Population Monitoring (NPM) regularly and systematically captures and disseminates information regarding the movements and evolving needs of populations on the move, whether on site or en route. NPM’s site assessment rounds capture the numbers, locations and key sectoral needs of Rohingya refugees in the areas affected by the influx since 25 August 2017. Data are collected through key informant interviews and direct observation. The unit of data collection depends on the context. In collective sites, the unit is a ‘block,’ defined as an area of responsibility of one majhee, a community leader. In dispersed sites, the geographical unit of reference is the village. These units are collectively referred to as ‘locations’ in this Site Profile. The data are aggregated and reported at the camp level in collective sites.

LOCATIONS  HOUSEHOLDS  INDIVIDUALS

47  4900  22100

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This map is for illustration purposes only. Names and boundaries on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by IOM.
Latrines are not sex-separated in 51% of locations.

Latrines do not have locks in 2% of locations.

WASH facilities do not have adequate lighting in 26% of locations.

Most of the community areas are unclean in 83% of locations.

Most of the community areas are unclean in 83% of locations.
**FOOD, NUTRITION & LIVELIHOOD**

**MAIN INCOME SOURCE**

- Zakat
- Unskilled wage labour
- Small business
- Skilled profession or technical
- Sell assets from Myanmar
- Savings
- Sale of humanitarian assistance
- Remittances
- Petty trade or street vendor
- No income
- Irregular daily labour
- Fishing
- Firewood collection
- Begging
- Basic needs assistance
- Agriculture labour
- Agricultural production sales

**AVAILABILITY OF NUTRITIONAL SUPPLEMENTS**

- Nutritional supplement for pregnant and lactating women
- Nutritional supplement for children

**MAIN FOOD SOURCE**

- Own production
- Hunting or Fishing
- Host Community
- Foraging
- Distribution assistance
- Credit purchase
- Cash purchase
- Borrowing
- Begging
- Barter and exchange

**TOP FUEL SOURCE**

- Self-collected firewood

**HEALTH**

**NEAREST HEALTH FACILITY**

- Under 30 min away
- Over 30 min away
- No access

**WHAT PEOPLE DO IF THEY GET SICK**

- Nothing
- Go to the Kabiraz
- Go to local village doctor
- Go to local health facility
- Buy medicine from local pharmacy

Locations where people have trouble accessing antenatal healthcare: 15%

Locations where people have trouble accessing psychosocial support: 81%

Locations where people can access mobile health clinics: 72%

Locations where people in distress or with mental health issues can access assistance: 74%
COMMUNICATION WITH COMMUNITIES

**PREFERRED METHODS TO RECEIVE INFORMATION FROM AID ORGANIZATIONS**

- Army: 10
- Word of mouth: 5
- Volunteer/staff visits: 15
- Focus group: 5
- Community meetings: 25
- NGO staff: 10
- Majhee: 40

**WHERE PEOPLE REPORT INCIDENTS**

- The majhee: 40
- Local NGO: 10
- Local government: 5
- INGO / UN: 20

**MOST-NEEDED INFORMATION TOPICS**

- Weather
- Security updates
- Sanitation and hygiene
- Replacing personal documentation
- Relocation info
- Preventing attack or harassment
- How to get transport
- How to get cooking fuel
- How to access services
- Help after attack or harassment
- Health and nutrition
- Getting financial support
- General news
- Food prices
- Finding work
- Finding missing people
- Family planning
- Communication with other places

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
SEVERITY OF NEEDS

MOST SEVERE NEEDS REPORTED IN THESE LOCATIONS

- WASH facilities
- Vocational training
- Transport
- Shelter
- Safety and security
- Psychosocial support
- Job opportunities
- Hygiene items
- Health facilities
- Food
- Education for children
- Drinking water
- Cooking utensils
- Cooking fuel and firewood
- Clothing and footwear
- Cash
- Access to registration and documentation
IOM Bangladesh Needs and Population Monitoring (NPM) regularly and systematically captures and disseminates information regarding the movements and evolving needs of populations on the move, whether on site or en route. NPM’s site assessment rounds capture the numbers, locations and key sectoral needs of Rohingya refugees in the areas affected by the influx since 25 August 2017. Data are collected through key informant interviews and direct observation. The unit of data collection depends on the context. In collective sites, the unit is a ‘block,’ defined as an area of responsibility of one majhee, a community leader. In dispersed sites, the geographical unit of reference is the village. These units are collectively referred to as ‘locations’ in this Site Profile. The data are aggregated and reported at the camp level in collective sites.

GREATEST NFI NEEDS

- Lighting
- Plastic sheets
- Blankets
- Floor mats
- Kitchen sets
- Cash for rent
- Cash for shelter material
- Shelter construction training
- Support constructing shelters
- Support repairing shelters
- Shelter materials
- Cooking items
- Clothing
- Fuel
- No needs

Number of Locations

LOCATIONS | HOUSEHOLDS | INDIVIDUALS
--- | --- | ---
26 | 2800 | 11800

PLACES WHERE SAFETY INCIDENTS WERE REPORTED

- Waterpoints
- Transportation
- Market
- Firewood collection point
- Distribution site
- Bathing washing facility

Male
Female
Children
WASH

NUMBER OF LOCATIONS REPORTING

- Treating water
- Sufficient water storage
- Sufficient household water
- Sufficient drinking water
- Latrine access
- Bathing facility access

Number of Locations

(PRIMARY DRINKING WATER SOURCE)

No water source
Non-improved
Improved

(PRIMARY WATER SOURCE FOR HOUSEHOLD USE)

No water source
Non-improved
Improved

ISSUES PREVENTING LATRINE ACCESS

Unclean
Too far
Prefer to defecate outdoors
Not safe/private
Not enough
No water
No sex separation
Latrines are full
Insufficient lighting
Difficult access

Latrines are not sex-separated in 58% of locations
Latrines do not have locks in 8% of locations
WASH facilities do not have adequate lighting in 35% of locations
Most of the community areas are unclean in 58% of locations

EDUCATION

ACCESS

Number of Locations

- Formal
- Non-formal

BARRIERS

Number of Locations

- Barriers exist
- No barriers reported

Number of Locations

- Social norms
- Need to work
- Safety/security risk
- No programme/teachers/books
- Too far/no transport

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
FOOD, NUTRITION & LIVELIHOOD

MAIN INCOME SOURCE

- Zakat
- Unskilled wage labour
- Small business
- Skilled profession or technical
- Sell assets from Myanmar
- Savings
- Sale of humanitarian assistance
- Remittances
- Petty trade or street vendor
- No income
- Irregular daily labour
- Fishing
- Firewood collection
- Begging
- Basic needs assistance
- Agriculture labour
- Agricultural production sales

AVAILABILITY OF NUTRITIONAL SUPPLEMENTS

- Nutritional supplement for pregnant and lactating women
- Nutritional supplement for children

MAIN FOOD SOURCE

- Own production
- Hunting or Fishing
- Host Community
- Foraging
- Distribution assistance
- Credit purchase
- Cash purchase
- Borrowing
- Begging
- Barter and exchange

Number of Locations

NEAREST HEALTH FACILITY

- Under 30 min away
- Over 30 min away
- No access

WHAT PEOPLE DO IF THEY GET SICK

- Nothing
- Go to the Kabiraz
- Go to local village doctor
- Go to local health facility
- Buy medicine from local pharmacy

Number of Locations

Locations where people have trouble accessing antenatal healthcare: 42%

Locations where people have trouble accessing psychosocial support: 58%

Locations where people can access mobile health clinics: 15%

Locations where people have trouble accessing disability rehabilitation: 58%

Locations where people have trouble accessing vaccinations: 15%

Locations where people in distress or with mental health issues can access assistance: 54%

SELF-COLLECTED FIREWOOD

TOP FUEL SOURCE

- Self-collected firewood

Locations where children do not have access to the School Feeding Programme: 92%

Locations where lack of cooking utensils limits food intake: 69%

Locations where people lack cooking fuel: 88%

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
COMMUNICATION WITH COMMUNITIES

PREFERRED METHODS TO RECEIVE INFORMATION FROM AID ORGANIZATIONS

WHERE PEOPLE REPORT INCIDENTS

MOST-NEEDED INFORMATION TOPICS

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
SEVERITY OF NEEDS

MOST SEVERE NEEDS REPORTED IN THESE LOCATIONS

WASH facilities
Vocational training
Transport
Shelter
Safety and security
Psychosocial support
Job opportunities
Hygiene items
Health facilities
Food
Education
Drinking water
Cooking utensils
Cooking fuel
Clothing and footwear
Cash
Access to registration and documentation

Number of Locations

0 5 10 15 20 25

Extremely severe Very severe Moderately severe Somewhat severe Not severe
IOM Bangladesh Needs and Population Monitoring (NPM) regularly and systematically captures and disseminates information regarding the movements and evolving needs of populations on the move, whether on site or en route. NPM’s site assessment rounds capture the numbers, locations and key sectoral needs of Rohingya refugees in the areas affected by the influx since 25 August 2017. Data are collected through key informant interviews and direct observation. The unit of data collection depends on the context. In collective sites, the unit is a ‘block,’ defined as an area of responsibility of one majhee, a community leader. In dispersed sites, the geographical unit of reference is the village. These units are collectively referred to as ‘locations’ in this Site Profile. The data are aggregated and reported at the camp level in collective sites.

**SHELTER & NFI**

**GREATEST NFI NEEDS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Need</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lighting</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plastic sheets</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blankets</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Floor mats</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash for rent</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash for shelter material</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shelter construction training</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Support constructing shelters</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Support repairing shelters</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shelter materials</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cooking items</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clothing</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuel</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No needs</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SITE MANAGEMENT**

**MOST COMMONLY REPORTED SAFETY / SECURITY CONCERN:**

**UNSTABLE STRUCTURE**

**PLACES WHERE SAFETY INCIDENTS WERE REPORTED**

- **Children**:
  - Waterpoints (30)
  - Transportation (20)
  - Market (15)
  - Firewood collection point (10)
  - Distribution site (5)
  - Bathing washing facility (5)

- **Female**:
  - Waterpoints (40)
  - Transportation (30)
  - Market (20)
  - Firewood collection point (15)
  - Distribution site (10)
  - Bathing washing facility (10)

- **Male**:
  - Waterpoints (35)
  - Transportation (25)
  - Market (20)
  - Firewood collection point (15)
  - Distribution site (10)
  - Bathing washing facility (10)
WASH

NUMBER OF LOCATIONS REPORTING

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Primary Drinking Water Source</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No water source</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-improved</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Improved</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Primary Water Source for Household Use</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No water source</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-improved</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Improved</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ISSUES PREVENTING LATRINE ACCESS

- Unclean
- Too far
- Prefer to defecate outdoors
- Not safe/private
- Not enough
- No water
- No sex separation
- Latrines are full
- Insufficient lighting
- Difficult access

- Latrines are not sex-separated in 70% of locations
- Latrines do not have locks in 44% of locations
- WASH facilities do not have adequate lighting in 5% of locations
- Most of the community areas are unclean in 68% of locations

EDUCATION

ACCESS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Formal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-formal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

BARRIERS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Girls</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boys</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- No access
- Over 30 minutes walk
- Under 30 minutes walk
- Barriers exist
- No barriers reported
- Social norms
- Need to work
- Safety/security risk
- No programme/teachers/books
- Too far/no transport

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
FOOD, NUTRITION & LIVELIHOOD

MAIN INCOME SOURCE

- Zakat
- Unskilled wage labour
- Small business
- Skilled profession or technical
- Sell assets from Myanmar
- Savings
- Sale of humanitarian assistance
- Remittances
- Petty trade or street vendor
- No income
- Irregular daily labour
- Fishing
- Firewood collection
- Begging
- Basic needs assistance
- Agriculture labour
- Agricultural production sales

Number of Locations

AVAILABILITY OF NUTRITIONAL SUPPLEMENTS

- Nutritional supplement for pregnant and lactating women
- Nutritional supplement for children

Supplements available
Supplements available with problems
Not available

Number of Locations

MAIN FOOD SOURCE

- Own production
- Hunting or Fishing
- Host Community
- Foraging
- Distribution assistance
- Credit purchase
- Cash purchase
- Borrowing
- Begging
- Barter and exchange

Number of Locations

Individuals eating only once a day
1%

Food, Nutrition & Livelihood

TOP FUEL SOURCE

SELF-COLLECTED FIREWOOD

HEALTH

NEAREST HEALTH FACILITY

Under 30 min away
Over 30 min away
No access

Number of Locations

WHAT PEOPLE DO IF THEY GET SICK

- Nothing
- Go to the Kabiraz
- Go to local village doctor
- Go to local health facility
- Buy medicine from local pharmacy

Number of Locations

Locations where people have trouble accessing antenatal healthcare
17%

Locations where people have trouble accessing psychosocial support
41%

Locations where people can access mobile health clinics
40%

Locations where people have trouble accessing disability rehabilitation
43%

Locations where people have trouble accessing vaccinations
2%

Locations where people in distress or with mental health issues can access assistance
41%

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
COMMUNICATION WITH COMMUNITIES

PREFERRED METHODS TO RECEIVE INFORMATION FROM AID ORGANIZATIONS

- Army
- Volunteer/staff visits
- Community meetings
- Microphone announcement
- NGO staff
- Phone / SMS
- Info desk
- Majhee

WHERE PEOPLE REPORT INCIDENTS

- Religious leader
- The majhee
- Local NGO
- INGO / UN
- Healthcare point
- Family, friends or neighbours

MOST-NEEDED INFORMATION TOPICS

- Weather
- Security updates
- Sanitation and hygiene
- Replacing personal documentation
- Relocation info
- Preventing attack or harassment
- How to get transport
- How to get cooking fuel
- How to access services
- Help after attack or harassment
- Health and nutrition
- Getting financial support
- General news
- Food prices
- Finding work
- Finding missing people
- Family planning
- Communication with other places
SEVERITY OF NEEDS

Vocational training
Transport
Safety and security
Psychosocial support
Job opportunities
Improve WASH facilities
Improve shelter quality
Improve drinking water
Hygiene items
Health facilities
Food
Education
Cooking utensils
Cooking fuel
Clothing and footwear
Cash
Access to registration/documentation

Number of Locations

Extremely severe
Very severe
Moderately severe
Somewhat severe
Not severe

MOST SEVERE NEEDS REPORTED IN THESE LOCATIONS

WASH facilities
Vocational training
Transport
Shelter
Safety and security
Psychosocial support
Job opportunities
Hygiene items
Health facilities
Food
Education for children
Drinking water
Cooking utensils
Cooking fuel and firewood
Clothing and footwear
Cash
Access to registration and documentation

Number of Locations
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LOCATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Locations</th>
<th>Households</th>
<th>Individuals</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>5300</td>
<td>22100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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Dates of assessment: March 14 - March 25, 2018

Most commonly reported safety/security concern: Unstable Structure

Places where safety incidents were reported:

- Waterpoints
- Transportation
- Market
- Firewood collection point
- Distribution site
- Bathing washing facility

Male:

- Waterpoints
- Transportation
- Market
- Firewood collection point
- Distribution site
- Bathing washing facility

Female:

- Waterpoints
- Transportation
- Market
- Firewood collection point
- Distribution site
- Bathing washing facility

Children:

- Waterpoints
- Transportation
- Market
- Firewood collection point
- Distribution site
- Bathing washing facility

Number of Locations

0 5 10 15 20 25 30
Latrines are not sex-separated in 24% of locations.
Latrines do not have locks in 10% of locations.
WASH facilities do not have adequate lighting in 10% of locations.
Most of the community areas are unclean in 100% of locations.
FOOD, NUTRITION & LIVELIHOOD

MAIN INCOME SOURCE

- Zakat
- Unskilled wage labour
- Small business
- Skilled profession or technical
- Sell assets from Myanmar
- Savings
- Sale of humanitarian assistance
- Remittances
- Petty trade or street vendor
- No income
- Irregular daily labour
- Fishing
- Firewood collection
- Begging
- Basic needs assistance
- Agriculture labour
- Agricultural production sales

Number of Locations

AVAILABILITY OF NUTRITIONAL SUPPLEMENTS

- Nutritional supplement for pregnant and lactating women
- Nutritional supplement for children

Number of Locations

MAIN FOOD SOURCE

- Own production
- Hunting or Fishing
- Host Community
- Foraging
- Distribution assistance
- Credit purchase
- Cash purchase
- Borrowing
- Begging
- Barter and exchange

Number of Locations

Individuals eating only once a day

- 0%

FOOD, NUTRITION & LIVELIHOOD

MAIN FOOD SOURCE

- Own production
- Hunting or Fishing
- Host Community
- Foraging
- Distribution assistance
- Credit purchase
- Cash purchase
- Borrowing
- Begging
- Barter and exchange

Number of Locations

Individuals eating only once a day

- 0%

NEAREST HEALTH FACILITY

- Under 30 min away
- Over 30 min away
- No access

Number of Locations

WHAT PEOPLE DO IF THEY GET SICK

- Nothing
- Go to the Kabiraz
- Go to local village doctor
- Go to local health facility
- Buy medicine from local pharmacy

Number of Locations

Locations where people can access mobile health clinics

- 79%

Locations where people have trouble accessing antenatal healthcare

- 10%

Locations where people have trouble accessing psychosocial support

- 31%

Locations where people have trouble accessing disability rehabilitation

- 24%

Locations where people lack cooking utensils limits food intake

- 14%

Locations where children do not have access to the School Feeding Programme

- 31%

Locations where lack of cooking fuel

- 86%

Locations where children do not have access to the School Feeding Programme

- 31%

Locations where lack of cooking utensils limits food intake

- 14%

Locations where people lack cooking fuel

- 86%

TOP FUEL SOURCE

- SELF-COLLECTED FIREWOOD

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
COMMUNICATION WITH COMMUNITIES

PREFERRED METHODS TO RECEIVE INFORMATION FROM AID ORGANIZATIONS

- Army
- Volunteer/staff visits
- Community meetings
- Phone / SMS
- Info desk
- Majhee

WHERE PEOPLE REPORT INCIDENTS

- The majhee
- Local NGO
- Local government
- INGO / UN
- Family, friends or neighbours

