Overview
This document represents a summary snapshot of monitoring activities conducted by IOM and border monitoring partners at the border between Haiti and the Dominican Republic. The monitoring was put in place following the movements observed at the border before and after the 17th June 2015 expiration of the registration component of the National Plan for the Regularization of Foreigners (PNRE) in Spanish, established in the Dominican Republic. Monitoring of border movements began as of the first week of June 2015. Up until the 16th of June, figures are based on partial observations of border crossing points. The network was 100% operational as of July 2015.

CUMULATIVE HIGHLIGHTS

- **70,556 households** representing **123,353 individuals** have crossed the border into Haitian territory
- **35.0%** were female while **65.0%** were male
- **1,686 presumed unaccompanied minors** were identified
- **4,674 households** declared having been registered in the PNRE corresponding to **9,481 individuals**
- **76,162 individuals** declared having returned spontaneously to Haiti
- **22,389 individuals** claim to have been deported
- **24,452** individuals were officially deported at the three official border crossing points of Ouanaminthe, Malpasse, and Belladère and have been voluntary registered.
- IOM Dominican Republic facilitated the Assisted Voluntary Returns and Reintegration (AVRR) of **152 households** (350 individuals) on February 25th (169 individuals) and June 8th (181 individuals).
- IOM Haiti assisted via the rental subsidy program a total of **579 households** (corresponding to **2,320 individuals**) who had settled six (6) settlements in Anse-a-Pitres.

---

1 Plan Nacional de Regularización de los Extranjeros
2 All figures in this SitRep reflect information gathered on a voluntary basis from returnees, and therefore may not be representative of the totality of returns.
3 The figures of official deportations are as of 15th August 2015.
Sex Breakdown
Of the 123,353 individuals monitored by the border monitoring network, 35.0% were female and 65.0% were male.

Age Breakdown
The majority of the returnee population reported being between the ages of 18-49 years old, with individuals from this age group representing 65.3% of the overall returning population. A reported 29.6% are aged 0-17 years old and 5.1% falls into the category 50 years and above.

Types of vulnerabilities
Among the persons crossing the border, the network encountered 1,686 cases of presumed unaccompanied minors (UAMs). After referral to the relevant government authorities (IBERS) and their partners (UNICEF), 1,006 of the potential caseload referred were identified as UAMs and the appropriate actions were taken to assist them:

- 646 were reunited with their parents
- 192 were reunited with other relatives
- 14 are still awaiting family reunification. (please refer to the UNICEF Flash Update on Bi-National situation - June 2015 to June 2016)

Documentation
33.0% (40,660 individuals) of the returnees interviewed reported having Haitian Documentation, while 2.0% (2,436 individuals) reported having Dominican documentation. A reported 65.1% (80,257 individuals) did not possess any type of documentation.

Occupation
The most common occupation within the DR held by returnees is agriculture (33,263 households), followed by construction (16,801 households) and commerce (8,261 households). Other declared occupations fall within transportation, hotel, maintenance, security, students, among others.
Entry on Haitian Territory
Of all 123,353 individuals interviewed, 76,162 individuals declared having returned spontaneously to Haiti. While 22,389 individuals claimed to have been deported into Haitian territory by various DR authorities (Immigration, CESFRONT, Military etc.), 24,452 individuals have been officially deported by DR Immigration (DGM). 350 individuals were Assisted voluntary Returns (AVR) carried out by IOM (Dominican Republic).

Family remaining in the Dominican Republic
When asked about remaining family members in the DR, 78,266 individuals (13,663 claimed deportees, 50,139 spontaneous returnees, 14,267 officially deported individuals and 197 assisted voluntary returns) have indicated still having family members remaining in the DR.

Further questioning regarding the status of these remaining families has revealed that 76.4% are Haitians without visa, 13.2% are Haitians with visa and 6.1% are Dominican citizens or have a Resident status.

Registration in the PNRE
Of the 70,556 households interviewed by the network, 4,676 households (representing 6.6% of the returnee population) declared having been registered in the Dominican PNRE. Of these 4,676 households, 87.1% returned spontaneously to Haiti, 9.8% claimed to have been deported and 3.1% has been officially deported into Haitian territory.

Individuals born in the Dominican Republic
Of all returnees, 8,440 households (corresponding to 33,234 individuals) have at least one member who was born in the DR. More specifically, this corresponds to a total of 18,168 individuals born in the DR, 11,277 of which were born before January 26th 2010. Subsequently, 1,582 individuals were verified by UNHCR as being born in the DR before January 26th 2010 and as such will fall within UNHCR’s mandate. (Please refer to the UNHCR Statistical Update - dated May 6th 2016).
A total of 24,452 persons (24,047 households) have been officially deported at the official border crossing points of Ouanaminthe, Malpasse and Belladère and have been voluntary registered. Most of these deportations were conducted by DR immigration authorities (DGM). The majority of returnees are individuals and not households/families.

