Overview

This document represents a summary snapshot of monitoring activities conducted by IOM and border monitoring partners at the border between Haiti and the Dominican Republic. The monitoring was put in place following the movements observed at the border before and after the 17th June 2015 expiration of the registration component of the National Plan for the Regularization of Foreigners (PNRE in Spanish), established in the Dominican Republic. Monitoring of border movements began as of the first week of June 2015. Up until the 16th of June 2015, figures are based on partial observations of border crossing points. The network was 100% operational as of July 2015. Due to budget constraints, IOM’s project is now covering 40% of the border (40 border crossing points) as of 1st July 2016.

CUMULATIVE HIGHLIGHTS

- 72,227 households representing 125,720 individuals have crossed the border into Haitian territory
- 35.0% were female while 65.0% were male
- 1,686 presumed unaccompanied minors were identified
- 4,701 households declared having been registered in the PNRE corresponding to 9,527 individuals
- 77,405 individuals declared having returned spontaneously 22,889 individuals claim to have been deported
- 25,076 individuals were officially deported at the three official border crossing points of Ouanaminthe, Malpasse, and Belladère and have been voluntary registered.
- IOM Dominican Republic facilitated the Assisted Voluntary Returns and Reintegration (AVRR) of 152 households (350 individuals) on February 25th (169 individuals) and June 8th 2016 (181 individuals).
- IOM Haiti assisted via the rental subsidy program a total of 579 households (corresponding to 2,320 individuals) who had settled in six (6) settlements in Anse-a-Pitres.

Graph 1: Breakdown by Claimed Place of Birth

Graph 2: Official Deportations trends observed in June 2016
Sex Breakdown
Of the 125,720 individuals monitored by the border monitoring network, 35.0% were female and 65.0% were male.  

![Graph 3: Breakdown of returnee population by sex]

Age Breakdown
The majority of the returnee population reported being between the ages of 18-49 years old, with individuals from this age group representing 65.4% of the overall return population. A reported 29.5% are aged 0-17 years old and 5.1% falls into the category 50 years and above.  

![Graph 4: Breakdown of returnees by sex and age]

Types of vulnerabilities
Among the persons crossing the border, the network encountered 1,751 cases of presumed unaccompanied minors (UAMs). After referral to the relevant government authorities (IBERS) and their partners (UNICEF), 1,006 of the potential caseload referred were identified as UAMs and the appropriate actions were taken to assist them:

- 646 were reunited with their parents
- 192 were reunited with other relatives
- 14 are still awaiting family reunification. (please refer to the UNICEF Flash Update on Bi-National situation - June 2015 to June 2016)

![Graph 5: Most common vulnerabilities identified.]

Documentation
32.7% (41,162 individuals) of the returnees interviewed reported having Haitian Documentation, while 1.9% (2,445 individuals) reported having Dominican documentation. A reported 65.3% (82,113 individuals) did not possess any type of documentation.

![Graph 6: Returnee documentation status]

The most common ID document returnees claim to possess continues to be the Haitian Birth Certificate, corresponding to 72.2% of the individuals with documentation. The second most common document is the Haitian ID (CIN or NIF) which represents 21.0%.

![Graph 7: Types of documents]

Occupation
The most common occupation within the DR held by returnees is agriculture (34,003 households), followed by construction (17,268 households) and commerce (8,471 households). Other declared occupations fall within transportation, hotel, maintenance, security, students, among others.

![Graph 8: Types of occupation]
Entry on Haitian Territory

Of all 125,720 individuals interviewed, 77,405 individuals declared having returned spontaneously to Haiti. While 22,889 individuals claimed to have been deported into Haitian territory by various DR authorities (Immigration, CESFRONT, Military etc.), 25,076 individuals have been officially deported by DR Immigration (DGM). 350 individuals were Assisted voluntary Returns (AVR) carried out by IOM (Dominican Republic).

