IOM manages the Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) in Nigeria and other countries around the world, to support humanitarian communities with data on displacement and mobility. This information management product determines the status, locations, and needs of people affected by the ongoing conflict in Northeast Nigeria. As of 16 July 2019, the DTM has identified 2,018,513 IDPs (398,236 households) across Adamawa, Borno, Gombe, Taraba, and Yobe States. This represents an increase of two per cent (38,477 persons) over DTM Round 27, while the number of returns from neighbouring regions into situations of secondary displacement has also been on the increase of one per cent (19,631) from previous DTM round.

**Displaced**

2,018,513 Individuals

- 43% of the IDPs are in camps/camp-like settings
- 57% of the people are in host community settings
- 79% Women and Children
- 46% Male
- 54% Female
- 26% Children under 5 years
- 73% In majority of sites surveyed, IDPs cited food as the main unmet need

**Returnees**

1,642,539 Individuals

- 92% Returnee IDPs
- 8% Returnee Refugees

Shelter condition in return areas

- Full Damage 3%
- Partial Damage 17%
- No Damage 4%

**Food Security Levels In Areas of Return**

- Return assessments are not conducted in Barch, Tura & Gombe

**IDP Population by State**

- Adamawa: 668,800
- Borno: 1,433,566
- Yobe: 102,165
- Taraba: 200,011
- Cameroan: 668,800

**ICRC Level displacement severity**

- Less than 102,000
- 102,001 - 201,000
- Above 201,000

**Returnee IDPs**

- Cameroon: 94%
- Chad: 6%
- Nigeria: 2%

**Returnee IDPs by Site Type and States**

- IDP Population by State:
  - Adamawa: 1,433,566
  - Borno: 1,483,566
  - Yobe: 102,165
  - Taraba: 200,011
  - Cameroan: 668,800

DISCLAIMER: The depiction and use of boundaries, geographic names, and related data shown on maps are not warranted to be error free nor do they imply judgment on the legal status of any territory, or any endorsement or acceptance of such boundaries by IOM.