Overview

This document represents a summary snapshot of monitoring activities conducted by IOM and border monitoring partners at the border between Haiti and the Dominican Republic. The monitoring was put in place following the movements observed at the border before and after the 17th June 2015 expiration of the registration component of the National Plan for the Regularization of Foreigners (PNRE¹ in Spanish), established in the Dominican Republic. Monitoring of border movements began as of the first week of June 2015. Up until the 16th of June 2015, figures are based on partial observations of border crossing points (BCPs). The network was 100% operational as of July 2015. Due to budget constraints, IOM’s is now covering 50% of the border (50 BCPs) as of 1st September 2016.

CUMULATIVE HIGHLIGHTS²

- **105,070 households** representing **173,208 individuals** have crossed the border into Haitian territory.
- **33.8%** were female while **66.2%** were male.
- **2,824 presumed unaccompanied minors** were identified.
- **6,054 households** declared having been registered in the PNRE corresponding to **11,671 individuals**.
- **105,303 individuals** declared having returned spontaneously.
- **29,408 individuals** claim to have been deported.
- **38,035³ individuals** were **officially deported** at the three official border crossing points of Ouanaminthe, Malpasse, and Belladère and have been voluntary registered.
- IOM Dominican Republic facilitated the Assisted Voluntary Returns and Reintegration (AVRR) of **185 households** (462 individuals) on February 25th (169 individuals), on June 8th 2016 (181 individuals) and on September 20th (112 individuals).
- IOM Haiti assisted via the rental subsidy program a total of **579 households** (corresponding to **2,320 individuals**) who had settled in six (6) settlements in Anse-a-Pitres.

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¹ Plan Nacional de Regularización de los Extranjeros
² All figures in this SitRep reflect information gathered on a voluntary basis from returnees, and therefore may not be representative of the totality of returns.
³ The figures of official deportations are as of 15th August 2015 and are the total number of individuals that agreed to be registered voluntarily by IOM’s network of enumerators along the border.
Sex Breakdown
Of the 173,208 individuals monitored by the border monitoring network, 33.8% were female and 66.2% were male.

Age Breakdown
The majority of the returnee population reported being between the ages of 18-49 years old, with individuals from this age group representing 67.7% of the overall return population. A reported 27.1% are aged 0-17 years old and 5.2% falls into the category 50 years and above.

Types of vulnerabilities
Among the persons crossing the border, the network encountered 2,824 cases of presumed unaccompanied minors (UAMs). After referral to the relevant government authorities (IBERS) and their partners (UNICEF), 1,232 of the potential caseload referred were identified as UAMs and the appropriate actions were taken to assist them:
- 769 were reunited with their parents
- 229 were reunited with other relatives
- 2 is still awaiting family reunification. (please refer to the UNICEF Flash Update on Bi-National situation - June 2015 to 31st October 2016)

Documentation
31.9% (55,190 individuals) of the returnees interviewed reported having Haitian Documentation, while 1.7% (3,019 individuals) reported having Dominican documentation. A reported 66.4% (114,999 individuals) did not possess any type of documentation.

Occupation
The most common occupation within the DR held by returnees is in Agriculture (48,481 households), followed by Construction (26,632 households) and Commerce (12,053 households). Other declared occupations fall within transportation, hotel, maintenance, security, students, among others.
Entry on Haitian Territory
Of all 173,208 individuals interviewed, 105,303 individuals declared having returned spontaneously to Haiti. While 29,408 individuals claimed to have been deported into Haitian territory by various DR authorities (Immigration, CESFRONT, Military etc.), 38,035 individuals have been officially deported by DR Immigration (DGM). 462 individuals were Assisted Voluntary Returns (AVR) carried out by IOM (Dominican Republic).

Destination and Intentions
When questioned regarding their intended destination, the following three communes have been most commonly indicated by returnees:
- **Cornillons/Grand Bois** as indicated by 9,850 households
- **Anse-à-Pitres** as indicated by 6,235 households
- **Belladère** as indicated by 5,871 households

Irrespective of the type of returns, the trends observed during previous Sitrep’s remain the same. The returnees have, most commonly, provided the following answers:
- Intention to stay with relatives (72.7%)
- Intention to rent a house (12.8%)
- Intention to stay with Friends (7.7%)
- Having nowhere to go (2.8%)

Individuals born in the Dominican Republic
Of all returnees, 10,575 households (corresponding to 40,501 individuals) have at least one member who claims to have been born in the DR. More specifically, this corresponds to a total of 22,092 individuals claiming to be born in the DR, 13,057 of whom were born before January 26th 2010. Subsequently, of the 1,428 cases (representing 4,514 individuals) verified by UNHCR, 2,125 individuals were confirmed as being born in the DR before January 26th 2010 and as such fall within UNHCR’s mandate. **(Please refer to the UNHCR Statistical Update - dated September 8th 2016)**

**Family remaining in the Dominican Republic**
When asked about remaining family members in the DR, 106,751 individuals (17,483 claimed deportees, 68,253 spontaneous returnees, 20,788 officially deported individuals and 227 assisted voluntary returns) have indicated still having family members remaining in the DR.

Further questioning regarding the status of these remaining families has revealed that **76.2% are Haitians without visa**, **13.8% are Haitians with visa** and **5.9% are Dominican citizens** or have a Resident status.