Destination and Intentions

When questioned regarding their intended destination, the following three communes have been most commonly indicated by returnees:

- Cornillons/Grand Bois as indicated by 7,338 households
- Anse-à-Pitres as indicated by 5,037 households
- Fonds-Verettes as indicated by 4,061 households

Irrespective of the type of returns, the trends observed during previous Sitrep’s remain the same. The returnees have, most commonly, provided the following answers:

- Intention to stay with relatives (70.3%)
- Intention to rent a house (13.9%)
- Intention to stay with Friends (7.6%)
- Having nowhere to go (3.4%)
- Intention to go to into a settlement/camp (1.3%)

Individuals born in the Dominican Republic

Of all returnees, 8,539 households (corresponding to 33,592 individuals) have at least one member who was born in the DR. More specifically, this corresponds to a total of 18,331 individuals born in the DR, 11,357 of which were born before January 26th 2010. Subsequently, 1,582 individuals were verified by UNHCR as being born in the DR before January 26th 2010 and as such will fall within UNHCR’s mandate. (Please refer to the UNHCR Statistical Update - dated May 6th 2016).

Family remaining in the Dominican Republic

When asked about remaining family members in the DR, 79,581 individuals (13,973 claimed deportees, 50,824 spontaneous returnees, 14,587 officially deported individuals and 197 assisted voluntary returns) have indicated still having family members remaining in the DR.

Further questioning regarding the status of these remaining families has revealed that 76.5% are Haitians without visa, 13.2% are Haitians with visa and 6.0% are Dominican citizens or have a Resident status.

Registration in the PNRE

Of the 72,227 households interviewed by the network, 4,701 households (representing 6.5% of the returnee population) declared having been registered in the Dominican PNRE. Of these 4,701 households, 87.2% returned spontaneously to Haiti, 9.8% claimed to have been deported and 3.1% has been officially deported into Haitian territory.
A total of 25,076 persons (24,647 households) have been officially deported at the official border crossing points of Ouanaminthe, Malpasse and Belladère and have been voluntary registered. Most of these deportations were conducted by DR immigration authorities (DGM). The majority of returnees are individuals and not households/families.

### Table 1: Official Deportations per official BCPs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Official BCPs</th>
<th>Households Deported</th>
<th>Individuals Deported</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Belladère</td>
<td>5,317</td>
<td>5,349</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Malpasse</td>
<td>8,471</td>
<td>8,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ouanaminthe</td>
<td>10,859</td>
<td>11,227</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Breakdown by gender and Age

Of all the 25,076 individuals officially deported, 93.9% were male and 6.1% were female.

The majority of the officially deported individuals have reported being between the ages of 18-49 years, individuals from this age group representing 91.7% of the deported population. A reported 6.4% are aged between 0-17 years old and a mere 1.8% falls into the 50 year plus category. The average age of officially deported individuals is 26.49 years old.

#### Graph 15: Age breakdown by sex and age of officially deported individuals

- **Male**
- **Female**

#### Vulnerabilities Assessed among Officially Deported

Among the people officially deported, 1,028 were presumed unaccompanied minors (UAM). These presumed UAMs were referred to the relevant government authority (IBERS) and their partners for appropriated care and status determination.

#### Graph 16: Most common vulnerabilities assessed among official deported individuals.

- Pregnant or Lactating: 11
- Single Headed Households: 134
- Unaccompanied Minors: 1,028

### Deportation Procedures

Of all official deportations, 24,795 have reportedly been carried out by the General Directory of Migration (DGM in Spanish), 210 by the CESFRONT and 71 by the military.

#### Graph 17: Authority carrying out official deportations

When questioned about the location from which they were deported, the respondents have indicated the following:

- **22,079** individuals apprehended in the street
- **1,690** were apprehended in their residence
- **1,150** were apprehended in their place of employment.

#### Graph 18: Location where officially deported individuals were apprehended

#### Family remaining in the Dominican Republic

A reported 14,324 of officially deported individuals have indicated still having family members remaining in the DR. They have indicated the following:

- **11,351** have relatives remaining
- **1,462** have children (daughter/son) remaining in DR
- **1,096** have their spouse (husband/wife) still in DR

#### Graph 19: Returnees family status in the DR
This section presents an overview of border monitoring activities and movement trends observed during the week of July 7th to 14th, 2016.