### Table 1: Official Deportations per official BCPs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Official BCPs</th>
<th>Households Deported</th>
<th>Individuals Deported</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Belladère</td>
<td>5,138</td>
<td>5,169</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Malpasse</td>
<td>8,307</td>
<td>8,336</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ouanaminthe</td>
<td>10,602</td>
<td>10,947</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Breakdown by gender and Age

Of all the 24,452 individuals officially deported, 94% were male and 6% were female. The majority of the officially deported individuals have reported being between the ages of 18-49 years, individuals from this age group representing 91.8% of the deported population. A reported 6.4% are aged between 0-17 years old and a mere 1.8% falls into the 50 year plus category. The average age of officially deported individuals is 26.52 years old.

#### Vulnerabilities Assessed among Officially Deported

Among the people officially deported, 996 were presumed unaccompanied minors (UAM). These presumed UAMs were referred to the relevant government authority (IBERS) and their partners for appropriated care and status determination.

#### Deportation Procedures

Of all official deportations, 24,172 have reportedly been carried out by the General Directory of Migration (DGM in Spanish), 210 by the CESFRONT and 70 by the military.

#### Family remaining in the Dominican Republic

A reported 14,007 of officially deported individuals have indicated still having family members remaining in the DR. They have indicated the following:

- 21,521 individuals apprehended in the street
- 1,656 were apprehended in their residence
- 1,130 were apprehended in their place of employment.

#### Graph 15: Age breakdown by sex and age of officially deported individuals

- Male
- Female

#### Graph 16: Most common vulnerabilities assessed among official deported individuals.

- Pregnant or Lactating 11
- Single Headed Households 130
- Unaccompanied Minors 996

---

IOM HAITI
BORDER MONITORING SITREP 7th JULY 2016
This section presents an overview of border monitoring activities and movement trends observed during the week of July 1st to 7th, 2016.

**WEEKLY HIGHLIGHTS**

- **1,478** individuals were observed crossing the border into Haitian territory this week, which is a below average number this week – the average number of individuals observed crossing into Haiti since July 2015 is **2,091** individuals.

- **29** presumed unaccompanied minors (UAMs) were identified during this week which constitutes a below average number for UAMs this week, the average number of presumed UAMs identified since July 2015 being **29**. These UAMs were referred to the relevant authority for follow up; **15** of these presumed unaccompanied minors were officially deported into Haitian territory.

- **866** individuals declared having returned spontaneously to Haiti representing a below average number of spontaneous returnees – the average of spontaneous returnees since July 2015 being **1,290** individuals.

- **171** individuals claimed to have been deported into Haitian territory; this is considered a below average in the number of claimed deportations as the average of claimed deportees since July 2015 is **187** individuals.

- Official deportations continue to be carried out at the official border crossing points of Ouanaminthe, Malpasse and Belladère; a reported **759** individuals were officially deported into Haitian territory this week of which **441** individuals accepted to be registered voluntarily by the enumerators at the various official BCPs. This constitutes an above average for this week considering that there has been an average of **509** individuals being officially deported into Haiti since August 2015.

**OBSERVED MOVEMENT TRENDS**

- Movements this week (**1,478 returnees**) compared to the previous week (**1,514 returnees**) shows a slight decrease;

- Overall weekly deportations (Claimed Deportations **171**; official deportations **441** are lower than spontaneous returns of **866** individuals).

- Spontaneous returns continue to be mainly assessed in unofficial border crossing points.

- This week **124 Individuals** interviewed at unofficial border crossing points have claimed being deported directly into Haitian territory, while **47 persons** claimed to have spent time in a detention center before being forcefully returned to Haiti.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Entry Status</th>
<th>Number of Returnees</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Deported: Other</td>
<td>171</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deported: Official</td>
<td>441</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spontaneous Returns</td>
<td>866</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assisted Voluntary Return</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This report has been made possible through the funding support received from the Bureau of Population, Refugees and Migration (PRM) and the Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA).

---

4 The difference in figures between the current and previous SitRep is due the fact that the data reflects the date of entry into Haiti and not the date of the data entry into the database.  
5 The figures represented in this table correspond to the individuals who voluntarily accepted to be registered between the period from Thursday 23rd to Wednesday 29th June 2016.