Emergency tracking numbers are not cumulative. They reflect a snapshot of displacement on the day of reporting. The number of individuals is calculated by multiplying the number of identified families by six, which is the average size of an Iraqi family. The IOM Iraq Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) is the standard data source being used in Iraq to guide the humanitarian response. Emergency tracking for the Mosul operations began identifying people displaced resulting from military actions that began on 17 October 2016.

Find more information at the Mosul Data Portal: http://iraqdtm.iom.int/EmergencyTracking.aspx

As of June 3:
- Haj Ali camp recorded an increase of 105 IDP families;
- Sahlej Village recorded the arrivals of 167 IDP families, who will be most likely transported to camps during the day;
- Camps in Merkaz Hamdaniya recorded return movements.

All information collected on IDPs and returnees is included in the Emergency Tracking (ET) database once the locations of displacement or return have been identified and validated. The identification of the locations of displacement of the new arrivals requires some time, especially in out-of-camp locations. As some areas are not easily accessible, time is required between an actual population movement and its tracking and reporting.

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