Overview of Returns from CAR

37,349 Individuals
8,739 Households

23 Locations assessed
7 sites and 16 host communities

Demographic profile
96% of households have children
5% Elderly
64% Minors
6 Average household size

Demographics data was collected at the household level through a demographics calculator on a sample of 368 households

Context and methodology
Ever since the start of the Central African crisis in 2013, Chadian nationals have been fleeing the Central African Republic to return to Chad, and in particular to the country’s southern provinces (Moyen-Chari, Mandoul, Logone Oriental and Logone Occidental). IOM is implementing the Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) in the Moyen-Chari province to gain a better understanding of the number and needs of returnees living in the province. Data is collected from key informants in the sites and villages hosting returnees. This dashboard presents the findings of assessments carried out in June and July 2019 in 23 locations. A total of 37,349 returnees (8,739 households) were identified. Results show that most of returnees (79%) live in seven displacement sites. The sites of Maïngama, Sido Est and Sido Ouest being the largest ones.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Department</th>
<th>Households</th>
<th>Individuals</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bahr-Koh</td>
<td>775</td>
<td>3,847</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grande Sido</td>
<td>7,239</td>
<td>30,542</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lac Iro</td>
<td>725</td>
<td>2,960</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>8,739</td>
<td>37,349</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

79% of returnees live in sites
21% of returnees live in host communities

1% Solid Wall
20% Straw/Metal Sheets
43% Tarpaulin
36% No shelter

This map is for illustrative purposes only. Representations and the use of boundaries and geographical names on this map may include errors and do not imply judgment of the legal status of a territory, nor official recognition or acceptance of these boundaries by IOM.