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Within the period of 5 – 11 November 2018, a total of 3,966 movements were recorded, including 3,110 arrivals and 856 departures. Arrivals were recorded at locations in Askira/Uba, Bama, Chibok, Damboa, Dikwa, Gomboru/Ngala, Gubio, Gwoza, Hawul, Jere, Kaga, Kunduga, Mafa, Magumeri, MMC, Mobbar, and Monguno Local Government Areas (LGAs) of Borno state and locations in Demsa, Dunna, Girei, Guyuk, Hong, Lafiya, Lamurde, Madagali, Maiha, Mayo Belwa, Michika, Mubi North, Mubi South, Numan, Yola North, and Yola South LGAs of Adamawa state. Departures were recorded at locations in Askira/Uba, Bama, Kukawa, Mafa and MMC LGAs of Borno state, and Demsa, Fufure, Girei, Gombi, Guyuk, Hong, Lamurde, Madagali, Maiha, Mayo Belwa, Michika, Moyo Belwa, Mubi North, Mubi South, Numan, Song, Yola North, and Yola South LGAs of Adamawa state.

ETT assessments identified the following movement triggers: voluntary relocation (13%), improved security (31%), ongoing conflict (40%), poor living conditions (11%) and fear of attacks (4%).

Summary of major movements

**MONGUNO**: 1,229 arrivals were recorded in Monguno LGA of Borno state. These include 536 arrivals from Bunduram ward of Kukawa LGA and 693 arrivals from Kingarwa and Gundumbali wards of Guzamala LGA of Borno State. The ongoing conflict was reported as the main movement trigger.

**ASKIRA/UBA**: 274 arrivals and 54 departures were recorded in Askira/Uba LGA of Borno state. These include 163 arrivals from Dille/Huyim ward and 53 arrivals at Ngulde ward. 17 departures from Pulka/Bokko ward and 37 departures from Ngulde ward. The main movement triggers include improved security, voluntary relocation and poor living conditions.

**GUYUK**: 88 arrivals and 194 departures were recorded in Guyuk LGA of Adamawa state. These include 61 arrivals at Durna ward from Guyuk ward of Guyuk LGA, 27 arrivals at Lafiya ward of Lamurde LGA, 137 departures from Lamurde and 57 departures from Guyuk LGA of Adamawa State. The improved security in Guyuk LGA was reported as the main movement trigger.

**LAMURDE**: 175 arrivals were recorded at Lamurde LGA of Adamawa state. These include 64 from Inburum ward of Numan LGA, 54 from Guyuk and Durnna wards of Guzamala LGA, and 36 from Lamurde ward of Lamurde LGA Adamawa State and 21 from Cham Mwoma ward of Balangua LGA Gombe State. The main reason for movements into Lamurde LGA reported was improved security.

**BAMA**: 120 arrivals were recorded in Bama LGA of Borno state, from Minawawu ward of Mokolo LGA in Marwa, Cameroon. The new arrivals reported to have voluntarily relocated to Bama.
An exhaustive nutrition screening using mid-upper arm circumference (MUAC) and Oedema for acute malnutrition was conducted by Sector partners for 277 children of 6-59 months. Of the 277 children screened, the MUAC reading was: 15 children (5 from inaccessible and 10 from accessible area) were in the Red category, 39 were in the Yellow category and 223 were measured in the Green category. No case of Oedema was reported in the 6 LGAs that sent in reports.

The results also include 19 children from neighbouring LGAs (6 from Bama, 8 from Mobbar and 5 from Ngala LGA): of all the 19 children measured, 3 were in red category, 14 in the green category and 2 in yellow category. All children found with severe acute malnutrition have been admitted from treatment. Please note, the data presented are not surveillance results and should be interpreted with caution.

Table 1. Details of movements by locations of assessment and locations of arrival/departure - only movements with at least 20 persons are listed below