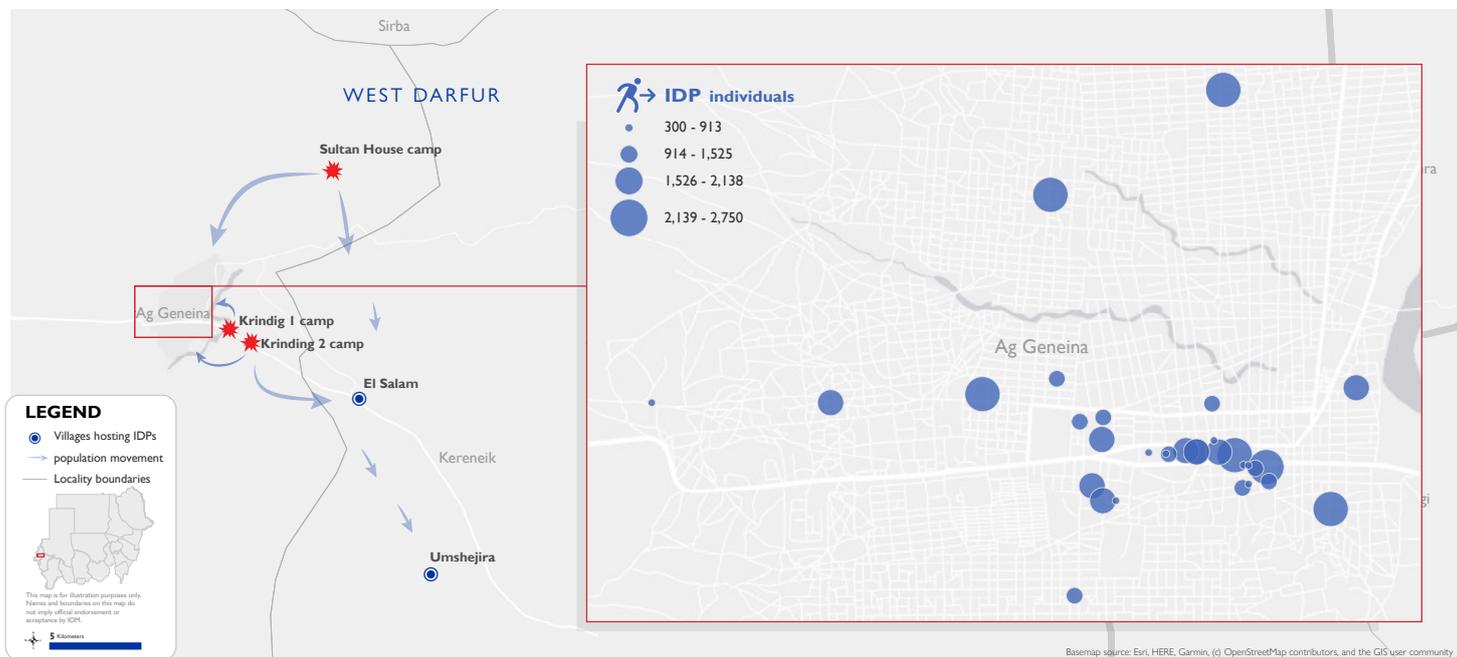




The DTM Emergency Event Tracking (EET) is deployed to track sudden displacement and population movements, provide more frequent updates on the scale of displacement and quantify the affected population when needed. As a subcomponent of the new Mobility Tracking methodology in Sudan ([Round One](#)), and activated on a need basis, EET utilises a broad network of key informants to capture best estimates of the affected population presence per location – a useful tool for humanitarian response planning and design.



## Event Overview



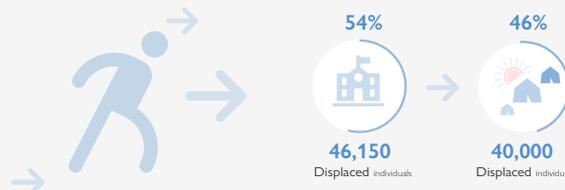
DTM teams activated EET to monitor the displacement of individuals affected by inter-communal conflict between Masalit and Arab tribes. Clashes erupted on 16 January 2021 in the Krinding area of Ag Geneina town, West Darfur. For more information, please see [EET\\_Ag Geneina, West Darfur\\_001](#).

The second update estimates an additional caseload of 40,000 individuals (8,000 households) gathering in open areas of El Salam and Umshejira villages, Ag Geneina locality, having been displaced from different Arab villages nearby. This brings the estimated total caseload to 86,150 displaced individuals (17,230 households). All individuals are Sudanese nationals. Based on a ranking scale, the three main priority needs of the additional caseload are identified as non-food items, food and health (medical needs).

With tensions extremely high and volatile, and the area inaccessible to humanitarian actors, DTM teams have collected data from key informants via telephone. As soon as the situation allows, teams will visit the actual sites of displacement in order to verify the data and provide best estimates on the entire displaced caseload with additional indicators included, such as return intentions, demographics and vulnerabilities.

## Shelter Indicator

46,150 internally displaced persons (IDPs) (54%) are sheltering in 32 pinpointed schools and other public buildings dispersed across Ag Geneina town. The additional caseload of 40,000 IDPs (46%) are gathering in open areas of El Salam and Umshejira villages.



## Priority Needs (of the additional caseload)

(Ranking scale)



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