MOST-NEEDED INFORMATION TOPICS

- Weather
- Security updates
- Sanitation and hygiene
- Replacing personal documentation
- Relocation info
- Preventing attack or harassment
- How to get transport
- How to get cooking fuel
- How to access services
- Help after attack or harassment
- Health and nutrition
- Getting financial support
- General news
- Food prices
- Finding work
- Finding missing people
- Family planning
- Communication with other places

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
SEVERITY OF NEEDS

Most severe needs reported in these locations:

- WASH facilities
- Vocational training
- Transport
- Shelter
- Safety and security
- Psychosocial support
- Job opportunities
- Hygiene items
- Health facilities
- Food
- Education for children
- Drinking water
- Cooking utensils
- Cooking fuel and firewood
- Clothing and footwear
- Cash
- Access to registration and documentation

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**SHELTER & NFI**

**GREATEST NFI NEEDS**

- Lighting
- Plastic sheets
- Blankets
- Floor mats
- Kitchen sets
- Cash for rent
- Cash for shelter material
- Shelter construction training
- Support constructing shelters
- Support repairing shelters
- Shelter materials
- Cooking items
- Clothing
- Fuel
- No needs

**SITE MANAGEMENT**

**MOST COMMONLY REPORTED SAFETY / SECURITY CONCERN:**

**NO LIGHTING**

**PLACES WHERE SAFETY INCIDENTS WERE REPORTED**

- Waterpoints
- Transportation
- Market
- Firewood collection point
- Distribution site
- Bathing washing facility

---

This map is for illustration purposes only. Names and boundaries on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by IOM.
WASH

NUMBER OF LOCATIONS REPORTING

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Primary Drinking Water Source</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No water source</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-improved</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Improved</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Primary Water Source for Household Use</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No water source</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-improved</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Improved</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ISSUES PREVENTING LATRINE ACCESS

- Latrines are not sex-separated in 63% of locations
- Latrines do not have locks in 8% of locations
- WASH facilities do not have adequate lighting in 43% of locations
- Most of the community areas are unclean in 84% of locations

EDUCATION

ACCESS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Formal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Girls</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No barriers reported</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

BARRIERS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Girls</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social norms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Need to work</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Too far/no transport</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**FOOD, NUTRITION & LIVELIHOOD**

**MAIN FOOD SOURCE**

- Own production
- Hunting or Fishing
- Host Community
- Foraging
- Distribution assistance
- Credit purchase
- Cash purchase
- Borrowing
- Begging
- Barter and exchange

**Number of Locations**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fuel Source</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Purchased firewood</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wood collected</td>
<td>43%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cooking fuel</td>
<td>36%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lack of cooking fuel</td>
<td>50%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**MAIN INCOME SOURCE**

- Zakat
- Unskilled wage labour
- Small business
- Skilled profession or technical
- Sell assets from Myanmar
- Savings
- Sale of humanitarian assistance
- Remittances
- Petty trade or street vendor
- No income
- Irregular daily labour
- Fishing
- Firewood collection
- Begging
- Basic needs assistance
- Agriculture labour
- Agricultural production sales

**Number of Locations**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Individuals eating only once a day</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Locations where people eat from three or less food groups (e.g. fruits, vegetables, meat, cereal, dairy, etc.)</td>
<td>36%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Locations where children do not have access to the School Feeding Programme</td>
<td>43%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Locations where lack of cooking utensils limits food intake</td>
<td>36%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Locations where people lack cooking fuel</td>
<td>50%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**AVAILABILITY OF NUTRITIONAL SUPPLEMENTS**

- Nutritional supplement for pregnant and lactating women
- Nutritional supplement for children

**Number of Locations**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Availability of Nutritional Supplements</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Supplements available</td>
<td>75%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplements available with problems</td>
<td>50%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not available</td>
<td>25%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**WHAT PEOPLE DO IF THEY GET SICK**

- Nothing
- Go to the Kabiraz
- Go to local village doctor
- Go to local health facility
- Buy medicine from local pharmacy

**Number of Locations**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Action</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Locations where people have trouble accessing antenatal healthcare</td>
<td>33%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Locations where people have trouble accessing psychosocial support</td>
<td>66%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Locations where people in distress or with mental health issues can access assistance</td>
<td>78%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Locations where people can access mobile health clinics</td>
<td>12%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Locations where people have trouble accessing disability rehabilitation</td>
<td>52%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Locations where people have trouble accessing vaccinations</td>
<td>8%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**COMMUNICATION WITH COMMUNITIES**

**PREFERRED METHODS TO RECEIVE INFORMATION FROM AID ORGANIZATIONS**
- Army
- Word of mouth
- Volunteer/staff visits
- Community meetings
- NGO staff
- Phone / SMS
- Majhee

**WHERE PEOPLE REPORT INCIDENTS**
- Religious leader
- The majhee
- Local NGO
- Local government
- INGO / UN
- Family, friends or neighbours

**MOST-NEEDED INFORMATION TOPICS**
- Weather
- Security updates
- Sanitation and hygiene
- Replacing personal documentation
- Relocation info
- Preventing attack or harassment
- How to get transport
- How to get cooking fuel
- How to access services
- Help after attack or harassment
- Health and nutrition
- Getting financial support
- General news
- Food prices
- Finding work
- Finding missing people
- Family planning
- Communication with other places

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
SEVERITY OF NEEDS

MOST SEVERE NEEDS REPORTED IN THESE LOCATIONS

- WASH facilities
- Vocational training
- Transport
- Shelter
- Safety and security
- Psychosocial support
- Job opportunities
- Hygiene items
- Health facilities
- Food
- Education for children
- Drinking water
- Cooking utensils
- Cooking fuel and firewood
- Clothing and footwear
- Cash
- Access to registration and documentation

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**SHELTER & NFI**

**GREATEST NFI NEEDS**

- Lighting
- Plastic sheets
- Blankets
- Floor mats
- Kitchen sets
- Cash for rent
- Cash for shelter material
- Shelter construction training
- Support constructing shelters
- Support repairing shelters
- Shelter materials
- Cooking items
- Clothing
- Fuel
- No needs

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**SITE MANAGEMENT**

**MOST COMMONLY REPORTED SAFETY / SECURITY CONCERN:**

**NO LIGHTING**

**PLACES WHERE SAFETY INCIDENTS WERE REPORTED**

- Waterpoints
- Transportation
- Market
- Firewood collection point
- Distribution site
- Bathing washing facility

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
WASH

NUMBER OF LOCATIONS REPORTING

Latrines are not sex-separated in 57% of locations.

Latrines do not have locks in 1% of locations.

WASH facilities do not have adequate lighting in 32% of locations.

Most of the community areas are unclean in 77% of locations.

EDUCATION

ACCESS

BARRIERS

Girls

Boys

Girls

Boys
**FOOD, NUTRITION & LIVELIHOOD**

**MAIN INCOME SOURCE**

- Zakat
- Unskilled wage labour
- Small business
- Skilled profession or technical
- Sell assets from Myanmar
- Savings
- Sale of humanitarian assistance
- Remittances
- Petty trade or street vendor
- No income
- Irregular daily labour
- Fishing
- Firewood collection
- Begging
- Basic needs assistance
- Agriculture labour
- Agricultural production sales

**AVAILABILITY OF NUTRITIONAL SUPPLEMENTS**

- Nutritional supplement for pregnant and lactating women
- Nutritional supplement for children

**MAIN FOOD SOURCE**

- Own production
- Hunting or Fishing
- Host Community
- Foraging
- Distribution assistance
- Credit purchase
- Cash purchase
- Borrowing
- Begging
- Barter and exchange

**TOP FUEL SOURCE**

- Self-collected firewood

**HEALTH**

**NEAREST HEALTH FACILITY**

- Under 30 min away
- Over 30 min away
- No access

**WHAT PEOPLE DO IF THEY GET SICK**

- Go to the Kabiraz
- Go to local village doctor
- Go to local health facility
- Buy medicine from local pharmacy

- Locations where people have trouble accessing antenatal healthcare: 57%
- Locations where people have trouble accessing psychosocial support: 96%
- Locations where people have trouble accessing disability rehabilitation: 95%
- Locations where people have trouble accessing vaccinations: 1%
- Locations where people with mental health issues can access assistance: 94%
COMMUNICATION WITH COMMUNITIES

PREFERRED METHODS TO RECEIVE INFORMATION FROM AID ORGANIZATIONS

- Army
- Word of mouth
- Volunteer/staff visits
- Community meetings
- NGO staff
- Majhee

WHERE PEOPLE REPORT INCIDENTS

- The majhee
- Local NGO
- INGO / UN
- Family, friends or neighbours

MOST-NEEDED INFORMATION TOPICS

- Weather
- Security updates
- Sanitation and hygiene
- Replacing personal documentation
- Relocation info
- Preventing attack or harassment
- How to get transport
- How to get cooking fuel
- How to access services
- Help after attack or harassment
- Health and nutrition
- Getting financial support
- General news
- Food prices
- Finding work
- Finding missing people
- Family planning
- Communication with other places

NPM SA 9 - For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
SEVERITY OF NEEDS

Most severe needs reported in these locations:

- WASH facilities
- Vocational training
- Transport
- Shelter
- Safety and security
- Psychosocial support
- Job opportunities
- Hygiene items
- Health facilities
- Food
- Education for children
- Drinking water
- Cooking utensils
- Cooking fuel and firewood
- Clothing and footwear
- Cash
- Access to registration and documentation

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LOCATIONS: 3
HOUSEHOLDS: 400
INDIVIDUALS: 1500

Dates of assessment: March 18 - March 25, 2018

PLACES WHERE SAFETY INCIDENTS WERE REPORTED

GREATEST NFI NEEDS

SHELTER & NFI

SITE MANAGEMENT

MOST COMMONLY REPORTED SAFETY / SECURITY CONCERN:

UNSTABLE STRUCTURE

NPM SA 9 - For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
WASH

**NUMBER OF LOCATIONS REPORTING**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Facility</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Treating water</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sufficient water storage</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sufficient household water</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sufficient drinking water</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Latrine access</td>
<td>2.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bathing facility access</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**ISSUES PREVENTING LATRINE ACCESS**

- Unclean
- Too far
- Prefer to defecate outdoors
- Not safe/private
- Not enough
- No water
- No sex separation
- Latrines are full
- Insufficient lighting
- Difficult access

- Latrines are not sex-separated in 67% of locations
- Latrines do not have locks in 67% of locations
- WASH facilities do not have adequate lighting in 0% of locations
- Most of the community areas are unclean in 100% of locations

**EDUCATION**

**ACCESS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
<th>Formal</th>
<th>Non-formal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>2.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**BARRIERS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
<th>Girls</th>
<th>Boys</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Barriers exist</td>
<td>No barriers reported</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Over 30 minutes walk</td>
<td>Under 30 minutes walk</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
**FOOD, NUTRITION & LIVELIHOOD**

### MAIN INCOME SOURCE
- Zakat
- Unskilled wage labour
- Small business
- Skilled profession or technical
- Sell assets from Myanmar
- Savings
- Sale of humanitarian assistance
- Remittances
- Petty trade or street vendor
- No income
- Irregular daily labour
- Fishing
- Firewood collection
- Begging
- Basic needs assistance
- Agriculture labour
- Agricultural production sales

![Number of Locations](image)

### AVAILABILITY OF NUTRITIONAL SUPPLEMENTS
- Nutritional supplement for pregnant and lactating women
- Nutritional supplement for children

![Number of Locations](image)

### MAIN FOOD SOURCE
- Own production
- Hunting or Fishing
- Host Community
- Foraging
- Distribution assistance
- Credit purchase
- Cash purchase
- Borrowing
- Begging
- Barter and exchange

![Number of Locations](image)

---

**HEALTH**

### NEAREST HEALTH FACILITY
- Under 30 min away
- Over 30 min away
- No access

![Number of Locations](image)

### WHAT PEOPLE DO IF THEY GET SICK
- Nothing
- Go to the Kabiraz
- Go to local village doctor
- Go to local health facility
- Buy medicine from local pharmacy

![Number of Locations](image)

---

**Locations where people have trouble accessing antenatal healthcare**
- 0%

**Locations where people have trouble accessing psychosocial support**
- 0%

**Locations where people can access mobile health clinics**
- 0%

**Locations where people have trouble accessing disability rehabilitation**
- 0%

**Locations where people have trouble accessing vaccinations**
- 0%

**Locations where people in distress or with mental health issues can access assistance**
- 0%

---

NPM SA 9 - For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
COMMUNICATION WITH COMMUNITIES

PREFERRED METHODS TO RECEIVE INFORMATION FROM AID ORGANIZATIONS

- Army
- Majhee

WHERE PEOPLE REPORT INCIDENTS

- The majhee
- INGO / UN

MOST-NEEDED INFORMATION TOPICS

- Weather
- Security updates
- Sanitation and hygiene
- Replacing personal documentation
- Relocation info
- Preventing attack or harassment
- How to get transport
- How to get cooking fuel
- How to access services
- Help after attack or harassment
- Health and nutrition
- Getting financial support
- General news
- Food prices
- Finding work
- Finding missing people
- Family planning
- Communication with other places

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
SEVERITY OF NEEDS

MOST SEVERE NEEDS REPORTED IN THESE LOCATIONS

- WASH facilities
- Vocational training
- Transport
- Shelter
- Safety and security
- Psychosocial support
- Job opportunities
- Hygiene items
- Health facilities
- Food
- Education for children
- Drinking water
- Cooking utensils
- Cooking fuel and firewood
- Clothing and footwear
- Cash
- Access to registration and documentation

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WASH

NUMBER OF LOCATIONS REPORTING

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WASH</th>
<th>PRIMARY DRINKING WATER SOURCE</th>
<th>PRIMARY WATER SOURCE FOR HOUSEHOLD USE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Treating water</td>
<td>No water source</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sufficient water storage</td>
<td>Non-improved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sufficient household water</td>
<td>Improved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sufficient drinking water</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Latrine access</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bathing facility access</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(Nearly) no-one</th>
<th>Some</th>
<th>About half</th>
<th>Most</th>
<th>(Nearly) everyone</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Number of Locations</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ISSUES PREVENTING LATRINE ACCESS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Latrines are not sex-separated in</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No locks in</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lighting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Access</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Primary Drinking Water Source

- No water source
- Non-improved
- Improved

Primary Water Source for Household Use

- No water source
- Non-improved
- Improved

Access

- Formal
- Non-formal

- No access
- Over 30 minutes walk
- Under 30 minutes walk

Barriers

- Too far
- No barriers reported
- Need to work
- Social norms
- Safety/security risk
- No programme/teachers/books
- Too far/no transport

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int

Most of the community areas are unclean in 87% of locations.
**FOOD, NUTRITION & LIVELIHOOD**

**MAIN INCOME SOURCE**

- Zakat
- Unskilled wage labour
- Small business
- Skilled profession or technical
- Sell assets from Myanmar
- Savings
- Sale of humanitarian assistance
- Remittances
- Petty trade or street vendor
- No income
- Irregular daily labour
- Fishing
- Firewood collection
- Begging
- Basic needs assistance
- Agriculture labour
- Agricultural production sales

![Bar chart showing number of locations for each source of income.]

**AVAILABILITY OF NUTRITIONAL SUPPLEMENTS**

- Nutritional supplement for pregnant and lactating women
- Nutritional supplement for children

![Bar chart showing availability of nutritional supplements.]

**MAIN FOOD SOURCE**

- Own production
- Hunting or Fishing
- Host Community
- Foraging
- Distribution assistance
- Credit purchase
- Cash purchase
- Borrowing
- Begging
- Barter and exchange

![Bar chart showing number of locations for each main food source.]

**WHAT PEOPLE DO IF THEY GET SICK**

- Locations where people have trouble accessing mobile health clinics
- Locations where people can access mobile health clinics
- Locations where people in distress or with mental health issues can access assistance

![Bar chart showing number of locations for access to mobile health clinics.]

**NEAREST HEALTH FACILITY**

- Under 30 min away
- Over 30 min away
- No access

![Bar chart showing number of locations for nearest health facility.]

**TOP FUEL SOURCE**

- PURCHASED FIREWOOD

- Locations where children do not have access to the School Feeding Programme
- Locations where lack of cooking utensils limits food intake
- Locations where people lack cooking fuel

![Bar chart showing number of locations for top fuel source.]

**HEALTH**

**NEAREST HEALTH FACILITY**

![Bar chart showing number of locations for nearest health facility.]

**WHAT PEOPLE DO IF THEY GET SICK**

- Buy medicine from local pharmacy
- Go to local health facility
- Go to local village doctor
- Go to the Kabiraz
- Nothing

![Bar chart showing number of locations for what people do if they get sick.]

**STUDY**

- Locations where people have trouble accessing antenatal healthcare
- Locations where people have trouble accessing psychosocial support
- Locations where people have trouble accessing disability rehabilitation
- Locations where people have trouble accessing vaccinations

![Bar chart showing number of locations for challenges accessing healthcare services.]

