ETT Report: No. 89 | 17 – 23 October 2018

Movements

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**Arrivals**: 2,018 individuals

**Departures**: 699 individuals

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Within the period of 17 – 23 October 2018, a total of 2,717 movements were recorded, including 2,018 arrivals and 699 departures. Arrivals were recorded at locations in Askira/Uba, Bama, Biu, Chibok, Damboa, Dikwa, Gubio, Gwoza, Hawul, Jere, Konduga, Kukawa, Mafa, Magumeri, Mobbar, Monguno and Ngala Local Government Areas (LGAs) of Borno state, and locations in Demsa, Fufure, Gombi, Hong, Madagali, Maiha, Mayo-Belwa, Michika, Mubi-North, Mubi-South, Numan, Song, Yola-North and Yola-South LGAs of Adamawa state. While departures were recorded at locations in Demsa, Fufure, Girei, Hong, Madagali, Maiha, Mayo-Belwa, Mubi-North, Mubi-South, Numan, Yola-North and Yola-South LGAs of Adamawa state, and Askira/Uba, Bama, Dikwa, and Kukawa LGAs of Borno state.

Assessments identified the following main triggers of movements: voluntary relocation (32%), poor living conditions (25%), ongoing conflict (20%), improved security (15%), fear of attacks (6%), military operations (1%) and farming activities (1%).

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**Summary of major movements**

**BAMA**: 394 arrivals and 132 departures were recorded in Bama LGA of Borno state. These include 271 arrivals at GSSSS Camp, 123 arrivals at Banki Camp from GSSSS Camp (83 individuals) and Cameroon (40 individuals), 75 departures from Banki Camp for Maiduguri and 57 departures from GSSSS Camp for Pulka in Gwoza LGA. The main movement triggers include voluntary relocation and poor living conditions.

**MADAGALI**: 143 arrivals and 112 departures were recorded in Madagali LGA of Adamawa state. These include 118 arrivals at Gulak ward from Askira/Uba LGA of Borno state, 73 departures for Gwoza LGA in Borno state and 39 departures for Humbuli community in Madagali. The main movement triggers include improved security and voluntary relocation.

**GWOZA**: 217 arrivals were recorded at Gwoza LGA of Borno state. These include 185 arrivals at the Transit Camp in Pulka from Bama (73 individuals), Cameroon (59 individuals) and surrounding wards of Gwoza LGA (53 individuals) and 32 arrivals at GSSSS Camp. The main movement triggers include poor living conditions and ongoing conflict.

**MAGUMERI**: 194 individuals arrived at Central Primary School Gaji Ganna from Jajere community of Magumeri LGA due to recent conflicts in the area.

**GUBIO**: 175 arrivals were recorded at Gubio LGA of Borno state. These include 69 arrivals at the town from Guzamala LGA, 52 arrivals at the town from Nganzai LGA, 40 arrivals at the town from nearby Felo ward and 14 arrivals at the town from Magumeri LGA. All the movements were due to ongoing conflict in the region.

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**New Arrival Screening by Nutrition Partners**

199 Children (6-59 months) screened for malnutrition. The MUAC category of screened children is as follows:

- **Green**: 162
- **Yellow**: 11
- **Red**: 12

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**Number of individuals by movement triggers**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Movement Trigger</th>
<th>Number of Individuals</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Voluntary Relocation</td>
<td>868</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poor Living Conditions</td>
<td>688</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conflicts/Attacks</td>
<td>529</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Improved Security</td>
<td>402</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fear Of Attack</td>
<td>157</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Military Operation</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Farming Activities</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poor Living Conditions</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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**Affected population**

- **8% Retureens**
- **92% IDPs**

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**Arrivals from Cameroon and Niger Republic**

- **NIGER REPUBLIC**: 62 individuals
- **CAMEROON**: 110 individuals

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An exhaustive nutrition screening using mid upper arm circumference (MUAC) and signs of Oedema was conducted by Sector partners for 185 children. Of the 185 children screened, the MUAC reading for 12 children (9 from inaccessible areas and 3 from accessible areas) was in the Red category, 11 were in the Yellow category and 162 were measured in the Green category. No case of Oedema was reported in any of the 5 LGAs where screening was conducted.

This result also covers 36 children from neighbouring countries (screened at Bama (7), Mobbar (15) and Ngala (14) LGAs); of all the 36 children screened, 2 were measured in the Red category, 29 were in the Green category and 5 were in the Yellow category.

All children found with severe acute malnutrition have been admitted for treatment.

Please note, the data presented are not surveillance results and should be interpreted with caution.

Table 1. Details of movements by locations of assessment and locations of arrival/departure - only movements with more than 20 persons are listed below

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LGA</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Ward</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>LGA</th>
<th>Arrival</th>
<th>Departure</th>
<th>Arrival</th>
<th>Departure</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bama</td>
<td>Borno</td>
<td></td>
<td>Borno</td>
<td>Askira/uba</td>
<td>118</td>
<td>39</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Dikwa</td>
<td>Borno</td>
<td></td>
<td>Asikr/uba</td>
<td>Kopa / Multifau</td>
<td>21.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Gwoza</td>
<td>Borno</td>
<td></td>
<td>Gwoza</td>
<td>Gwoza Wakan / Bulubulun</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>73</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kukawa</td>
<td>Adamawa</td>
<td>Numun</td>
<td>Adamawa</td>
<td>Numun</td>
<td>27</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mobbar</td>
<td>Borno</td>
<td></td>
<td>Gwoza</td>
<td>Gwoza Wakan / Bulubulun</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>23</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ngala</td>
<td>Adamawa</td>
<td></td>
<td>Numun</td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>72</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The depiction and use of boundaries, geographic names, and related data shown on maps included in this report are not warranted to be error free or do not imply judgment on the legal status of any territory, or any endorsement or acceptance of such boundaries by IOM.

For more information or to report an alert, please contact:

Henry Kwenin, DTM Project Coordinator: hkwenin@iom.int | +234 9038852524

Fouad Diab, Emergency Coordinator: fdiab@iom.int | +234 9075070001

DTM information products: http://nigeria.iom.int/dtm