21 migrants were found dead in southwest Tobruk, in Wadi Ali Area on 7 July. The Libyan Red Crescent recovered and buried all bodies. 20 were identified as Egyptian and the nationality of the remaining individual was unconfirmed.

As of 10 July, 75,000 individuals were reported to have returned to Sirt. More are expected to return with the opening of the University of Sirt. The main challenge reported by returnees are electricity shortages.

Clashes on 9th of July led to the displacement of approximately 250 households to multiple baladiyas including Tajoura, Tarhuna, Qasr Alkhayr and Bani Waleed. All displaced households were reported to have returned to their homes by 17 July following the de-escalation of conflict in Kwaa.

The Event Tracker is part of IOM Libya’s Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) programme. DTM is a suite of tools that provide a comprehensive articulation of Libya’s human mobility patterns. The Event Tracker is a biweekly tool collecting and triangulating information on the whole of Libya on any incidents related to IDPs, returnees and migrants, especially in regards to large population movements updates on border closures and new routes. For more information visit www.globaldtm.info/libya.