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION:** npmbangladesh@iom.int
COMMUNICATION WITH COMMUNITIES

PREFERRED METHODS TO RECEIVE INFORMATION FROM AID ORGANIZATIONS

- Army
- Word of mouth
- Volunteer/staff visits
- Focus group
- Cleaning campaign
- Community meetings
- Microphone announcement
- NGO staff
- Phone / SMS
- Majhee

WHERE PEOPLE REPORT INCIDENTS

- The majhee
- Local government
- INGO / UN

MOST-NEEDED INFORMATION TOPICS

- Weather
- Security updates
- Sanitation and hygiene
- Replacing personal documentation
- Relocation info
- Preventing attack or harassment
- How to get transport
- How to get cooking fuel
- How to access services
- Help after attack or harassment
- Health and nutrition
- Getting financial support
- General news
- Food prices
- Finding work
- Finding missing people
- Family planning
- Communication with other places

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SEVERITY OF NEEDS

MOST SEVERE NEEDS REPORTED IN THESE LOCATIONS

- WASH facilities
- Vocational training
- Transport
- Shelter
- Safety and security
- Psychosocial support
- Job opportunities
- Hygiene items
- Health facilities
- Food
- Education for children
- Drinking water
- Cooking utensils
- Cooking fuel and firewood
- Clothing and footwear
- Cash
- Access to registration and documentation

Extremely severe: Extremely severe
Very severe: Very severe
Moderately severe: Moderately severe
Somewhat severe: Somewhat severe
Not severe: Not severe
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**LOCATIONS**

- **42**

**HOUSEHOLDS**

- **5700**

**INDIVIDUALS**

- **24700**

**SHELTER & NFI**

**GREATEST NFI NEEDS**

- Lighting
- Plastic sheets
- Blankets
- Floor mats
- Kitchen sets
- Cash for rent
- Cash for shelter material
- Shelter construction training
- Support constructing shelters
- Support repairing shelters
- Shelter materials
- Cooking items
- Clothing
- Fuel
- No needs

**SITE MANAGEMENT**

**MOST COMMONLY REPORTED SAFETY / SECURITY CONCERN:**

**UNSTABLE STRUCTURE**

**PLACES WHERE SAFETY INCIDENTS WERE REPORTED**

- Waterpoints
- Transportation
- Market
- Firewood collection point
- Distribution site
- Bathing washing facility

**Number of Locations**

- Children
- Female
- Male

This map is for illustration purposes only. Names and boundaries on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by IOM.
WASH

NUMBER OF LOCATIONS REPORTING

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PRIMARY DRINKING WATER SOURCE</th>
<th>PRIMARY WATER SOURCE FOR HOUSEHOLD USE</th>
<th>ISSUES PREVENTING LATRINE ACCESS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Treating water</td>
<td>No water source</td>
<td>Too far to defecate outdoors</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sufficient water storage</td>
<td>Non-improved</td>
<td>Not safe/private</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sufficient household water</td>
<td>Improved</td>
<td>Not enough</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sufficient drinking water</td>
<td></td>
<td>No water</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Latrine access</td>
<td></td>
<td>No sex separation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bathing facility access</td>
<td></td>
<td>Latrines are full</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Insufficient lighting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Difficult access</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

![Diagram showing number of locations reporting various WASH facilities](image)

Most of the community areas are unclean in 67% of locations.

WASH facilities do not have adequate lighting in 17% of locations.

Latrines do not have locks in 2% of locations.

Latrines are not sex-separated in 40% of locations.

EDUCATION

ACCESS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Formal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-formal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

BARRIERS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Girls</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boys</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
**FOOD, NUTRITION & LIVELIHOOD**

**MAIN INCOME SOURCE**
- Zakat
- Unskilled wage labour
- Small business
- Skilled profession or technical
- Sell assets from Myanmar
- Savings
- Sale of humanitarian assistance
- Remittances
- Petty trade or street vendor
- No income
- Irregular daily labour
- Fishing
- Firewood collection
- Begging
- Basic needs assistance
- Agriculture labour
- Agricultural production sales

**AVAILABILITY OF NUTRITIONAL SUPPLEMENTS**
- Nutritional supplement for pregnant and lactating women
- Nutritional supplement for children

**MAIN FOOD SOURCE**
- Own production
- Hunting or Fishing
- Host Community
- Foraging
- Distribution assistance
- Credit purchase
- Cash purchase
- Borrowing
- Begging
- Barter and exchange

**TOP FUEL SOURCE**
- PURCHASED FIREWOOD

**HEALTH**

**NEAREST HEALTH FACILITY**
- Under 30 min away
- Over 30 min away
- No access

**WHAT PEOPLE DO IF THEY GET SICK**
- Nothing
- Go to the Kabiraz
- Go to local village doctor
- Go to local health facility
- Buy medicine from local pharmacy

**Locations where people have trouble accessing services**
- Antenatal healthcare: 40%
- Psychosocial support: 79%
- Disability rehabilitation: 83%
- Vaccinations: 29%
- Mental health issues: 76%
COMMUNICATION WITH COMMUNITIES

PREFERRED METHODS TO RECEIVE INFORMATION FROM AID ORGANIZATIONS

- Army
- Word of mouth
- Volunteer/staff visits
- Focus group
- Cleaning campaign
- Tea stall sessions
- Community meetings
- Microphone announcement
- NGO staff
- Majhee

WHERE PEOPLE REPORT INCIDENTS

- The majhee
- Local NGO
- INGO / UN
- Healthcare point

MOST-NEEDED INFORMATION TOPICS

- Weather
- Security updates
- Sanitation and hygiene
- Replacing personal documentation
- Relocation info
- Preventing attack or harassment
- How to get transport
- How to get cooking fuel
- How to access services
- Help after attack or harassment
- Health and nutrition
- Getting financial support
- General news
- Food prices
- Finding work
- Finding missing people
- Family planning
- Communication with other places

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
SEVERITY OF NEEDS

MOST SEVERE NEEDS REPORTED IN THESE LOCATIONS

- WASH facilities
- Vocational training
- Transport
- Shelter
- Safety and security
- Psychosocial support
- Job opportunities
- Hygiene items
- Health facilities
- Food
- Education
- Cooking utensils
- Cooking fuel
- Clothing and footwear
- Cash
- Access to registration and documentation

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**WASH**

**NUMBER OF LOCATIONS REPORTING**

- Treating water
- Sufficient water storage
- Sufficient household water
- Sufficient drinking water
- Latrine access
- Bathing facility access

**Issues Preventing Latrine Access**

- Unclean
- Too far
- Prefer to defecate outdoors
- Not safe/private
- Not enough
- No water
- No sex separation
- Latrines are full
- Insufficient lighting
- Difficult access

Latrines are not sex-separated in 32% of locations.
Latrines do not have locks in 5% of locations.
WASH facilities do not have adequate lighting in 27% of locations.
Most of the community areas are unclean in 60% of locations.

**PRIMARY DRINKING WATER SOURCE**

- No water source
- Non-improved
- Improved

**PRIMARY WATER SOURCE FOR HOUSEHOLD USE**

- No water source
- Non-improved
- Improved

**EDUCATION**

**Access**

- Formal
- Non-formal

**Barriers**

- Girls
- Boys

NPM SA 9 - For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
**FOOD, NUTRITION & LIVELIHOOD**

**MAIN INCOME SOURCE**
- Zakat
- Unskilled wage labour
- Small business
- Skilled profession or technical
- Sell assets from Myanmar
- Savings
- Sale of humanitarian assistance
- Remittances
- Petty trade or street vendor
- No income
- Irregular daily labour
- Fishing
- Firewood collection
- Begging
- Basic needs assistance
- Agriculture labour
- Agricultural production sales

![Graph of income sources](image)

**AVAILABILITY OF NUTRITIONAL SUPPLEMENTS**
- Nutritional supplement for pregnant and lactating women
- Nutritional supplement for children

![Graph of nutritional supplements](image)

**MAIN FOOD SOURCE**
- Own production
- Hunting or Fishing
- Host Community
- Foraging
- Distribution assistance
- Credit purchase
- Cash purchase
- Borrowing
- Begging
- Barter and exchange

![Graph of food sources](image)

**HEALTH**

**NEAREST HEALTH FACILITY**
- Under 30 min away
- Over 30 min away
- No access

![Graph of health facilities](image)

**WHAT PEOPLE DO IF THEY GET SICK**
- Nothing
- Go to the Kabiraz
- Go to local village doctor
- Go to local health facility
- Buy medicine from local pharmacy

![Graph of health actions](image)

**Locations where people have trouble accessing**
- Antenatal healthcare: 41%
- Psychosocial support: 86%
- Mobile health clinics: 74%
- Disability rehabilitation: 90%
- Vaccinations: 28%
- Distress or mental health assistance: 85%
COMMUNICATION WITH COMMUNITIES

PREFERRED METHODS TO RECEIVE INFORMATION FROM AID ORGANIZATIONS

- Army
- Word of mouth
- Volunteer/staff visits
- Focus group
- Cleaning campaigns
- Tea stall sessions
- Community meetings
- Printed flyers
- Microphone announcements
- Community radio
- NGO staff
- Phone / SMS
- Majhee

WHERE PEOPLE REPORT INCIDENTS

- The majhee
- Local NGO
- INGO / UN
- Family, friends or neighbours

MOST-NEEDED INFORMATION TOPICS

- Weather
- Security updates
- Sanitation and hygiene
- Replacing personal documentation
- Relocation info
- Preventing attack or harassment
- How to get transport
- How to get cooking fuel
- How to access services
- Help after attack or harassment
- Health and nutrition
- Getting financial support
- General news
- Food prices
- Finding work
- Finding missing people
- Family planning
- Communication with other places
### SEVERITY OF NEEDS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Need</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Vocational training</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Safety and security</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Psychosocial support</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Job opportunities</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Improve WASH facilities</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Improve shelter quality</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Improve drinking water</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hygiene items</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health facilities</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Food</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Education</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cooking utensils</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cooking fuel</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clothing and footwear</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Access to registration/documentation</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### MOST SEVERE NEEDS REPORTED IN THESE LOCATIONS

- WASH facilities
- Vocational training
- Transport
- Shelter
- Safety and security
- Psychosocial support
- Job opportunities
- Hygiene items
- Health facilities
- Food
- Education for children
- Drinking water
- Cooking utensils
- Cooking fuel and firewood
- Clothing and footwear
- Cash
- Access to registration and documentation

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**LOCATIONS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th><strong>HOUSEHOLD</strong></th>
<th><strong>INDIVIDUAL</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Locations</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>7200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Households</td>
<td>7200</td>
<td>30200</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SHELTER & NFI**

**GREATEST NFI NEEDS**

- Lighting
- Plastic sheets
- Blankets
- Floor mats
- Kitchen sets
- Cash for rent
- Cash for shelter material
- Shelter construction training
- Support constructing shelters
- Support repairing shelters
- Shelter materials
- Cooking items
- Clothing
- Fuel
- No needs

**SITE MANAGEMENT**

**MOST COMMONLY REPORTED SAFETY / SECURITY CONCERN:**

**NO LIGHTING**

**PLACES WHERE SAFETY INCIDENTS WERE REPORTED**

- Waterpoints
- Transportation
- Market
- Firewood collection point
- Distribution site
- Bathing/washing facility

---

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
**WASH**

**NUMBER OF LOCATIONS REPORTING**

- Treating water
- Sufficient water storage
- Sufficient household water
- Sufficient drinking water
- Latrine access
- Bathing facility access

**ISSUES PREVENTING LATRINE ACCESS**

- Unclean
- Too far
- Prefer to defecate outdoors
- Not safe/private
- Not enough
- No water
- No sex separation
- Latrines are full
- Insufficient lighting
- Difficult access

- Latrines are not sex-separated in **67%** of locations
- Latrines do not have locks in **4%** of locations
- WASH facilities do not have adequate lighting in **58%** of locations
- Most of the community areas are unclean in **82%** of locations

**PRIMARY DRINKING WATER SOURCE**

- No water source
- Non-improved
- Improved

**PRIMARY WATER SOURCE FOR HOUSEHOLD USE**

- No water source
- Non-improved
- Improved

**EDUCATION**

**ACCESS**

- Formal
- Non-formal

**BARRIERS**

- No access
- Barriers exist
- Over 30 minutes walk
- No barriers reported
- Need to work
- Safety/security risk
- No programme/teachers/books
- Too far/no transport

- Social norms

**NUMBER OF LOCATIONS REPORTING**

- 0
- 10
- 20
- 30
- 40
- 50

**NUMBER OF LOCATIONS**

- 0
- 10
- 20
- 30
- 40
- 50
**FOOD, NUTRITION & LIVELIHOOD**

**MAIN INCOME SOURCE**

- Zakat
- Unskilled wage labour
- Small business
- Skilled profession or technical
- Sell assets from Myanmar
- Savings
- Sale of humanitarian assistance
- Remittances
- Petty trade or street vendor
- No income
- Irregular daily labour
- Fishing
- Firewood collection
- Begging
- Basic needs assistance
- Agriculture labour
- Agricultural production sales

**AVAILABILITY OF NUTRITIONAL SUPPLEMENTS**

- Nutritional supplement for pregnant and lactating women
- Nutritional supplement for children

**MAIN FOOD SOURCE**

- Own production
- Hunting or Fishing
- Host Community
- Foraging
- Distribution assistance
- Credit purchase
- Cash purchase
- Borrowing
- Begging
- Barter and exchange

**TOP FUEL SOURCE**

- Self-collected firewood

**HEALTH**

**NEAREST HEALTH FACILITY**

- Under 30 min away
- Over 30 min away
- No access

**WHAT PEOPLE DO IF THEY GET SICK**

- Nothing
- Go to the Kabiraz
- Go to local village doctor
- Go to local health facility
- Buy medicine from local pharmacy

**Locations where people have trouble accessing**

- Antenatal healthcare: 42%
- Psychosocial support: 67%
- Mobile health clinics: 19%

**Locations where people have trouble accessing**

- Disability rehabilitation: 68%
- Vaccinations: 11%
- Distress or mental health assistance: 84%

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
COMMUNICATION WITH COMMUNITIES

PREFERRED METHODS TO RECEIVE INFORMATION FROM AID ORGANIZATIONS

- Army
- Word of mouth
- Volunteer/staff visits
- Community meetings
- Microphone announcement
- NGO staff
- Phone / SMS
- Majhee

WHERE PEOPLE REPORT INCIDENTS

- Religious leader
- The majhee
- Local NGO
- INGO / UN
- Family, friends or neighbours

MOST-NEEDED INFORMATION TOPICS

- Weather
- Security updates
- Sanitation and hygiene
- Replacing personal documentation
- Relocation info
- Preventing attack or harassment
- How to get transport
- How to get cooking fuel
- How to access services
- Help after attack or harassment
- Health and nutrition
- Getting financial support
- General news
- Food prices
- Finding work
- Finding missing people
- Family planning
- Communication with other places
SEVERITY OF NEEDS

MOST SEVERE NEEDS REPORTED IN THESE LOCATIONS

- WASH facilities
- Vocational training
- Transport
- Shelter
- Safety and security
- Psychosocial support
- Job opportunities
- Hygiene items
- Health facilities
- Food
- Education
- Education for children
- Drinking water
- Cooking utensils
- Cooking fuel and firewood
- Clothing and footwear
- Access to registration and documentation
- Cash

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Latrines are not sex-separated in 86% of locations.

WASH facilities do not have adequate lighting in 54% of locations.

Most of the community areas are unclean in 68% of locations.

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
**FOOD, NUTRITION & LIVELIHOOD**

**MAIN INCOME SOURCE**

- Zakat
- Unskilled wage labour
- Small business
- Skilled profession or technical
- Sell assets from Myanmar
- Savings
- Sale of humanitarian assistance
- Remittances
- Petty trade or street vendor
- No income
- Irregular daily labour
- Fishing
- Firewood collection
- Begging
- Basic needs assistance
- Agriculture labour
- Agricultural production sales

**AVAILABILITY OF NUTRITIONAL SUPPLEMENTS**

- Nutritional supplement for pregnant and lactating women
- Nutritional supplement for children

**MAIN FOOD SOURCE**

- Own production
- Hunting or Fishing
- Host Community
- Foraging
- Distribution assistance
- Credit purchase
- Cash purchase
- Borrowing
- Begging
- Barter and exchange

**HEALTH**

**NEAREST HEALTH FACILITY**

- Under 30 min away
- Over 30 min away
- No access

**WHAT PEOPLE DO IF THEY GET SICK**

- Nothing
- Go to the Kabiraz
- Go to local village doctor
- Go to local health facility
- Buy medicine from local pharmacy

**Locations where people have trouble accessing**

- Antenatal healthcare: 40%
- Psychosocial support: 86%
- Disability rehabilitation: 84%
- Vaccinations: 10%
- Mobile health clinics: 34%
- Mental health assistance: 76%

**TOP FUEL SOURCE**

- Self-collected firewood

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COMMUNICATION WITH COMMUNITIES

PREFERRED METHODS TO RECEIVE INFORMATION FROM AID ORGANIZATIONS

- Army
- Word of mouth
- Volunteer/staff visits
- Community meetings
- Microphone announcement
- NGO staff
- Phone / SMS
- Majhee

WHERE PEOPLE REPORT INCIDENTS

- Police or court
- The majhee
- Local NGO
- Local government
- INGO / UN
- Family, friends or neighbours

MOST-NEEDED INFORMATION TOPICS

- Weather
- Security updates
- Sanitation and hygiene
- Replacing personal documentation
- Relocation info
- Preventing attack or harassment
- How to get transport
- How to get cooking fuel
- How to access services
- Help after attack or harassment
- Health and nutrition
- Getting financial support
- General news
- Food prices
- Finding work
- Finding missing people
- Family planning
- Communication with other places

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SEVERITY OF NEEDS

MOST SEVERE NEEDS REPORTED IN THESE LOCATIONS

- WASH facilities
- Vocational training
- Transport
- Shelter
- Safety and security
- Psychosocial support
- Job opportunities
- Hygiene items
- Health facilities
- Food
- Education for children
- Drinking water
- Cooking utensils
- Cooking fuel and firewood
- Clothing and footwear
- Cash
- Access to registration and documentation
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**SHELTER & NFI**

**GREATEST NFI NEEDS**

- Lighting
- Plastic sheets
- Blankets
- Floor mats
- Kitchen sets
- Cash for rent
- Cash for shelter material
- Shelter construction training
- Support constructing shelters
- Support repairing shelters
- Shelter materials
- Cooking items
- Clothing
- Fuel
- No needs

**SITE MANAGEMENT**

**MOST COMMONLY REPORTED SAFETY / SECURITY CONCERN:**

**UNSTABLE STRUCTURE**

**PLACES WHERE SAFETY INCIDENTS WERE REPORTED**

- Waterpoints
- Transportation Market
- Firewood collection point
- Distribution site
- Bathing washing facility

**Number of Locations**

- Children
- Female
- Male

*This map is for illustration purposes only. Names and boundaries on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by IOM.*
WASH

NUMBER OF LOCATIONS REPORTING

- Treating water
- Sufficient water storage
- Sufficient household water
- Sufficient drinking water
- Latrine access
- Bathing facility access

