Registering biometric information of internally displaced persons (IDPs) and providing cards with the registered information enables IDPs to receive services from the humanitarian partners. In May, the Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) team registered 13,915 new arrivals at the Wau Protection of Civilian (PoC) site following the upsurge of fighting in Wau. This facilitated the provision of humanitarian services to these vulnerable IDPs.

**DTM ACTIVITY AREAS**

**BIOMETRIC REGISTRATION**

126,563

IDPs registered/verified across South Sudan

Registering biometric information of internally displaced persons (IDPs) and providing cards with the registered information enables IDPs to receive services from the humanitarian partners. In May, the Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) team registered 13,915 new arrivals at the Wau Protection of Civilian (PoC) site following the upsurge of fighting in Wau. This facilitated the provision of humanitarian services to these vulnerable IDPs.

**POPULATION HEAD COUNT**

10 IDP sites

Population head count conducted

Collecting and sharing disaggregated demographic data on people in need and helping partners to plan and provide assistance.

**FLOW MONITORING**

18 monitoring points

Providing insights on movement dynamics and a holistic understanding of trends along with the conflict and displacement analysis.

**RAPID ASSESSMENT**

6 sites

Rapid assessment conducted

Conducting rapid multi-sectoral assessments, intention surveys and population estimates in areas with newly displaced populations in order to provide essential information for the partners’ rapid responses.

**VILLAGE ASSESSMENT SURVEY**

Rubkona and Baliet County

Assessing infrastructure and services in areas with high return to inform transition projects.