**WEEKLY HIGHLIGHTS**

- **1,180** individuals were observed crossing the border into Haitian territory this week, which is a below average number this week – the average number of individuals observed crossing into Haiti since July 2015 is **2,095 individuals**.

- **47** presumed unaccompanied minors (UAMs) were identified during this week which constitutes a above average number for UAMs this week, the average number of presumed UAMs identified since July 2015 being **29**. These UAMs were referred to the relevant authority for follow up; **25** of these presumed unaccompanied minors were officially deported into Haitian territory.

- **451** individuals declared having returned spontaneously to Haiti representing a below average number of spontaneous returnees – the average of spontaneous returnees since July 2015 being **1,290 individuals**.

- **129** individuals claimed to have been deported into Haitian territory; this is considered a below average in the number of claimed deportations as the average of claimed deportees since July 2015 is **187 individuals**.

- Official deportations continue to be carried out at the official border crossing points of Ouanaminthe, Malpasse and Belladère; a reported **878 individuals** were officially deported into Haitian territory this week of which **600 individuals** accepted to be registered voluntarily by the enumerators at the various official BCPs. This constitutes an above average for this week considering that there has been an average of **512 individuals** being officially deported into Haiti since August 2015.

### OBSERVED MOVEMENT TRENDS

- Movements this week (**1,180 returnees**) compared to the previous week (**1,478 returnees**) shows a slight decrease;

- Overall weekly deportations (Claimed Deportations **129**; official deportations **600** are higher than spontaneous returns of **451** individuals).

- Spontaneous returns continue to be mainly assessed in unofficial border crossing points.

- This week **113 Individuals** interviewed at unofficial border crossing points have claimed being deported directly into Haitian territory, while **16 persons** claimed to have spent time in a detention center before being forcefully returned to Haiti.

#### Table 1: Summary of monitored movements for this week

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Entry Status</th>
<th>Number of Returnees</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Deported: Other</td>
<td>129</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deported: Official</td>
<td>600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spontaneous Returns</td>
<td>451</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assisted Voluntary Return</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Official Deportations

This week, a total of **600 individuals** officially deported were registered at the three border crossing points of Ouanaminthe, Malpasse and Belladère. Most of these deportations were carried out by the DR Immigration authorities (DGM). The majority of returnees are individuals rather than households/families. Indeed a total of **431 households**, corresponding to **441 individuals** were officially deported this week were registered by enumerators present at the border.

#### Table 2: Official Deportations per official BCPs this week

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Official BCPs</th>
<th>Households Deported</th>
<th>Individuals Deported</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Belladère</td>
<td>156</td>
<td>157</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Malpasse</td>
<td>164</td>
<td>164</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ouanaminthe</td>
<td>256</td>
<td>279</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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**Deportation**: The act of a State in the exercise of its sovereignty in removing an alien from its territory to a certain place after refusal of admission or termination of permission to remain ([Glossary on Migration](#), p 18, IOM)

**Spontaneous (migration) return**: An individual or groups who initiate and proceeds with their migration plans without any outside assistance. ([Glossary on Migration](#), p 62, IOM)

**Official Deportations**: Government organized returns which are carried out at the official Border Crossing Points between the hours of 8:00 AM to 6:00 PM (border schedule). Before official deportations, relevant returnees receive an official notification regarding the impending deportation. Furthermore, information regarding the time and point of deportation are communicated to the Haitian authorities (Haitian Embassy/Consulate). Official deportations are mostly carried out by the DR Immigration (DGM).

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4 The difference in figures between the current and previous SitRep is due the fact that the data reflects the date of entry into Haiti and not the date of the data entry into the database.

5 The figures represented in this table correspond to the individuals who voluntarily accepted to be registered between the period from Thursday 7th to Wednesday 13th July 2016.