ISSUES PREVENTING LATRINE ACCESS

- Unclean
- Too far
- Prefer to defecate outdoors
- Not safe/private
- Not enough
- No water
- No sex separation
- Latrines are full
- Insufficient lighting
- Difficult access

87% of locations
3% of locations
18% of locations
63% of locations

PRIMARY DRINKING WATER SOURCE

- No water source
- Non-improved
- Improved

PRIMARY WATER SOURCE FOR HOUSEHOLD USE

- No water source
- Non-improved
- Improved

EDUCATION

ACCESS

- Formal
- Non-formal

BARRIERS

- Social norms
- Need to work
- Safety/security risk
- No programme/teachers/books
- Too far/no transport

No access
Over 30 minutes walk
Under 30 minutes walk
Barriers exist
No barriers reported

Girls
Boys

NPM SA 9 - For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
**FOOD, NUTRITION & LIVELIHOOD**

**MAIN INCOME SOURCE**
- Zakat
- Unskilled wage labour
- Small business
- Skilled profession or technical
- Sell assets from Myanmar
- Savings
- Sale of humanitarian assistance
- Remittances
- Petty trade or street vendor
- No income
- Irregular daily labour
- Fishing
- Firewood collection
- Begging
- Basic needs assistance
- Agriculture labour
- Agricultural production sales

**MAIN FOOD SOURCE**
- Own production
- Hunting or Fishing
- Host Community
- Foraging
- Distribution assistance
- Credit purchase
- Cash purchase
- Borrowing
- Begging
- Barter and exchange

**AVAILABILITY OF NUTRITIONAL SUPPLEMENTS**
- Nutritional supplement for pregnant and lactating women
- Nutritional supplement for children

**TOP FUEL SOURCE**
- Self-collected firewood

**HEALTH**

**NEAREST HEALTH FACILITY**
- Under 30 min away
- Over 30 min away
- No access

**WHAT PEOPLE DO IF THEY GET SICK**
- Nothing
- Go to the Kabiraz
- Go to local village doctor
- Go to local health facility
- Buy medicine from local pharmacy

- Locations where people have trouble accessing antenatal healthcare: 53%
- Locations where people have trouble accessing psychosocial support: 97%
- Locations where people can access mobile health clinics: 26%
- Locations where people have trouble accessing disability rehabilitation: 97%
- Locations where people have trouble accessing vaccinations: 5%
- Locations where people in distress or with mental health issues can access assistance: 92%

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
**COMMUNICATION WITH COMMUNITIES**

**PREFERRED METHODS TO RECEIVE INFORMATION FROM AID ORGANIZATIONS**

- Army
- Volunteer/staff visits
- Focus group
- Cleaning campaign
- Community meetings
- Microphone announcement
- Community radio
- NGO staff
- Phone / SMS
- Majhee

**WHERE PEOPLE REPORT INCIDENTS**

- The majhee
- INGO / UN
- Family, friends or neighbours

**MOST-NEEDED INFORMATION TOPICS**

- Weather
- Security updates
- Sanitation and hygiene
- Replacing personal documentation
- Relocation info
- Preventing attack or harassment
- How to get transport
- How to get cooking fuel
- How to access services
- Help after attack or harassment
- Health and nutrition
- Getting financial support
- General news
- Food prices
- Finding work
- Finding missing people
- Family planning
- Communication with other places
SEVERITY OF NEEDS

MOST SEVERE NEEDS REPORTED IN THESE LOCATIONS

- WASH facilities
- Vocational training
- Transport
- Shelter
- Safety and security
- Psychosocial support
- Job opportunities
- Hygiene items
- Health facilities
- Food
- Education
- Education for children
- Drinking water
- Cooking utensils
- Cooking fuel and firewood
- Clothing and footwear
- Cash
- Access to registration and documentation

Number of Locations

Extremely severe
Very severe
Moderately severe
Somewhat severe
Not severe
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Most commonly reported safety / security concern:

NO LIGHTING

Places where safety incidents were reported:

- Waterpoints
- Transportation
- Market
- Firewood collection point
- Distribution site
- Bathing washing facility

Locations:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LOCATIONS</th>
<th>HOUSEHOLDS</th>
<th>INDIVIDUALS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>61</td>
<td>9600</td>
<td>40500</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NPM SA 9 - For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
Latrines are not sex-separated in 52% of locations.
Latrines do not have locks in 7% of locations.
WASH facilities do not have adequate lighting in 57% of locations.
Most of the community areas are unclean in 80% of locations.

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
**FOOD, NUTRITION & LIVELIHOOD**

**MAIN INCOME SOURCE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Zakat</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unskilled wage labour</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Small business</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skilled profession or technical</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sell assets from Myanmar</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Savings</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sale of humanitarian assistance</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remittances</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Petty trade or street vendor</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No income</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Irregular daily labour</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fishing</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Firewood collection</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Begging</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Basic needs assistance</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agriculture labour</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agricultural production sales</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**AVAILABILITY OF NUTRITIONAL SUPPLEMENTS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Supplement</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nutritional supplement for pregnant and lactating women</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nutritional supplement for children</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**MAIN FOOD SOURCE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Own production</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hunting or Fishing</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Host Community</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foraging</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distribution assistance</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Credit purchase</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash purchase</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Borrowing</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Begging</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barter and exchange</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TOP FUEL SOURCE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PURCHASED FIREWOOD</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**HEALTH**

**NEAREST HEALTH FACILITY**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Distance to Facility</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Under 30 min away</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 30 min away</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No access</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**WHAT PEOPLE DO IF THEY GET SICK**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Action</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nothing</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Go to the Kabiraz</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Go to local village doctor</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Go to local health facility</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buy medicine from local pharmacy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Locations where people have trouble accessing antenatal healthcare: 11%

Locations where people have trouble accessing psychosocial support: 44%

Locations where people can access mobile health clinics: 26%

Locations where people have trouble accessing disability rehabilitation: 54%

Locations where people have trouble accessing vaccinations: 2%

Locations where people in distress or with mental health issues can access assistance: 41%
COMMUNICATION WITH COMMUNITIES

PREFERRED METHODS TO RECEIVE INFORMATION FROM AID ORGANIZATIONS

- Army
- Word of mouth
- Volunteer/staff visits
- Focus group
- Community meetings
- Microphone announcement
- Info desk
- Majhee

WHERE PEOPLE REPORT INCIDENTS

- The majhee
- Local NGO
- Local government
- INGO / UN

MOST-NEEDED INFORMATION TOPICS

- Weather
- Security updates
- Sanitation and hygiene
- Replacing personal documentation
- Relocation info
- Preventing attack or harassment
- How to get transport
- How to get cooking fuel
- How to access services
- Help after attack or harassment
- Health and nutrition
- Getting financial support
- General news
- Food prices
- Finding work
- Finding missing people
- Family planning
- Communication with other places

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
SEVERITY OF NEEDS

NPM

MOST SEVERE NEEDS REPORTED IN THESE LOCATIONS

WASH facilities
Vocational training
Transport
Shelter
Safety and security
Psychosocial support
Job opportunities
Hygiene items
Health facilities
Food
Education
Cooking utensils
Cooking fuel
Clothing and footwear
Cash
Access to registration and documentation

Number of Locations
IOM Bangladesh Needs and Population Monitoring (NPM) regularly and systematically captures and disseminates information regarding the movements and evolving needs of populations on the move, whether on site or en route. NPM’s site assessment rounds capture the numbers, locations and key sectoral needs of Rohingya refugees in the areas affected by the influx since 25 August 2017. Data are collected through key informant interviews and direct observation. The unit of data collection depends on the context. In collective sites, the unit is a ‘block,’ defined as an area of responsibility of one majhee, a community leader. In dispersed sites, the geographical unit of reference is the village. These units are collectively referred to as ‘locations’ in this Site Profile. The data are aggregated and reported at the camp level in collective sites.

**LOCATIONS**

**HOUSEHOLDS**

**INDIVIDUALS**

80

8400

35700

**Most Commonly Reported Safety / Security Concern:**

**Unstable Structure**

**Places Where Safety Incidents Were Reported**

- Waterpoints
- Transportation
- Market
- Firewood collection point
- Distribution site
- Bathing washing facility

**Children**

**Female**

**Male**

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
WASH

NUMBER OF LOCATIONS REPORTING

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Treating water</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sufficient water storage</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sufficient household water</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sufficient drinking water</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Latrine access</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bathing facility access</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ISSUES PREVENTING LATRINE ACCESS

- Unclean
- Too far
- Prefer to defecate outdoors
- Not safe/private
- Not enough
- No water
- No sex separation
- Latrines are full
- Insufficient lighting
- Difficult access

- Latrines are not sex-separated in 78% of locations
- Latrines do not have locks in 12% of locations
- WASH facilities do not have adequate lighting in 2% of locations
- Most of the community areas are unclean in 66% of locations

EDUCATION

ACCESS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Formal</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-formal</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

BARRIERS

- Social norms
- Safety/security risk
- Need to work
- No programme/teachers/books
- Too far/no transport

- No access
- Over 30 minutes walk
- Under 30 minutes walk
- Barriers exist
- No barriers reported

Most of the community areas are unclean in 66% of locations.
**FOOD, NUTRITION & LIVELIHOOD**

**MAIN INCOME SOURCE**
- Zakat
- Unskilled wage labour
- Small business
- Skilled profession or technical
- Sell assets from Myanmar
- Savings
- Sale of humanitarian assistance
- Remittances
- Petty trade or street vendor
- No income
- Irregular daily labour
- Fishing
- Firewood collection
- Begging
- Basic needs assistance
- Agriculture labour
- Agricultural production sales

**AVAILABILITY OF NUTRITIONAL SUPPLEMENTS**
- Nutritional supplement for pregnant and lactating women
- Nutritional supplement for children

**MAIN FOOD SOURCE**
- Own production
- Hunting or Fishing
- Host Community
- Foraging
- Distribution assistance
- Credit purchase
- Cash purchase
- Borrowing
- Begging
- Barter and exchange

**NEAREST HEALTH FACILITY**
- Under 30 min away
- Over 30 min away
- No access

**TOP FUEL SOURCE**
- Self-collected firewood

**WHAT PEOPLE DO IF THEY GET SICK**
- Nothing
- Go to the Kabiraz
- Go to local village doctor
- Go to local health facility
- Buy medicine from local pharmacy

**HEALTH**

**Locations where people have trouble accessing**
- Antenatal healthcare: 28%
- Disability rehabilitation: 15%
- Vaccinations: 19%

**Locations where people can access mobile health clinics**: 64%

**Locations where people in distress or with mental health issues can access assistance**: 32%
COMMUNICATION WITH COMMUNITIES

PREFERRED METHODS TO RECEIVE INFORMATION FROM AID ORGANIZATIONS

- Army
- Volunteer/staff visits
- Community meetings
- Printed flyers
- Microphone announcement
- NGO staff
- Community / religious leader
- Phone / SMS
- Majhee

WHERE PEOPLE REPORT INCIDENTS

- The majhee
- INGO / UN

MOST-NEEDED INFORMATION TOPICS

- Weather
- Security updates
- Sanitation and hygiene
- Replacing personal documentation
- Relocation info
- Preventing attack or harassment
- How to get transport
- How to get cooking fuel
- How to access services
- Help after attack or harassment
- Health and nutrition
- Getting financial support
- General news
- Food prices
- Finding work
- Finding missing people
- Family planning
- Communication with other places

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
**SEVERITY OF NEEDS**

- Vocational training
- Transport
- Safety and security
- Psychosocial support
- Job opportunities
- Improve WASH facilities
- Improve shelter quality
- Improve drinking water
- Hygiene items
- Health facilities
- Food
- Education
- Cooking utensils
- Cooking fuel
- Clothing and footwear
- Cash
- Access to registration/documentation

![Graph showing severity levels of needs in Camp 8E SA 9](image)

**MOST SEVERE NEEDS REPORTED IN THESE LOCATIONS**

- WASH facilities
- Vocational training
- Transport
- Shelter
- Safety and security
- Psychosocial support
- Job opportunities
- Hygiene items
- Health facilities
- Food
- Education for children
- Drinking water
- Cooking utensils
- Cooking fuel and firewood
- Clothing and footwear
- Cash
- Access to registration and documentation

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**LOCATIONS**

67

**HOUSEHOLDS**

7900

**INDIVIDUALS**

33100

**SHELTER & NFI**

**GREATEST NFI NEEDS**

- Lighting
- Plastic sheets
- Blankets
- Floor mats
- Kitchen sets
- Cash for rent
- Cash for shelter material
- Shelter construction training
- Support constructing shelters
- Support repairing shelters
- Shelter materials
- Cooking items
- Clothing
- Fuel
- No needs

**SITE MANAGEMENT**

**MOST COMMONLY REPORTED SAFETY / SECURITY CONCERN:**

**NO LIGHTING**

**PLACES WHERE SAFETY INCIDENTS WERE REPORTED**

- Waterpoints
- Transportation
- Market
- Firewood collection point
- Distribution site
- Bathing washing facility

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
Latrines are not sex-separated in 49% of locations.

Latrines do not have locks in 1% of locations.

WASH facilities do not have adequate lighting in 42% of locations.

Most of the community areas are unclean in 79% of locations.

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
**FOOD, NUTRITION & LIVELIHOOD**

**MAIN INCOME SOURCE**
- Zakat
- Unskilled wage labour
- Small business
- Skilled profession or technical
- Sell assets from Myanmar
- Savings
- Sale of humanitarian assistance
- Remittances
- Petty trade or street vendor
- No income
- Irregular daily labour
- Fishing
- Firewood collection
- Begging
- Basic needs assistance
- Agriculture labour
- Agricultural production sales

**MAIN FOOD SOURCE**
- Own production
- Hunting or Fishing
- Host Community
- Foraging
- Distribution assistance
- Credit purchase
- Cash purchase
- Borrowing
- Begging
- Barter and exchange

**AVAILABILITY OF NUTRITIONAL SUPPLEMENTS**
- Nutritional supplement for pregnant and lactating women
  - Supplements available
  - Supplements available with problems
  - Not available
- Nutritional supplement for children

**NEAREST HEALTH FACILITY**
- Under 30 min away
- Over 30 min away
- No access

**HEALTH**

**WHAT PEOPLE DO IF THEY GET SICK**
- Nothing
- Go to the Kabiraz
- Go to local village doctor
- Go to local health facility
- Buy medicine from local pharmacy

**Locations where people have trouble accessing antenatal healthcare**
- 16%

**Locations where people have trouble accessing psychosocial support**
- 81%

**Locations where people can access mobile health clinics**
- 1%

**Locations where people have trouble accessing disability rehabilitation**
- 81%

**Locations where people have trouble accessing vaccinations**
- 4%

**Locations where people in distress or with mental health issues can access assistance**
- 78%

**TOP FUEL SOURCE**
- SELF-COLLECTED FIREWOOD
- Locations where children do not have access to the School Feeding Programme
- Locations where people eat from three or less food groups (e.g. fruits, vegetables, meat, cereal, dairy, etc.)
- Locations where lack of cooking utensils limits food intake
- Locations where people lack cooking fuel

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
COMMUNICATION WITH COMMUNITIES

PREFERRED METHODS TO RECEIVE INFORMATION FROM AID ORGANIZATIONS

WHERE PEOPLE REPORT INCIDENTS

MOST-NEEDED INFORMATION TOPICS

Number of Locations

Number of Locations

NPM

CAMP 8W

SA 9

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
SEVERITY OF NEEDS

MOST SEVERE NEEDS REPORTED IN THESE LOCATIONS

- WASH facilities
- Vocational training
- Transport
- Shelter
- Safety and security
- Psychosocial support
- Job opportunities
- Hygiene items
- Health facilities
- Food
- Education for children
- Drinking water
- Cooking utensils
- Cooking fuel and firewood
- Clothing and footwear
- Access to registration and documentation

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
LOCATIONS | HOUSEHOLDS | INDIVIDUALS
---|---|---
90 | 9100 | 36400

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**SITE MANAGEMENT**

**MOST COMMONLY REPORTED SAFETY / SECURITY CONCERN:**

**UNSTABLE STRUCTURE**

**PLACES WHERE SAFETY INCIDENTS WERE REPORTED**

- Waterpoints
- Transportation
- Market
- Firewood collection point
- Distribution site
- Bathing washing facility
- Waterpoints
- Transportation
- Market
- Firewood collection point
- Distribution site
- Bathing washing facility
- Waterpoints
- Transportation
- Market
- Firewood collection point
- Distribution site
- Bathing washing facility

**SHELTER & NFI**

**GREATEST NFI NEEDS**

- Lighting
- Plastic sheets
- Blankets
- Floor mats
- Kitchen sets
- Cash for rent
- Cash for shelter material
- Shelter construction training
- Support constructing shelters
- Support repairing shelters
- Shelter materials
- Cooking items
- Clothing
- Fuel
- No needs
Latrines are not sex-separated in 90% of locations.

Latrines do not have locks in 1% of locations.

WASH facilities do not have adequate lighting in 42% of locations.

Most of the community areas are unclean in 70% of locations.
**FOOD, NUTRITION & LIVELIHOOD**

**MAIN INCOME SOURCE**
- Zakat
- Unskilled wage labour
- Small business
- Skilled profession or technical
- Sell assets from Myanmar
- Savings
- Sale of humanitarian assistance
- Remittances
- Petty trade or street vendor
- No income
- Irregular daily labour
- Fishing
- Firewood collection
- Begging
- Basic needs assistance
- Agriculture labour
- Agricultural production sales

**AVAILABILITY OF NUTRITIONAL SUPPLEMENTS**
- Nutritional supplement for pregnant and lactating women: [Graph]
- Nutritional supplement for children: [Graph]

**MAIN FOOD SOURCE**
- Own production
- Hunting or Fishing
- Host Community
- Foraging
- Distribution assistance
- Credit purchase
- Cash purchase
- Borrowing
- Begging
- Barter and exchange

**AVAILABILITY OF NUTRITIONAL SUPPLEMENTS**
- Supplements available
- Supplements available with problems
- Not available

**TOP FUEL SOURCE**
- Self-collected firewood

**HEALTH**

**NEAREST HEALTH FACILITY**
- Under 30 min away
- Over 30 min away
- No access

**WHAT PEOPLE DO IF THEY GET SICK**
- Nothing
- Go to the Kabiraz
- Go to local village doctor
- Go to local health facility
- Buy medicine from local pharmacy

**Locations where people have trouble accessing antenatal healthcare**
- 18%

**Locations where people have trouble accessing psychosocial support**
- 83%

**Locations where people can access mobile health clinics**
- 57%

**Locations where people have trouble accessing disability rehabilitation**
- 93%

**Locations where people have trouble accessing vaccinations**
- 4%

**Locations where people in distress or with mental health issues can access assistance**
- 76%

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
**COMMUNICATION WITH COMMUNITIES**

**PREFERRED METHODS TO RECEIVE INFORMATION FROM AID ORGANIZATIONS**

- Army
- Word of mouth
- Volunteer/staff visits
- Focus group
- Community meetings
- Microphone announcement
- Community radio
- NGO staff
- Majhee

**WHERE PEOPLE REPORT INCIDENTS**

- The majhee
- Local government
- INGO / UN
- Healthcare point
- Family, friends or neighbours

**MOST-NEEDED INFORMATION TOPICS**

- Weather
- Security updates
- Sanitation and hygiene
- Replacing personal documentation
- Relocation info
- Preventing attack or harassment
- How to get transport
- How to get cooking fuel
- How to access services
- Help after attack or harassment
- Health and nutrition
- Getting financial support
- General news
- Food prices
- Finding work
- Finding missing people
- Family planning
- Communication with other places

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
SEVERITY OF NEEDS

NPM SA 9

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
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PLACES WHERE SAFETY INCIDENTS WERE REPORTED

- Waterpoints
- Transportation Market
- Firewood collection point
- Distribution site
- bathing washing facility

- Waterpoints
- Transportation Market
- Firewood collection point
- Distribution site
- bathing washing facility

- Waterpoints
- Transportation Market
- Firewood collection point
- Distribution site
- bathing washing facility

- Waterpoints
- Transportation Market
- Firewood collection point
- Distribution site
- bathing washing facility

SHELTER & NFI

GREATEST NFI NEEDS

- Lighting
- Plastic sheets
- Blankets
- Floor mats
- Kitchen sets
- Cash for rent
- Cash for shelter material
- Shelter construction training
- Support constructing shelters
- Support repairing shelters
- Shelter materials
- Cooking items
- Clothing
- Fuel
- No needs

SITE MANAGEMENT

MOST COMMONLY REPORTED SAFETY / SECURITY CONCERN:

NO LIGHTING

LOCATIONS

34

HOUSEHOLDS

3100

INDIVIDUALS

12600

Dates of assessment: March 11 - March 12, 2018

This map is for illustration purposes only. Names and boundaries on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by IOM.
**WASH**

**NUMBER OF LOCATIONS REPORTING**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Issue</th>
<th>(Nearly) no-one</th>
<th>Some</th>
<th>About half</th>
<th>Most</th>
<th>(Nearly) everyone</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Treating water</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sufficient water storage</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sufficient household water</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sufficient drinking water</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Latrine access</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bathing facility access</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**ISSUES PREVENTING LATRINE ACCESS**

- Unclean
- Too far
- Prefer to defecate outdoors
- Not safe/private
- Not enough
- No water
- No sex separation
- Latrines are full
- Insufficient lighting
- Difficult access

- Latrines are not sex-separated in 62% of locations
- Latrines do not have locks in 3% of locations
- WASH facilities do not have adequate lighting in 44% of locations
- Most of the community areas are unclean in 59% of locations

**PRIMARY DRINKING WATER SOURCE**

- No water source
- Non-improved
- Improved

**PRIMARY WATER SOURCE FOR HOUSEHOLD USE**

- No water source
- Non-improved
- Improved

**EDUCATION**

**ACCESS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Formal</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-formal</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**BARRIERS**

- No access
- Over 30 minutes walk
- Under 30 minutes walk
- Barriers exist
- No barriers reported
- Social norms
- Need to work
- Safety/security risk
- No programme/teachers/books
- Too far/no transport

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
**FOOD, NUTRITION & LIVELIHOOD**

**MAIN INCOME SOURCE**

- Zakat
- Unskilled wage labour
- Small business
- Skilled profession or technical
- Sell assets from Myanmar
- Savings
- Sale of humanitarian assistance
- Remittances
- Petty trade or street vendor
- No income
- Irregular daily labour
- Fishing
- Firewood collection
- Begging
- Basic needs assistance
- Agriculture labour
- Agricultural production sales

![Bar chart showing the number of locations for each main income source]

**AVAILABILITY OF NUTRITIONAL SUPPLEMENTS**

- Nutritional supplement for pregnant and lactating women
- Nutritional supplement for children

![Bar chart showing the availability of nutritional supplements]

**MAIN FOOD SOURCE**

- Own production
- Hunting or Fishing
- Host Community
- Foraging
- Distribution assistance
- Credit purchase
- Cash purchase
- Borrowing
- Begging
- Barter and exchange

![Bar chart showing the number of locations by main food source]

**TOP FUEL SOURCE**

- Self-collected firewood

**HEALTH**

**NEAREST HEALTH FACILITY**

- Under 30 min away
- Over 30 min away
- No access

![Bar chart showing the number of locations by nearest health facility]

**WHAT PEOPLE DO IF THEY GET SICK**

- Go to the Kabiraz
- Go to local village doctor
- Go to local health facility
- Buy medicine from local pharmacy

![Bar chart showing the number of locations by action taken]

- Locations where people have trouble accessing antenatal healthcare: 6%
- Locations where people have trouble accessing psychosocial support: 74%
- Locations where people can access mobile health clinics: 35%
- Locations where people have trouble accessing disability rehabilitation: 35%
- Locations where people have trouble accessing vaccinations: 0%
- Locations where people in distress or with mental health issues can access assistance: 74%

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
COMMUNICATION WITH COMMUNITIES

PREFERRED METHODS TO RECEIVE INFORMATION FROM AID ORGANIZATIONS

- Army
- Word of mouth
- Volunteer/staff visits
- Focus group
- Tea stall sessions
- Community meetings
- Microphone announcement
- NGO staff
- Community / religious leader
- Phone / SMS
- Info desk
- Majhee

WHERE PEOPLE REPORT INCIDENTS

- Religious leader
- The majhee
- Local NGO
- INGO / UN
- Family, friends or neighbours

MOST-NEEDED INFORMATION TOPICS

- Weather
- Security updates
- Sanitation and hygiene
- Replacing personal documentation
- Relocation info
- Preventing attack or harassment
- How to get transport
- How to get cooking fuel
- How to access services
- Help after attack or harassment
- Health and nutrition
- Getting financial support
- General news
- Food prices
- Finding work
- Finding missing people
- Family planning
- Communication with other places
SEVERITY OF NEEDS

MOST SEVERE NEEDS REPORTED IN THESE LOCATIONS

- WASH facilities
- Vocational training
- Transport
- Shelter
- Safety and security
- Psychosocial support
- Job opportunities
- Hygiene items
- Health facilities
- Food
- Education
- Drinking water
- Cooking utensils
- Cooking fuel
- Clothing and footwear
- Cash
- Access to registration and documentation

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
**Greatest NFI Needs**

- Lighting
- Plastic sheets
- Blankets
- Floor mats
- Kitchen sets
- Cash for rent
- Cash for shelter material
- Shelter construction training
- Support constructing shelters
- Support repairing shelters
- Shelter materials
- Cooking items
- Clothing
- Fuel
- No needs

**Site Management**

**Most Commonly Reported Safety / Security Concern:**

**Unstable Structure**

**Places Where Safety Incidents Were Reported**

- Waterpoints
- Transportation
- Market
- Firewood collection point
- Distribution site
- Bathing washing facility

**Number of Locations**

- Children
- Female
- Male

---

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WASH

NUMBER OF LOCATIONS REPORTING

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Primary Drinking Water Source</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No water source</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-improved</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Improved</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Primary Water Source for Household Use</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No water source</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-improved</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Improved</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ISSUES PREVENTING LATRINE ACCESS

- Unclean
- Too far
- Prefer to defecate outdoors
- Not safe/private
- Not enough
- No water
- No sex separation
- Latrines are full
- Insufficient lighting
- Difficult access

Latrines are not sex-separated in 74% of locations.
Latrines do not have locks in 12% of locations.

WASH facilities do not have adequate lighting in 12% of locations.
Most of the community areas are unclean in 53% of locations.

EDUCATION

ACCESS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Formal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-formal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

BARRIERS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Social norms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Need to work</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No programme/teachers/books</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barriers exist</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No barriers reported</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Too far/no transport</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NPM SA 9 - For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
**FOOD, NUTRITION & LIVELIHOOD**

### MAIN INCOME SOURCE

- Zakat
- Unskilled wage labour
- Small business
- Skilled profession or technical
- Sell assets from Myanmar
- Savings
- Sale of humanitarian assistance
- Remittances
- Petty trade or street vendor
- No income
- Irregular daily labour
- Fishing
- Firewood collection
- Begging
- Basic needs assistance
- Agriculture labour
- Agricultural production sales

### MAIN FOOD SOURCE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Own production</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hunting or Fishing</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Host Community</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foraging</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distribution assistance</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Credit purchase</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash purchase</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Borrowing</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Begging</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barter and exchange</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### AVAILABILITY OF NUTRITIONAL SUPPLEMENTS

- Nutritional supplement for pregnant and lactating women: 0%
- Nutritional supplement for children: 0%

### NEAREST HEALTH FACILITY

- Under 30 min away: 23%
- Over 30 min away: 40%
- No access: 37%

### WHAT PEOPLE DO IF THEY GET SICK

- Nothing: 21%
- Go to the Kabiraz: 40%
- Go to local village doctor: 7%
- Go to local health facility: 51%
- Buy medicine from local pharmacy: 30%

**HEALTH**

### NEAREST HEALTH FACILITY

### WHAT PEOPLE DO IF THEY GET SICK

### TOP FUEL SOURCE

- Self-collected firewood: 91%

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
COMMUNICATION WITH COMMUNITIES

PREFERRED METHODS TO RECEIVE INFORMATION FROM AID ORGANIZATIONS

- Army
- Word of mouth
- Volunteer/staff visits
- Tea stall sessions
- Community meetings
- Microphone announcement
- Community radio
- NGO staff
- Community / religious leader
- Phone / SMS
- Majhee

WHERE PEOPLE REPORT INCIDENTS

- Religious leader
- The majhee
- Local NGO
- INGO / UN
- Family, friends or neighbours

MOST-NEEDED INFORMATION TOPICS

- Weather
- Security updates
- Sanitation and hygiene
- Replacing personal documentation
- Relocation info
- Preventing attack or harassment
- How to get transport
- How to get cooking fuel
- How to access services
- Help after attack or harassment
- Health and nutrition
- Getting financial support
- General news
- Food prices
- Finding work
- Finding missing people
- Family planning
- Communication with other places
SEVERITY OF NEEDS

MOST SEVERE NEEDS REPORTED IN THESE LOCATIONS

- WASH facilities
- Vocational training
- Transport
- Shelter
- Safety and security
- Psychosocial support
- Job opportunities
- Hygiene items
- Health facilities
- Food
- Education for children
- Drinking water
- Cooking utensils
- Cooking fuel and firewood
- Clothing and footwear
- Cash
- Access to registration and documentation

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GREATEST NFI NEEDS

- Lighting
- Plastic sheets
- Blankets
- Floor mats
- Kitchen sets
- Cash for rent
- Cash for shelter material
- Shelter construction training
- Support constructing shelters
- Support repairing shelters
- Shelter materials
- Cooking items
- Clothing
- Fuel
- No needs

METERS²
per person
- < 15
- 16 - 30
- 31 - 45
- > 45

This map is for illustration purposes only. Names and boundaries on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by IOM.

LOCATIONS: 7

HOUSEHOLDS: 2900

INDIVIDUALS: 13900

DATE OF ASSESSMENT: March 13, 2018

NPM SA 9 - For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
WASH

NUMBER OF LOCATIONS REPORTING

- Treating water
- Sufficient water storage
- Sufficient household water
- Sufficient drinking water
- Latrine access
- Bathing facility access

ISSUES PREVENTING LATRINE ACCESS

- Unclean
- Too far
- Prefer to defecate outdoors
- Not safe/private
- Not enough
- No water
- No sex separation
- Latrines are full
- Insufficient lighting
- Difficult access

Latrines are not sex-separated in 0% of locations
Latrines do not have locks in 0% of locations

WASH facilities do not have adequate lighting in 43% of locations
Most of the community areas are unclean in 100% of locations

PRIMARY DRINKING WATER SOURCE

- No water source
- Non-improved
- Improved

PRIMARY WATER SOURCE FOR HOUSEHOLD USE

- No water source
- Non-improved
- Improved

EDUCATION

ACCESS

- Formal
- Non-formal

BARRIERS

- Girls
- Boys

Barriers exist
No barriers reported

Number of Locations

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
### FOOD, NUTRITION & LIVELIHOOD

#### MAIN INCOME SOURCE

- Zakat
- Unskilled wage labour
- Small business
- Skilled profession or technical
- Sell assets from Myanmar
- Savings
- Sale of humanitarian assistance
- Remittances
- Petty trade or street vendor
- No income
- Irregular daily labour
- Fishing
- Firewood collection
- Begging
- Basic needs assistance
- Agriculture labour
- Agricultural production sales

#### MAIN FOOD SOURCE

- Own production
- Hunting or Fishing
- Host Community
- Foraging
- Distribution assistance
- Credit purchase
- Cash purchase
- Borrowing
- Begging
- Barter and exchange

#### AVAILABILITY OF NUTRITIONAL SUPPLEMENTS

- Nutritional supplement for pregnant and lactating women
- Nutritional supplement for children

#### HEALTH

#### NEAREST HEALTH FACILITY

- Under 30 min away
- Over 30 min away
- No access

#### WHAT PEOPLE DO IF THEY GET SICK

- Nothing
- Go to the Kabiraz
- Go to local village doctor
- Go to local health facility
- Buy medicine from local pharmacy

### NPM SA 9 - For further information: nmbangladesh@iom.int
COMMUNICATION WITH COMMUNITIES

PREFERRED METHODS TO RECEIVE INFORMATION FROM AID ORGANIZATIONS

- Word of mouth
- Volunteer/staff visits
- Community meetings
- NGO staff
- Majhee

WHERE PEOPLE REPORT INCIDENTS

- The majhee
- INGO / UN

MOST-NEEDED INFORMATION TOPICS

- Weather
- Security updates
- Sanitation and hygiene
- Replacing personal documentation
- Relocation info
- Preventing attack or harassment
- How to get transport
- How to get cooking fuel
- How to access services
- Help after attack or harassment
- Health and nutrition
- Getting financial support
- General news
- Food prices
- Finding work
- Finding missing people
- Family planning
- Communication with other places

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
SEVERITY OF NEEDS

MOST SEVERE NEEDS REPORTED IN THESE LOCATIONS

- WASH facilities
- Vocational training
- Transport
- Shelter
- Safety and security
- Psychosocial support
- Job opportunities
- Hygiene items
- Health facilities
- Food
- Education for children
- Drinking water
- Cooking utensils
- Cooking fuel and firewood
- Clothing and footwear
- Cash
- Access to registration and documentation

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**SHELTER & NFI**

**GREATEST NFI NEEDS**

- Lighting
- Plastic sheets
- Blankets
- Floor mats
- Kitchen sets
- Cash for rent
- Cash for shelter material
- Shelter construction training
- Support constructing shelters
- Support repairing shelters
- Shelter materials
- Cooking items
- Clothing
- Fuel
- No needs

**SITE MANAGEMENT**

**MOST COMMONLY REPORTED SAFETY / SECURITY CONCERN:**

**SHARING SPACE WITH STRANGERS**

**PLACES WHERE SAFETY INCIDENTS WERE REPORTED**

- Waterpoints
- Transportation
- Market
- Firewood collection point
- Distribution site
- Bathing washing facility

**Number of Locations**
WASH

**NUMBER OF LOCATIONS REPORTING**

- Treating water
- Sufficient water storage
- Sufficient household water
- Sufficient drinking water
- Latrine access
- Bathing facility access

**ISSUES PREVENTING LATRINE ACCESS**

- Unclean
- Too far
- Prefer to defecate outdoors
- Not safe/private
- Not enough
- No water
- No sex separation
- Latrines are full
- Insufficient lighting
- Difficult access

**PRIMARY DRINKING WATER SOURCE**

- No water source
- Non-improved
- Improved

**PRIMARY WATER SOURCE FOR HOUSEHOLD USE**

- No water source
- Non-improved
- Improved

**EDUCATION**

**ACCESS**

- Girls
- Boys

**BARRIERS**

- Girls
- Boys

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int

Most of the community areas are unclean in 100% of locations.
FOOD, NUTRITION & LIVELIHOOD

MAIN INCOME SOURCE

- Zakat
- Unskilled wage labour
- Small business
- Skilled profession or technical
- Sell assets from Myanmar
- Savings
- Sale of humanitarian assistance
- Remittances
- Petty trade or street vendor
- No income
- Irregular daily labour
- Fishing
- Firewood collection
- Begging
- Basic needs assistance
- Agriculture labour
- Agricultural production sales

Number of Locations

AVAILABILITY OF NUTRITIONAL SUPPLEMENTS

Nutritional supplement for pregnant and lactating women

- Supplements available
- Supplements available with problems
- Not available

Number of Locations

MAIN FOOD SOURCE

- Own production
- Hunting or Fishing
- Host Community
- Foraging
- Distribution assistance
- Credit purchase
- Cash purchase
- Borrowing
- Begging
- Barter and exchange

Number of Locations

Indians eating only once a day

Individuals eating from three or less food groups (e.g. fruits, vegetables, meat, cereal, dairy, etc.)

Locations where people lack cooking utensils limits food intake

Locations where lack of cooking fuel

Number of Locations

TOP FUEL SOURCE

PURCHASED FIREWOOD

HEALTH

NEAREST HEALTH FACILITY

- Under 30 min away
- Over 30 min away
- No access

Number of Locations

WHAT PEOPLE DO IF THEY GET SICK

- Nothing
- Go to the Kabiraz
- Go to local village doctor
- Go to local health facility
- Buy medicine from local pharmacy

Number of Locations

Locations where people have trouble accessing antenatal healthcare

Locations where people have trouble accessing psychosocial support

Locations where people access mobile health clinics

Locations where people have trouble accessing disability rehabilitation

Locations where people have trouble accessing vaccinations

Locations where people in distress or with mental health issues can access assistance

Locations where people do not have access to the School Feeding Programme

Locations where children do not have access to the School Feeding Programme

Locations where lack of cooking utensils limits food intake

Locations where lack of cooking fuel

Number of Locations

NPM SA 9 - For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
COMMUNICATION WITH COMMUNITIES

PREFERRED METHODS TO RECEIVE INFORMATION FROM AID ORGANIZATIONS

- Army
- Volunteer/staff visits
- Community meetings
- Majhee

WHERE PEOPLE REPORT INCIDENTS

- The majhee
- INGO / UN
- Healthcare point

MOST-NEEDED INFORMATION TOPICS

- Weather
- Security updates
- Sanitation and hygiene
- Replacing personal documentation
- Relocation info
- Preventing attack or harassment
- How to get transport
- How to get cooking fuel
- How to access services
- Help after attack or harassment
- Health and nutrition
- Getting financial support
- General news
- Food prices
- Finding work
- Finding missing people
- Family planning
- Communication with other places
SEVERITY OF NEEDS

MOST SEVERE NEEDS REPORTED IN THESE LOCATIONS

- WASH facilities
- Vocational training
- Transport
- Shelter
- Safety and security
- Psychosocial support
- Job opportunities
- Hygiene items
- Health facilities
- Food
- Education for children
- Drinking water
- Cooking utensils
- Cooking fuel and firewood
- Clothing and footwear
- Cash
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**SHELTER & NFI**

**GREATEST NFI NEEDS**

- Lighting
- Plastic sheets
- Blankets
- Floor mats
- Kitchen sets
- Cash for rent
- Cash for shelter material
- Shelter construction training
- Support constructing shelters
- Support repairing shelters
- Shelter materials
- Cooking items
- Clothing
- Fuel
- No needs

**SITE MANAGEMENT**

**MOST COMMONLY REPORTED SAFETY / SECURITY CONCERN:**

**NO LIGHTING**

**PLACES WHERE SAFETY INCIDENTS WERE REPORTED**

- Children
  - Waterpoints
  - Transportation
  - Market
  - Firewood collection point
  - Distribution site
  - Bathing washing facility
- Female
  - Waterpoints
  - Transportation
  - Market
  - Firewood collection point
  - Distribution site
  - Bathing washing facility
- Male
  - Waterpoints
  - Transportation
  - Market
  - Firewood collection point
  - Distribution site
  - Bathing washing facility
WASH

NUMBER OF LOCATIONS REPORTING

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Water Source</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Treating water</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Latrine access</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bathing facility access</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ISSUES PREVENTING LATRINE ACCESS

- Unclean
- Too far
- Prefer to defecate outdoors
- Not safe/private
- Not enough
- No water
- No sex separation
- Latrines are full
- Insufficient lighting
- Difficult access

- Latrines are not sex-separated in 90% of locations
- Latrines do not have locks in 30% of locations
- WASH facilities do not have adequate lighting in 0% of locations
- Most of the community areas are unclean in 100% of locations

 PRIMARY DRINKING WATER SOURCE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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</table>

 PRIMARY WATER SOURCE FOR HOUSEHOLD USE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Water Source</th>
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<tbody>
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EDUCATION

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BARRIERS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Barrier</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Over 30 minutes walk</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Under 30 minutes walk</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No access</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barriers exist</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No barriers reported</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Social norms | Safety/security risk | Too far/no transport
Need to work  | No programme/teachers/books |
**FOOD, NUTRITION & LIVELIHOOD**

**MAIN INCOME SOURCE**

- Zakat
- Unskilled wage labour
- Small business
- Skilled profession or technical
- Sell assets from Myanmar
- Savings
- Sale of humanitarian assistance
- Remittances
- Petty trade or street vendor
- No income
- Irregular daily labour
- Fishing
- Firewood collection
- Begging
- Basic needs assistance
- Agriculture labour
- Agricultural production sales

Locations where people have trouble accessing psychosocial support: 40%

Locations where people have trouble accessing disability rehabilitation: 40%

Locations where people have trouble accessing vaccinations: 0%

**MAIN FOOD SOURCE**

- Own production
- Hunting or Fishing
- Host Community
- Foraging
- Distribution assistance
- Credit purchase
- Cash purchase
- Borrowing
- Begging
- Barter and exchange

Locations where people have trouble accessing antenatal healthcare: 10%

**AVAILABILITY OF NUTRITIONAL SUPPLEMENTS**

- Nutritional supplement for pregnant and lactating women
- Nutritional supplement for children

Locations where people eat from three or less food groups: 8%

Locations where people lack cooking utensils: 20%

**TOP FUEL SOURCE**

- PURCHASED FIREWOOD

Locations where children do not have access to the School Feeding Programme: 40%

Locations where lack of cooking utensils limits food intake: 20%

Locations where people lack cooking fuel: 80%

**HEALTH**

**NEAREST HEALTH FACILITY**

- Under 30 min away
- Over 30 min away
- No access

Locations where people have trouble accessing antenatal healthcare: 10%

Locations where people have trouble accessing psychosocial support: 40%

Locations where people have trouble accessing disability rehabilitation: 40%

**WHAT PEOPLE DO IF THEY GET SICK**

- Nothing
- Go to the Kabiraz
- Go to local village doctor
- Go to local health facility
- Buy medicine from local pharmacy

Locations where people can access mobile health clinics: 0%

Locations where people in distress or with mental health issues can access assistance: 40%

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
COMMUNICATION WITH COMMUNITIES

PREFERRED METHODS TO RECEIVE INFORMATION FROM AID ORGANIZATIONS

- Army
- Community meetings
- NGO staff
- Majhee

WHERE PEOPLE REPORT INCIDENTS

- The majhee
- INGO / UN

MOST-NEEDED INFORMATION TOPICS

- Weather
- Security updates
- Sanitation and hygiene
- Replacing personal documentation
- Relocation info
- Preventing attack or harassment
- How to get transport
- How to get cooking fuel
- How to access services
- Help after attack or harassment
- Health and nutrition
- Getting financial support
- General news
- Food prices
- Finding work
- Finding missing people
- Family planning
- Communication with other places

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
SEVERITY OF NEEDS

MOST SEVERE NEEDS REPORTED IN THESE LOCATIONS

- WASH facilities
- Vocational training
- Transport
- Shelter
- Safety and security
- Psychosocial support
- Job opportunities
- Hygiene items
- Health facilities
- Food
- Education for children
- Drinking water
- Cooking utensils
- Cooking fuel and firewood
- Clothing and footwear
- Cash
- Access to registration and documentation
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GREATEST NFI NEEDS

- Lighting
- Plastic sheets
- Blankets
- Floor mats
- Kitchen sets
- Cash for rent
- Cash for shelter material
- Shelter construction training
- Support constructing shelters
- Support repairing shelters
- Shelter materials
- Cooking items
- Clothing
- Fuel
- No needs

LOCATIONS: 21
HOUSEHOLDS: 1600
INDIVIDUALS: 6400

MOST COMMONLY REPORTED SAFETY / SECURITY CONCERN:

NO LIGHTING

PLACES WHERE SAFETY INCIDENTS WERE REPORTED:

- Waterpoints
- Transportation
- Market
- Firewood collection point
- Distribution site
- Bathing washing facility

Children: [Bar chart]
Female: [Bar chart]
Male: [Bar chart]
WASH

NUMBER OF LOCATIONS REPORTING

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source/Infrastructure</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Treating water</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sufficient water storage</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sufficient household water</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sufficient drinking water</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Latrine access</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bathing facility access</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ISSUES PREVENTING LATRINE ACCESS

71% of locations

38% of locations

33% of locations

Most of the community areas are unclean in 81% of locations

Latrines are not sex-separated in

WASH facilities do not have adequate lighting in

Latrines do not have locks in

PRIMARY DRINKING WATER SOURCE

No water source: 0

Non-improved: 5

Improved: 10

PRIMARY WATER SOURCE FOR HOUSEHOLD USE

No water source: 5

Non-improved: 10

Improved: 15

EDUCATION

ACCESS

Number of Locations

Formal: 15

Non-formal: 20

BARRIERS

Girls: 10

Boys: 15

No access

Over 30 minutes walk

Under 30 minutes walk

Social norms

Safety/security risk

Need to work

No programme/teachers/books

Too far/no transport

NPM SA 9 - For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
FOOD, NUTRITION & LIVELIHOOD

MAIN FOOD SOURCE

- Own production
- Hunting or Fishing
- Host Community
- Foraging
- Distribution assistance
- Credit purchase
- Cash purchase
- Borrowing
- Begging
- Barter and exchange

Number of Locations

MAIN INCOME SOURCE

- Zakat
- Unskilled wage labour
- Small business
- Skilled profession or technical
- Sell assets from Myanmar
- Savings
- Sale of humanitarian assistance
- Remittances
- Petty trade or street vendor
- No income
- Irregular daily labour
- Fishing
- Firewood collection
- Begging
- Basic needs assistance
- Agriculture labour
- Agricultural production sales

Number of Locations

AVAILABILITY OF NUTRITIONAL SUPPLEMENTS

- Nutritional supplement for pregnant and lactating women
- Nutritional supplement for children

Supplements available
Supplements available with problems
Not available

Number of Locations

HEALTH

NEAREST HEALTH FACILITY

- Under 30 min away
- Over 30 min away
- No access

Number of Locations

WHAT PEOPLE DO IF THEY GET SICK

- Nothing
- Go to the Kabiraz
- Go to local village doctor
- Go to local health facility
- Buy medicine from local pharmacy

Number of Locations

Locations where people have trouble accessing antenatal healthcare 0%
Locations where people have trouble accessing psychosocial support 90%
Locations where people can access mobile health clinics 19%
Locations where people have trouble accessing disability rehabilitation 95%
Locations where people have trouble accessing vaccinations 0%
Locations where people in distress or with mental health issues can access assistance 43%

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
COMMUNICATION WITH COMMUNITIES

PREFERRED METHODS TO RECEIVE INFORMATION FROM AID ORGANIZATIONS

- Army
- Word of mouth
- Volunteer/staff visits
- Community meetings
- NGO staff
- Community / religious leader
- Info desk
- Majhee

WHERE PEOPLE REPORT INCIDENTS

- The majhee
- INGO / UN
- Family, friends or neighbours

MOST-NEEDED INFORMATION TOPICS

- Weather
- Security updates
- Sanitation and hygiene
- Replacing personal documentation
- Relocation info
- Preventing attack or harassment
- How to get transport
- How to get cooking fuel
- How to access services
- Help after attack or harassment
- Health and nutrition
- Getting financial support
- General news
- Food prices
- Finding work
- Finding missing people
- Family planning
- Communication with other places
SEVERITY OF NEEDS

Most Severe Needs Reported in These Locations

- WASH facilities: Extremely severe
- Vocational training: Not severe
- Transport: Very severe
- Shelter: Somewhat severe
- Safety and security: Not severe
- Psychosocial support: Moderately severe
- Job opportunities: Not severe
- Hygiene items: Not severe
- Health facilities: Not severe
- Food: Not severe
- Education: Not severe
- Cooking utensils: Not severe
- Cooking fuel: Not severe
- Clothing and footwear: Not severe
- Cash: Not severe
- Access to registration and documentation: Not severe
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DATES OF ASSESSMENT: March 11 - March 19, 2018

LOCATIONS: 24
HOUSEHOLDS: 2300
INDIVIDUALS: 9400

GREATEST NFI NEEDS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Need</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lighting</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plastic sheets</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blankets</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Floor mats</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kitchen sets</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash for rent</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash for shelter material</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shelter construction training</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Support constructing shelters</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Support repairing shelters</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shelter materials</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cooking items</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clothing</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuel</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No needs</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SITE MANAGEMENT

MOST COMMONLY REPORTED SAFETY / SECURITY CONCERN: FEAR OF BREAK IN

PLACES WHERE SAFETY INCIDENTS WERE REPORTED:

- Waterpoints
- Transportation
- Market
- Firewood collection point
- Distribution site
- Bathing washing facility
- Waterpoints
- Transportation
- Market
- Firewood collection point
- Distribution site
- Bathing washing facility
- Waterpoints
- Transportation
- Market
- Firewood collection point
- Distribution site
- Bathing washing facility
WASH

NUMBER OF LOCATIONS REPORTING

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Issue</th>
<th>No. of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Treating water</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sufficient water storage</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sufficient household water</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sufficient drinking water</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Latrine access</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bathing facility access</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ISSUES PREVENTING LATRINE ACCESS

- Unclean
- Too far
- Prefer to defecate outdoors
- Not safe/private
- Not enough
- No water
- No sex separation
- Latrines are full
- Insufficient lighting
- Difficult access

- Latrines are not sex-separated in 50% of locations
- Latrines do not have locks in 0% of locations
- WASH facilities do not have adequate lighting in 12% of locations
- Most of the community areas are unclean in 79% of locations

PRIMARY DRINKING WATER SOURCE

- No water source
- Non-improved
- Improved

PRIMARY WATER SOURCE FOR HOUSEHOLD USE

- No water source
- Non-improved
- Improved

EDUCATION

ACCESS

- Number of Locations
  - Formal
  - Non-formal

BARRIERS

- Number of Locations
  - Social norms
  - Need to work
  - Safety/security risk
  - No programme/teachers/books
  - Too far/no transport

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
FOOD, NUTRITION & LIVELIHOOD

MAIN INCOME SOURCE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Income Source</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Zakat</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unskilled wage labour</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Small business</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skilled profession or technical</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sell assets from Myanmar</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Savings</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sale of humanitarian assistance</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remittances</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Petty trade or street vendor</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No income</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Irregular daily labour</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fishing</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Firewood collection</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Begging</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Basic needs assistance</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agriculture labour</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agricultural production sales</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

MAIN FOOD SOURCE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Own production</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hunting or Fishing</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Host Community</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foraging</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distribution assistance</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Credit purchase</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash purchase</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Borrowing</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Begging</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barter and exchange</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

AVAILABILITY OF NUTRITIONAL SUPPLEMENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Supplement for pregnant and lactating women</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Supplements available</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplements available with problems</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not available</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Supplement for children</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Supplements available</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplements available with problems</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not available</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Number of Locations

0 5 10 15 20 25

TOP FUEL SOURCE

SELF-COLLECTED FIREWOOD

HEALTH

NEAREST HEALTH FACILITY

What people do if they get sick

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Health Facility</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Under 30 min away</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 30 min away</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No access</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

WHAT PEOPLE DO IF THEY GET SICK

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Locations where people have trouble accessing antenatal healthcare</td>
<td>46%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Locations where people have trouble accessing psychosocial support</td>
<td>88%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Locations where people can access mobile health clinics</td>
<td>42%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Locations where people have trouble accessing disability rehabilitation</td>
<td>83%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Locations where people have trouble accessing vaccinations</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Locations where people have trouble accessing vaccinations</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Locations where people in distress or with mental health issues can access assistance</td>
<td>88%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
COMMUNICATION WITH COMMUNITIES

PREFERRED METHODS TO RECEIVE INFORMATION FROM AID ORGANIZATIONS

- Army
- Word of mouth
- Focus group
- Community meetings
- Microphone announcement
- Community radio
- NGO staff
- Local government
- Community / religious leader
- Majhee

WHERE PEOPLE REPORT INCIDENTS

- The majhee
- INGO / UN
- Healthcare point
- Family, friends or neighbours

MOST-NEEDED INFORMATION TOPICS

- Weather
- Security updates
- Sanitation and hygiene
- Replacing personal documentation
- Relocation info
- Preventing attack or harassment
- How to get transport
- How to get cooking fuel
- How to access services
- Help after attack or harassment
- Health and nutrition
- Getting financial support
- General news
- Food prices
- Finding work
- Finding missing people
- Family planning
- Communication with other places

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
SEVERITY OF NEEDS

MOST SEVERE NEEDS REPORTED IN THESE LOCATIONS

- WASH facilities
- Vocational training
- Transport
- Shelter
- Safety and security
- Psychosocial support
- Job opportunities
- Hygiene items
- Health facilities
- Food
- Education for children
- Drinking water
- Cooking utensils
- Cooking fuel and firewood
- Clothing and footwear
- Cash
- Access to registration and documentation

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**WASH**

**PRIMARY DRINKING WATER SOURCE**
- No water source
- Non-improved
- Improved

**PRIMARY WATER SOURCE FOR HOUSEHOLD USE**
- No water source
- Non-improved
- Improved

**EDUCATION**

**ACCESS**
- Formal
- Non-formal

**BARRIERS**
- Girls: No barriers reported, Barriers exist
- Boys: No barriers reported, Barriers exist

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
### FOOD, NUTRITION & LIVELIHOOD

**MAIN INCOME SOURCE**

- Zakat
- Unskilled wage labour
- Small business
- Skilled profession or technical
- Sell assets from Myanmar
- Savings
- Sale of humanitarian assistance
- Remittances
- Petty trade or street vendor
- No income
- Irregular daily labour
- Fishing
- Firewood collection
- Begging
- Basic needs assistance
- Agriculture labour
- Agricultural production sales

**MAIN FOOD SOURCE**

- Own production
- Hunting or Fishing
- Host Community
- Foraging
- Distribution assistance
- Credit purchase
- Cash purchase
- Borrowing
- Begging
- Barter and exchange

**AVAILABILITY OF NUTRITIONAL SUPPLEMENTS**

- Nutritional supplement for pregnant and lactating women
- Nutritional supplement for children

**TOP FUEL SOURCE**

- PURCHASED FIREWOOD

### HEALTH

**NEAREST HEALTH FACILITY**

- Under 30 min away
- Over 30 min away
- No access

**WHAT PEOPLE DO IF THEY GET SICK**

- Nothing
- Go to the Kabiraz
- Go to local village doctor
- Go to local health facility
- Buy medicine from local pharmacy

- Locations where people have trouble accessing antenatal healthcare: 17%
- Locations where people have trouble accessing psychosocial support: 0%
- Locations where people can access mobile health clinics: 83%
- Locations where people have trouble accessing disability rehabilitation: 0%
- Locations where people have trouble accessing vaccinations: 0%
- Locations where people in distress or with mental health issues can access assistance: 0%
**COMMUNICATION WITH COMMUNITIES**

**Preferred Methods to Receive Information from Aid Organizations**
- Army
- Volunteer/staff visits
- Community meetings
- Microphone announcement
- NGO staff
- Majhee

**Where People Report Incidents**
- The majhee
- INGO / UN

**Most-Needed Information Topics**
- Weather
- Security updates
- Sanitation and hygiene
- Replacing personal documentation
- Relocation info
- Preventing attack or harassment
- How to get transport
- How to get cooking fuel
- How to access services
- Help after attack or harassment
- Health and nutrition
- Getting financial support
- General news
- Food prices
- Finding work
- Finding missing people
- Family planning
- Communication with other places

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SEVERITY OF NEEDS

**MOST SEVERE NEEDS REPORTED IN THESE LOCATIONS**

- WASH facilities
- Vocational training
- Transport
- Shelter
- Safety and security
- Psychosocial support
- Job opportunities
- Hygiene items
- Health facilities
- Food
- Education for children
- Drinking water
- Cooking utensils
- Cooking fuel and firewood
- Clothing and footwear
- Cash
- Access to registration and documentation

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**NO LIGHTING**

**PLACES WHERE SAFETY INCIDENTS WERE REPORTED**

- Waterpoints
- Transportation Market
- Firewood collection point
- Distribution site
- Bathing washing facility

**Number of Locations**

- Children
- Female
- Male
WASH

NUMBER OF LOCATIONS REPORTING

- Treating water
- Sufficient water storage
- Sufficient household water
- Sufficient drinking water
- Latrine access
- Bathing facility access

ISSUES PREVENTING LATRINE ACCESS

- Unclean
- Too far
- Prefer to defecate outdoors
- Not safe/private
- Not enough
- No water
- No sex separation
- Latrines are full
- Insufficient lighting
- Difficult access

PRIMARY DRINKING WATER SOURCE

- No water source
- Non-improved
- Improved

PRIMARY WATER SOURCE FOR HOUSEHOLD USE

- No water source
- Non-improved
- Improved

EDUCATION

ACCESS

- Formal
- Non-formal

BARRIERS

- Social norms
- Need to work
- Safety/security risk
- No programme/teachers/books
- Too far/no transport

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
**FOOD, NUTRITION & LIVELIHOOD**

**MAIN INCOME SOURCE**

- Zakat
- Unskilled wage labour
- Small business
- Skilled profession or technical
- Sell assets from Myanmar
- Savings
- Sale of humanitarian assistance
- Remittances
- Petty trade or street vendor
- No income
- Irregular daily labour
- Fishing
- Firewood collection
- Begging
- Basic needs assistance
- Agriculture labour
- Agricultural production sales

Number of Locations

**AVAILABILITY OF NUTRITIONAL SUPPLEMENTS**

- Nutritional supplement for pregnant and lactating women
- Nutritional supplement for children

Number of Locations

- Supplements available
- Supplements available with problems
- Not available

**MAIN FOOD SOURCE**

- Own production
- Hunting or Fishing
- Host Community
- Foraging
- Distribution assistance
- Credit purchase
- Cash purchase
- Borrowing
- Begging
- Barter and exchange

Number of Locations

**HEALTH**

**NEAREST HEALTH FACILITY**

- Under 30 min away
- Over 30 min away
- No access

Number of Locations

**WHAT PEOPLE DO IF THEY GET SICK**

- Nothing
- Go to the Kabiraz
- Go to local village doctor
- Go to local health facility
- Buy medicine from local pharmacy

Number of Locations

Locations where people have trouble accessing antenatal healthcare: 39%

Locations where people have trouble accessing psychosocial support: 79%

Locations where people can access mobile health clinics: 32%

Locations where people have trouble accessing disability rehabilitation: 66%

Locations where people have trouble accessing vaccinations: 13%

Locations where people in distress or with mental health issues can access assistance: 71%
COMMUNICATION WITH COMMUNITIES

PREFERRED METHODS TO RECEIVE INFORMATION FROM AID ORGANIZATIONS

- Army
- Word of mouth
- Volunteer/staff visits
- Focus group
- Tea stall sessions
- Community meetings
- Microphone announcement
- Community radio
- SW/FM radio
- NGO staff
- Community / religious leader

WHERE PEOPLE REPORT INCIDENTS

- Religious leader
- The majhee
- Local NGO
- Local government
- INGO / UN
- Healthcare point
- Family, friends or neighbours

MOST-NEEDED INFORMATION TOPICS

- Weather
- Security updates
- Sanitation and hygiene
- Replacing personal documentation
- Relocation info
- Preventing attack or harassment
- How to get transport
- How to get cooking fuel
- How to access services
- Help after attack or harassment
- Health and nutrition
- Getting financial support
- General news
- Food prices
- Finding work
- Finding missing people
- Family planning
- Communication with other places
SEVERITY OF NEEDS

MOST SEVERE NEEDS REPORTED IN THESE LOCATIONS

- WASH facilities
- Vocational training
- Transport
- Shelter
- Safety and security
- Psychosocial support
- Job opportunities
- Hygiene items
- Health facilities
- Food
- Education for children
- Drinking water
- Cooking utensils
- Cooking fuel and firewood
- Clothing and footwear
- Cash
- Access to registration and documentation

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
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**LOCATIONS**

- **Households:** 3800
- **Individuals:** 19400

**GREATEST NFI NEEDS**

- No needs: 1
- Fuel: 2
- Clothing: 3
- Cooking items: 4
- Shelter materials: 4
- Support repairing shelters: 4
- Support constructing shelters: 4
- Shelter construction training: 3
- Cash for shelter material: 3
- Cash for rent: 2
- Kitchen sets: 2
- Floor mats: 1
- Blankets: 1
- Plastic sheets: 0
- Lighting: 0

**SHELTER & NFI**

**SITE MANAGEMENT**

**MOST COMMONLY REPORTED SAFETY / SECURITY CONCERN:**

- Fear of break in

**PLACES WHERE SAFETY INCIDENTS WERE REPORTED**

- Waterpoints
- Transportation
- Market
- Firewood collection point
- Distribution site
- Bathing washing facility

**Date of assessment:** March 11, 2018
WASH

NUMBER OF LOCATIONS REPORTING

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Treating water</td>
<td>About half</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sufficient water storage</td>
<td>Most</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sufficient household water</td>
<td>Most</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sufficient drinking water</td>
<td>Most</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Latrine access</td>
<td>Most</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bathing facility access</td>
<td>Most</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ISSUES PREVENTING LATRINE ACCESS

- Unclean
- Too far
- Prefer to defecate outdoors
- Not safe/private
- Not enough
- No water
- No sex separation
- Latrines are full
- Insufficient lighting
- Difficult access

- Latrines are not sex-separated in 14% of locations
- Latrines do not have locks in 0% of locations

PRIMARY DRINKING WATER SOURCE

- No water source
- Non-improved
- Improved

PRIMARY WATER SOURCE FOR HOUSEHOLD USE

- No water source
- Non-improved
- Improved

ACCESS

- Formal
- Non-formal

BARRIERS

- Social norms
- Safety/security risk
- Need to work
- No programme/teachers/books
- Too far/no transport

EDUCATION

- Girls
- Boys

NUMBER OF LOCATIONS REPORTING

- No access
- Over 30 minutes walk
- Under 30 minutes walk

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
**FOOD, NUTRITION & LIVELIHOOD**

**MAIN INCOME SOURCE**
- Zakat
- Unskilled wage labour
- Small business
- Skilled profession or technical
- Sell assets from Myanmar
- Savings
- Sale of humanitarian assistance
- Remittances
- Petty trade or street vendor
- No income
- Irregular daily labour
- Fishing
- Firewood collection
- Begging
- Basic needs assistance
- Agriculture labour
- Agricultural production sales

**AVAILABILITY OF NUTRITIONAL SUPPLEMENTS**
- Nutritional supplement for pregnant and lactating women
- Nutritional supplement for children

**MAIN FOOD SOURCE**
- Own production
- Hunting or Fishing
- Host Community
- Foraging
- Distribution assistance
- Credit purchase
- Cash purchase
- Borrowing
- Begging
- Barter and exchange

**NEAREST HEALTH FACILITY**

**WHAT PEOPLE DO IF THEY GET SICK**
- Nothing
- Go to the Kabiraz
- Go to local village doctor
- Go to local health facility
- Buy medicine from local pharmacy

**HEALTH**

**TOP FUEL SOURCE**

**PURCHASED FIREWOOD**

**Locations where people have trouble accessing antenatal healthcare**
- 29%

**Locations where people have trouble accessing psychosocial support**
- 86%

**Locations where people can access mobile health clinics**
- 43%

**Locations where people have trouble accessing disability rehabilitation**
- 86%

**Locations where people have trouble accessing vaccinations**
- 14%

**Locations where people in distress or with mental health issues can access assistance**
- 86%
COMMUNICATION WITH COMMUNITIES

PREFERRED METHODS TO RECEIVE INFORMATION FROM AID ORGANIZATIONS

- Volunteer/staff visits
- Focus group
- Community meetings
- NGO staff
- Majhee

WHERE PEOPLE REPORT INCIDENTS

- The majhee
- Local NGO
- INGO / UN

MOST-NEEDED INFORMATION TOPICS

- Weather
- Security updates
- Sanitation and hygiene
- Replacing personal documentation
- Relocation info
- Preventing attack or harassment
- How to get transport
- How to get cooking fuel
- How to access services
- Help after attack or harassment
- Health and nutrition
- Getting financial support
- General news
- Food prices
- Finding work
- Finding missing people
- Family planning
- Communication with other places

NPM SA 9 - For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
**SEVERITY OF NEEDS**

The chart illustrates the severity of needs reported in Nayapara RC, with the most severe needs in dark blue, somewhat severe in light blue, moderately severe in gray, very severe in yellow, and extremely severe in orange.

### Most Severe Needs Reported in These Locations

- WASH facilities
- Vocational training
- Transport
- Shelter
- Safety and security
- Psychosocial support
- Job opportunities
- Hygiene items
- Health facilities
- Food
- Education for children
- Drinking water
- Cooking utensils
- Cooking fuel and firewood
- Clothing and footwear
- Cash
- Access to registration and documentation

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**SITE MANAGEMENT**

**MOST COMMONLY REPORTED SAFETY / SECURITY CONCERN:**

**NO LIGHTING**

---

**SHELTER & NFI**

**GREATEST NFI NEEDS**

- Lighting
- Plastic sheets
- Blankets
- Floor mats
- Kitchen sets
- Cash for rent
- Cash for shelter material
- Shelter construction training
- Support constructing shelters
- Support repairing shelters
- Shelter materials
- Cooking items
- Clothing
- Fuel
- No needs

---

**PLACES WHERE SAFETY INCIDENTS WERE REPORTED**

- Waterpoints
- Transportation
- Market
- Firewood collection point
- Distribution site
- Bathing washing facility

---

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
Latrines are not sex-separated in 69% of locations.

Latrines do not have locks in 11% of locations.

WASH facilities do not have adequate lighting in 28% of locations.

Most of the community areas are unclean in 89% of locations.

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
**FOOD, NUTRITION & LIVELIHOOD**

### MAIN INCOME SOURCE

- Zakat
- Unskilled wage labour
- Small business
- Skilled profession or technical skills
- Sell assets from Myanmar
- Savings
- Sale of humanitarian assistance
- Remittances
- Petty trade or street vendor
- No income
- Irregular daily labour
- Fishing
- Firewood collection
- Begging
- Basic needs assistance
- Agriculture labour
- Agricultural production sales

### AVAILABILITY OF NUTRITIONAL SUPPLEMENTS

- Nutritional supplement for pregnant and lactating women
- Nutritional supplement for children

### MAIN FOOD SOURCE

- Own production
- Hunting or Fishing
- Host Community
- Foraging
- Distribution assistance
- Credit purchase
- Cash purchase
- Borrowing
- Begging
- Barter and exchange

### NEAREST HEALTH FACILITY

- Under 30 min away
- Over 30 min away
- No access

### HEALTH

#### WHAT PEOPLE DO IF THEY GET SICK

- Nothing
- Go to the Kabiraz
- Go to local village doctor
- Go to local health facility
- Buy medicine from local pharmacy

- Locations where people have trouble accessing antenatal healthcare
- Locations where people have trouble accessing psychosocial support
- Locations where people can access mobile health clinics
- Locations where people have trouble accessing disability rehabilitation
- Locations where people have trouble accessing vaccinations
- Locations where people in distress or with mental health issues can access assistance

### SELF-COLLECTED FIREWOOD

- TOP FUEL SOURCE

- Individuals eating only once a day
- Locations where children do not have access to the School Feeding Programme
- Locations where lack of cooking utensils limits food intake
- Locations where people lack cooking fuel
COMMUNICATION WITH COMMUNITIES

PREFERRED METHODS TO RECEIVE INFORMATION FROM AID ORGANIZATIONS

- Army
- Word of mouth
- Volunteer/staff visits
- Community meetings
- Microphone announcement
- SW/FM radio
- NGO staff
- Majhee

WHERE PEOPLE REPORT INCIDENTS

- The majhee
- Local NGO
- Local government
- INGO / UN

MOST-NEEDED INFORMATION TOPICS

- Weather
- Security updates
- Sanitation and hygiene
- Replacing personal documentation
- Relocation info
- Preventing attack or harassment
- How to get transport
- How to get cooking fuel
- How to access services
- Help after attack or harassment
- Health and nutrition
- Getting financial support
- General news
- Food prices
- Finding work
- Finding missing people
- Family planning
- Communication with other places

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
**SEVERITY OF NEEDS**

- **Vocational training**
- **Transport**
- **Safety and security**
- **Psychosocial support**
- **Job opportunities**
- **Improve WASH facilities**
- **Improve shelter quality**
- **Improve drinking water**
- **Hygiene items**
- **Health facilities**
- **Food**
- **Education**
- **Cooking utensils**
- **Cooking fuel**
- **Clothing and footwear**
- **Cash**
- **Access to registration/documentation**

**MOST SEVERE NEEDS REPORTED IN THESE LOCATIONS**

- **WASH facilities**
- **Vocational training**
- **Transport**
- **Shelter**
- **Safety and security**
- **Psychosocial support**
- **Job opportunities**
- **Hygiene items**
- **Health facilities**
- **Food**
- **Education for children**
- **Drinking water**
- **Cooking utensils**
- **Cooking fuel and firewood**
- **Clothing and footwear**
- **Cash**
- **Access to registration and documentation**

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
SHELTER & NFI

GREATEST NFI NEEDS

- Lighting
- Plastic sheets
- Blankets
- Floor mats
- Kitchen sets
- Cash for rent
- Cash for shelter material
- Shelter construction training
- Support constructing shelters
- Support repairing shelters
- Shelter materials
- Cooking items
- Clothing
- Fuel
- No needs

Number of Locations

SITE MANAGEMENT

MOST COMMONLY REPORTED SAFETY / SECURITY CONCERN:

NO LIGHTING

PLACES WHERE SAFETY INCIDENTS WERE REPORTED

- Waterpoints
- Transportation Market
- Firewood collection point
- Distribution site
- Bathing washing facility

Number of Locations

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WASH

NUMBER OF LOCATIONS REPORTING

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Treating water</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sufficient water storage</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sufficient household water</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sufficient drinking water</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Latrine access</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bathing facility access</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ISSUES PREVENTING LATRINE ACCESS

- Unclean
- Too far
- Prefer to defecate outdoors
- Not safe/private
- Not enough
- No water
- No sex separation
- Latrines are full
- Insufficient lighting
- Difficult access

Latrines are not sex-separated in 82% of locations
Latrines do not have locks in 0% of locations
WASH facilities do not have adequate lighting in 0% of locations
Most of the community areas are unclean in 82% of locations

PRIMARY DRINKING WATER SOURCE

- No water source
- Non-improved
- Improved

PRIMARY WATER SOURCE FOR HOUSEHOLD USE

- No water source
- Non-improved
- Improved

EDUCATION

ACCESS

- Formal
- Non-formal

BARRIERS

- Boys
- Girls

- No barriers reported
- Barriers exist
- Over 30 minutes walk
- Under 30 minutes walk
- Need to work
- Safety/security risk
- No programme/teachers/books
- Too far/no transport

Most of the community areas are unclean in 82% of locations

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
FAO, NUTRITION & LIVELIHOOD

MAIN INCOME SOURCE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Zakat</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unskilled wage labour</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Small business</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skilled profession or technical</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sell assets from Myanmar</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Savings</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sale of humanitarian assistance</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remittances</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Petty trade or street vendor</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No income</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Irregular daily labour</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fishing</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Firewood collection</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Begging</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Basic needs assistance</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agriculture labour</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agricultural production sales</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

MAIN FOOD SOURCE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Own production</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hunting or Fishing</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Host Community</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foraging</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distribution assistance</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Credit purchase</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash purchase</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Borrowing</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Begging</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barter and exchange</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

AVAILABILITY OF NUTRITIONAL SUPPLEMENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Supplement</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nutritional supplement for pregnant and lactating women</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nutritional supplement for children</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

WHAT PEOPLE DO IF THEY GET SICK

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Action</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nothing</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Go to the Kabiraz</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Go to local village doctor</td>
<td>71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Go to local health facility</td>
<td>71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buy medicine from local pharmacy</td>
<td>41</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEAREST HEALTH FACILITY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Distance</th>
<th>Number of Locations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Under 30 min away</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 30 min away</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No access</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Locations where people have trouble accessing antenatal healthcare 12%
Locations where people have trouble accessing psychosocial support 35%
Locations where people can access mobile health clinics 71%
Locations where people have trouble accessing disability rehabilitation 41%
Locations where people have trouble accessing vaccinations 18%
Locations where people in distress or with mental health issues can access assistance 41%
COMMUNICATION WITH COMMUNITIES

PREFERRED METHODS TO RECEIVE INFORMATION FROM AID ORGANIZATIONS

- Army
- Volunteer/staff visits
- Community meetings
- Microphone announcement
- NGO staff
- Community / religious leader
- Phone / SMS
- Majhee

WHERE PEOPLE REPORT INCIDENTS

- The majhee
- Local NGO
- INGO / UN

MOST-NEEDED INFORMATION TOPICS

- Weather
- Security updates
- Sanitation and hygiene
- Replacing personal documentation
- Relocation info
- Preventing attack or harassment
- How to get transport
- How to get cooking fuel
- How to access services
- Help after attack or harassment
- Health and nutrition
- Getting financial support
- General news
- Food prices
- Finding work
- Finding missing people
- Family planning
- Communication with other places

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
SEVERITY OF NEEDS

Most severe needs reported in these locations:

- WASH facilities
- Vocational training
- Transport
- Shelter
- Safety and security
- Psychosocial support
- Job opportunities
- Hygiene items
- Health facilities
- Food
- Education for children
- Drinking water
- Cooking utensils
- Cooking fuel and firewood
- Clothing and footwear
- Cash
- Access to registration and documentation

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For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int

LOCATIONS | HOUSEHOLDS | INDIVIDUALS
--- | --- | ---
52 | 4600 | 22100

**SHELTER & NFI**

**GREATEST NFI NEEDS**

- Lighting
- Plastic sheets
- Blankets
- Floor mats
- Kitchen sets
- Cash for rent
- Cash for shelter material
- Shelter construction training
- Support constructing shelters
- Support repairing shelters
- Shelter materials
- Cooking items
- Clothing
- Fuel
- No needs

**SITE MANAGEMENT**

**MOST COMMONLY REPORTED SAFETY / SECURITY CONCERN:**

**NO LIGHTING**

**PLACES WHERE SAFETY INCIDENTS WERE REPORTED**

- Waterpoints
- Transportation
- Market
- Firewood collection point
- Distribution site
- Bathing washing facility

Chad: 
- Male 
- Female 

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int

**Dates of assessment: March 11 - March 12, 2018**
Latrines are not sex-separated in 75% of locations.

Latrines do not have locks in 0% of locations.

WASH facilities do not have adequate lighting in 10% of locations.

Most of the community areas are unclean in 60% of locations.

**Access**

- Girls
  - No access
  - Over 30 minutes walk
  - Under 30 minutes walk

- Boys
  - No access
  - Over 30 minutes walk
  - Under 30 minutes walk

**Barriers**

- Social norms
- Need to work
- Safety/security risk
- No programme/teachers/books
- Too far/no transport

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
**FOOD, NUTRITION & LIVELIHOOD**

**MAIN INCOME SOURCE**
- Zakat
- Unskilled wage labour
- Small business
- Skilled profession or technical
- Sell assets from Myanmar
- Savings
- Sale of humanitarian assistance
- Remittances
- Petty trade or street vendor
- No income
- Irregular daily labour
- Fishing
- Firewood collection
- Begging
- Basic needs assistance
- Agriculture labour
- Agricultural production sales

**AVAILABILITY OF NUTRITIONAL SUPPLEMENTS**
- Nutritional supplement for pregnant and lactating women
- Nutritional supplement for children

**MAIN FOOD SOURCE**
- Own production
- Hunting or Fishing
- Host Community
- Foraging
- Distribution assistance
- Credit purchase
- Cash purchase
- Borrowing
- Begging
- Barter and exchange

**HEALTH**

**NEAREST HEALTH FACILITY**
- Under 30 min away
- Over 30 min away
- No access

**WHAT PEOPLE DO IF THEY GET SICK**
- Nothing
- Go to the Kabiraz
- Go to local village doctor
- Go to local health facility
- Buy medicine from local pharmacy

**LOCATIONS WHERE PEOPLE HAVE TROUBLE**
- Locations where people have trouble accessing antenatal healthcare
  - 33%
- Locations where people have trouble accessing psychosocial support
  - 35%
- Locations where people can access mobile health clinics
  - 83%
- Locations where people have trouble accessing disability rehabilitation
  - 29%
- Locations where people have trouble accessing vaccinations
  - 13%
- Locations where people in distress or with mental health issues can access assistance
  - 40%
COMMUNICATION WITH COMMUNITIES

PREFERRED METHODS TO RECEIVE INFORMATION FROM AID ORGANIZATIONS

- Army
- Volunteer/staff visits
- Community meetings
- Printed flyers
- Microphone announcement
- Community radio
- NGO staff
- Majhee

WHERE PEOPLE REPORT INCIDENTS

- Religious leader
- The majhee
- Local NGO
- INGO / UN

MOST-NEEDED INFORMATION TOPICS

- Weather
- Security updates
- Sanitation and hygiene
- Replacing personal documentation
- Relocation info
- Preventing attack or harassment
- How to get transport
- How to get cooking fuel
- How to access services
- Help after attack or harassment
- Health and nutrition
- Getting financial support
- General news
- Food prices
- Finding work
- Finding missing people
- Family planning
- Communication with other places

NPM SA 9 - For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
SEVERITY OF NEEDS

MOST SEVERE NEEDS REPORTED IN THESE LOCATIONS

- WASH facilities
- Vocational training
- Transport
- Shelter
- Safety and security
- Psychosocial support
- Job opportunities
- Hygiene items
- Health facilities
- Food
- Education
- Cooking utensils
- Cooking fuel
- Clothing and footwear
- Cash
- Access to registration and documentation

For further information: npmbangladesh@iom.int
METHODOLOGY

March 2018

Needs and Population Monitoring (NPM)

IOM Bangladesh Needs and Population Monitoring (NPM) is part of the IOM’s global Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) programming. DTM is IOM’s information management system to track and monitor population displacement during crises. Composed of several tools and processes, DTM regularly captures and analyzes multilayered data and disseminates information products that help better understand the evolving needs of the displaced population, whether on site or en route.

As of January 2018, NPM Bangladesh has two ongoing regular data collection and information management components, the NPM Site Assessment (SA) and the NPM Flow Monitoring (FM). These are designed to complement each other to provide a complete coverage of population movements over time.

Context

Following an outbreak of violence on 25 August 2017 in Rakhine State, Myanmar, a new massive influx of Rohingya refugees to Cox’s Bazar, Bangladesh started in late August 2017. Most of the Rohingya refugees settled in Ukhia and Teknaf Upazilas of Cox’s Bazar, a district bordering Myanmar identified as the main entry area for border crossings. Previous inflows were recorded in October 2016, when approximately 87,000 crossed into Bangladesh, and other waves were registered during the previous decades. The number of Rohingya refugees, both registered and unregistered, residing in Cox’s Bazar prior to August 2017 is estimated to be around 213,000 individuals.

1. NPM Site Assessment (SA)

The NPM Site Assessment (SA) routinely collects information on numbers, locations, movements and multi-sectoral needs of Rohingya refugees in all areas most recently affected by the sudden influx.

The SA was launched in February 2017 and four rounds of data collection were completed before the mass influx of August 2017 (March, April, June, July). Round 5 included the new influx, and was completed in September.

The NPM SA collects information about the overall Rohingya population, including refugees who arrived before 25 August 2017. It does not collect information on the entire Rohingya population in Bangladesh, but in Cox’s Bazar district only. The NPA SA covers all sites where Rohingya refugees have been identified irrespectively of the location type, including makeshifts settlements, spontaneous settlements, host communities, and formal refugee camps.

Information is collected by a team of 70 enumerators through field level key informant (KI) interviews using a closed-ended KoBo questionnaire. Enumerators are locally recruited and thus able to conduct interviews in Bengali, Rohingya, and Chittagonian. The latter, Chittagongian Bangla, is highly similar to the Rohingya language.

The findings of the KI interviews are triangulated at the field level through direct observations, and spontaneous community group discussions. Not planned ahead, these group discussions are a product of the interest paid to KI interviews conducted in the field and are an important element in giving a voice to the local population and identifying their opinions concerning needs and vulnerabilities.

On average, during a two week data collection period a single round of the NPM SA collects approximately 1600 to 1700 interviews with individual KIs.

The NPM SA contains two separate but interlinked phases; a baseline study and the full multisectoral needs assessment.
1.1 NPM SA Baseline

The NPM SA Baseline provides an overview of key population figures whilst also identifying the locations to be assessed during the full NPM SA. Firstly, previous NPM SA locations are verified, and afterwards new locations are identified and added. Displacement and population figures are recorded as well as the exact GPS coordinates of the KI. The NPM baseline thus is the foundation of the 2nd stage multisectoral needs assessment.

Core information collected is:

- Estimated population size by location (households);
- Georeferenced location (district, upazila, union, location and GPS coordinates);
- Key informants' name and contact details.

Up to NPM SA Round 7, the baseline and the multisectoral needs assessment were carried out at the same time, with a delay of approximately a day between the two. The baseline information was collected approximately a day in advance since the effort of identifying new locations and key informants was an exploratory activity and thus exceptionally time consuming. From Round 8 however, as more information about the overall structure of locations and key informants was available, the two exercises were split and conducted at separate times.

1.2 Multisectoral needs assessment

The multisectoral needs assessment gathers information on the living conditions, needs of populations residing in the locations pre-identified by the NPM baseline. The data collected by the assessment focuses primarily on displacement trends and figures, multi-sectoral vulnerabilities, priorities of assistance, and future objectives.

The questionnaire has been compiled to support the Inter Sector Coordinating Group (ISCG) with sectors leaders and their information managements teams engaged throughout. These provided inputs and indications about the most important issues to tackle, and regularly contribute to the revision of the tool.

The purpose of the NPM multi-sectoral needs assessment is not to replace the role or need for in-depth, sector specific investigation. Rather, the NPM SA aims to provide a regularly updated multi- and cross-sectoral overview of refugees' needs, which allows a more comprehensive understanding of the situation through the identification of correlations among indicators. The goal is to redflag issues and enable sectors to target more precisely a specific geographic location with a more in-depth assessment, tailored to the specific issue that NPM SA managed to highlight.

The SA is comprised of two sections sets of information; population figures and multi-sectoral needs.

1.2.1 POPULATION FIGURES

The SA collects information about the composition of population settled in the assessed location. Core information routinely collected includes:

- Population size by location (individuals and households);
- Geographical information (division, district, upazila, union, location and GPS coordinates of the location);
- State, district and township of origin of refugees from Myanmar;
- Secondary displacement;
- Time of arrival (before or after 25 of August 2017);
- Presence of vulnerable groups.
1.2.2 MULTI-SECTORAL NEEDS ASSESSMENT

The SA collects information about the needs of population settled in the assessed location.

The NPM SA covers the following sectoral areas:

- Shelter & NFI
- WASH
- Food Security and Livelihoods
- Nutrition
- Health
- Education
- Protection
- Communication with communities (CwC)

1.3 SETTLEMENTS TYPES

The Rohingya populations is settled across different settlement types. The settlement types are defined by the ISCG in close cooperation with the Site Management Sector.

Up to February 2018 (NPM SA Round 8), the agreed settlement types were the following:

- **(Formal) Refugee Camps** were the two formal refugee camps established in the early 1990s. They are run by UNHCR and are home to the only registered and recognized refugees in Bangladesh. The two camps are Kutupalong and Nayapara Refugee Camps. These two camps also receive new arrivals, but they are not formally registered as refugees.

- **Makeshift Settlements (MS)** were the settlements established by the Rohingya refugees who arrived after 1991 and prior to 25 August 2017. There are four primary makeshift settlements: Kutupalong MS, Balukhali MS, Leda MS, and Shamlapur MS. However, the first two have now been subsumed into the Kutupalong Extension site. For the purpose of NPM data collection exercise, each Makeshift Settlement is considered separately.

- **Spontaneous Settlement** referred to refugee encampments that sprung up as a result of the new influx since 25 August 2017. The number and size of spontaneous settlements changes regularly, with many of the smaller sites emptying as the Government encourages people to move toward the Kutupalong Extension site. The line between spontaneous settlement and host community might be sometimes difficult to draw. These locations include Rohinya populations who might be fully assimilated into a Bangladeshi village and thus are difficult to identify whilst in other cases an influx of new arrivals might have settled surrounding an existing village, but have not been integrated into it.

To clarify the distinction between Spontaneous Settlements and Host Community Locations, from March 2018 (NPM SA 9) the ISCG and Site Management Sector revised the settlement types as follows:

- **Collective site** refers to camp-like settings where only Rohingya refugees live. This category encompasses the previous Formal Refugee Camps, Makeshift Settlements and part of those Spontaneous Settlements where no Bangladeshi communities live.

- **Collective site with host community** refers to those collective camp-like settlements that developed around existing Bangladeshi communities, and hence present a mixed population.

- **Dispersed site in host community** refers to villages and dispersed locations where Rohingya refugees reside among Bangladeshi host communities.

1 Kutupalong Extension site refers to land provided by the Government to house the new arrivals. It now encompasses Kutupalong makeshift, Balukhali makeshift and Mainnerghona.
1.4 GEOGRAPHIC UNIT OF REFERENCE AND MAJHEE MAPPING

Depending on the settlement type, the geographic unit of reference and the source of information change within the NPM methodology, which is adapted to the different context. However in order to maintain ease of reference the term ‘location’ is used throughout the tool in order to refer to the key informants area of influence and the area about which they are answerinf questions.

- **Makenshift Settlements and the Spontaneous Settlements**: the unit of reference is the majhee block. A majhee is a community leader, belonging to the Rohingya refugee population. A block is the portion of a settlement for which he/she is responsible. Majhees tend to be used as a focal point to deliver services in each block, and are NPM’s main key informants.

- **(Formal) Refugee Camps**: as formal refugee camps were established in the 90s, a former block system coexists with a new block system, developed with the new influx. NPM was given access by UNHCR to the majhees inside the two formal refugee camps during NPM SA Round 7. From NPM SA Round 1 to 6, NPM reported solely the figures of registered refugees provided by UNHCR, including pre- and post- August 2017. The figure was then reported on a site/camp level and no further breakdown was provided. From NPM SA Round 1 to 6 no needs assessment was conducted.

- **Host Community Locations**: the geographic unit of reference is the village. Enumerators collect and triangulate information collected from multiple key informants belonging to the community.

The adoption of the majhee block system as a geographic unit of reference presents advantages and limitations:

**Advantages**

- Formal refugee camps, makeshifts and spontaneous settlements host a highly-concentrated population that settled in open countryside or forest, where no pre-existing official geographic unit of reference could be applied.

- Despite the various efforts from local authorities, UN agencies, army etc. as of January 2018, no unequivocal universally recognized system of reference was in place. Especially not one that could allow such a level of granularity.

- For operational purposes, the majhee block system adopted by the army on the ground was identified as the most reliable unit of reference for population counting and needs assessment.

- The majhee block is the smallest geographic unit among those proposed by other actors (i.e. zones, camps), it is small enough (approximately a hundred families) to be easily aggregated further, hence it is very flexible.

- The majhee block has identifiable block leaders (majhees) appointed by the army, who are tasked to keep track of the population of his/her area of responsibility, and are directly in contact with the army or humanitarian actors for the delivery of services and aid.

- Refugees are aware of what block they belong to and who their majhee is, while they are not familiar with any other geographical references.

**Limitations**

- The block as a geographic unit is bound to the majhee who supervises it. The system is not formalized, blocks do not always present intuitive unequivocal borders on the ground, the system does not have a linear hierarchy, it is not standardized across different sites, and it is susceptible to changes depending on the influx of new arrivals or the decision of the army.

- There is concern about the power dynamics involved in the majhee system, particularly affecting the collection of sensitive or protection-related data.

- Majhees are nominated by the army and not elected/selected by their community. Majhees are informed about the needs of their areas of responsibilities and involved in the delivery of services. Thus majhees’ opinions are indicative of the populations of their block and cannot be considered as representative.

Despite its limitations, among all the possible options the majhee block system remains as the most solid and reliable system to collect granular geo-referenced data across a large area that could be crosschecked and compared with information coming from other sources or actors, be they engaged in operational or data collection activities.

The majhee identification exercise conducted by NPM to identify blocks and key informants was an explorative effort that aimed to be descriptive and not prescriptive.
Finally, data collection through KIs is extremely flexible and in the event that new geographical units of reference were suggested and implemented by local authorities or other actors (such as Site Management Sector for instance), the methodology can be easily adapted to cover a newly created management system while continuing to monitor the pre-existing one.

1.5 TIMEFRAME AND DATA COLLECTION CYCLE

The SA collects information on the total number of families identified in the assessed location at the time of data collection. Therefore, at the end of every round of updates, the new count replaces the old count. The new count can be lower/higher than the previous count if the inflow is smaller/bigger than the outflow, or it can be zero if all refugees left the place where they were previously identified. However, the increase/decrease between two rounds should be read as a net increase/decrease, as the SA does not capture the fluctuations between two different updates.

- A baseline assessment is conducted on average every ten days to two weeks.
- A full NPM assessment is conducted on average on a monthly to bimonthly basis.

1.6 DISSEMINATION

SA data and reports are published regularly after validation by the ISCG. Reports, site profiles, and the full clean dataset are shared publically online alongside the report if not before. Protection-sensitive data such as contact details are not publicly accessible but can be privately requested by relevant actors.

NPM Data and information products are made available on:

- **Global DTM**: [http://www.globaldtm.info/bangladesh/](http://www.globaldtm.info/bangladesh/)
- **Displacement.iom.int**: [https://displacement.iom.int/regions/asia-and-pacific](https://displacement.iom.int/regions/asia-and-pacific)
- **HDX**: [https://data.humdata.org/group/bgd](https://data.humdata.org/group/bgd)
- **OperAerialMap**: [https://openaerialmap.org/](https://openaerialmap.org/)