**Registration in the PNRE**
Of the 105,070 households interviewed by the network, 6,054 households (representing 5.8% of the returnee population) declared having been registered in the Dominican PNRE. Of these 6,054 households, **87.9% returned spontaneously to Haiti**, **9.0% claimed to have been deported** and **3.1% has been officially deported** into Haitian territory.
A total of **59,355 persons** have been officially deported at the official border crossing points of Ouanaminthe, Malpasse and Belladère - of which **37,352 persons (38,035 households)** have been voluntarily registered. Most of these deportations were conducted by **DR immigration authorities (DGM)**. The majority of returnees are individuals and not households/families.

### Table 1: Official Deportations per official BCPs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Official BCPs</th>
<th>Households Deported</th>
<th>Individuals Deported</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Belladère</td>
<td>9,536</td>
<td>9,578</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Malpasse</td>
<td>11,045</td>
<td>11,081</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ouanaminthe</td>
<td>16,771</td>
<td>17,376</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Breakdown by gender and Age**

Of all the 38,035 individuals officially deported and registered, **93.9%** were **male** and **6.1%** were **female**. The majority of the officially deported individuals have reported being between the ages of **18-49 years**, individuals from this age group representing **92.6%** of the deported population. A reported **5.6%** are aged between **0-17 years** old and a mere **1.8%** falls into the 50 year plus category. The average age of officially deported individuals is **26.65 years old**.

**Graph 15: Age breakdown by sex and age of officially deported individuals**

**Vulnerabilities Assessed among Officially Deported**

Among the people officially deported, **1,531** were presumed **unaccompanied minors** (UAM). These presumed UAMs were referred to the relevant government authority (IBERS) and their partners for appropriated care and status determination.

**Graph 16: Most common vulnerabilities assessed among official deported individuals.**

When questioned about the location from which they were deported, the respondents have indicated the following:
- **34,255 individuals** apprehended in **the street**
- **2,099** were apprehended in their **residence**
- **1,521** were apprehended in their **place of employment**

**Graph 18: Location where officially deported individuals were apprehended**

**Family remaining in the Dominican Republic**

A reported **20,349** of officially deported individuals registered have indicated still having **family members remaining in the DR**. They have indicated the following:
- **16,466** have **relatives** remaining
- **1,885** have **children (daughter/son)** remaining in DR
- **1,486** have their spouse (husband/wife) still in DR

**Graph 19: Returnees family status in the DR**

**Deportation Procedures**

Of all 37,188 persons officially deported, **37,713** have reportedly been carried out by the **General Directory of Migration (DGM in Spanish)**, **212** by the CESFRONT and **110** by the military.

**Graph 17: CESFRONT carrying out official deportations**

**In the streets**

- **34,255**

**My residence**

- **2,099**

**At Work**

- **1,521**

**Public place**

- **38**

**Prison**

- **38**

**None**

- **15**

**Other**
WEEKLY REPORT: Border monitoring activities from February 9th to 17th 2017.

This section presents an overview of border monitoring activities and movement trends observed during the week of February 9th to 17th 2017.

WEEKLY HIGHLIGHTS

1. **1,470** individuals were observed crossing the border into Haitian territory this week, which is a below average number this week – the average number of individuals observed crossing into Haiti since July 2015 is **1,901 individuals**.

2. 33 presumed unaccompanied minors (UAMs) were identified during this week, which is equal to the average number of UAMs reported this week, the average number of presumed UAMs identified since July 2015 being 33. These UAMs were referred to the relevant authority for follow up; 13 of these presumed unaccompanied minors were officially deported into Haitian territory.

3. **645 individuals** declared having returned spontaneously to Haiti representing a below average number of spontaneous returnees – the average of spontaneous returnees since July 2015 being **1,155 individuals**.

4. **139 individuals** claimed to have been deported into Haitian territory; this is considered an below average number of claimed deportations as the average of claimed deportees since July 2015 is **159 individuals**.

5. **Official deportations** continue to be carried out at the official border crossing points of Ouanaminthe, Malpasse and Belladère; a reported **686 individuals** were officially deported into Haitian territory this week which is a below average – the average of individuals officially deported being **753 individuals**. A reported **435 individuals** of these deported individuals accepted to be registered voluntarily by the enumerators at the various official BCPs, constituting a below average for this week considering that there has been an average of **475 individuals** officially deported into Haiti and registered since August 2015.

6. There were no Assisted Voluntary Returns (AVRR) for this reporting period.

OBSERVED MOVEMENT TRENDS

- Movements for the last week of 1,470 returnees of which **1,219 returnees were registered** compared to the previous report of **1,268 returnees** were registered shows an increase in voluntary registrations this week;
- Overall weekly deportations (Claimed Deportations **139**; Official Deportations **686**) combined are higher when compared to spontaneous returns of **645 individuals**.
- Spontaneous returns continue to be mainly assessed in unofficial border crossing points.
- This week **125 Individuals** interviewed at unofficial border crossing points have claimed being deported directly into Haitian territory; 14 claimed to have spent time in a detention center before being forcefully returned to Haiti this week.

**Table 1: Summary of monitored movements for this week**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Entry Status</th>
<th>Number of Returnees</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Deported: Other</td>
<td>139</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deported: Official</td>
<td>686</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spontaneous Returns</td>
<td>645</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assisted Voluntary Return</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Official Deportations**

This week, a total of **435 individuals** officially deported were registered at the three border crossing points of Ouanaminthe, Malpasse and Belladère. Most of these deportations were carried out by the DR Immigration authorities (DGM). The majority of returnees are individuals rather than households/families. At the time of publication a total of **426 households**, corresponding to **435 individuals** were officially deported this week in the official BCPs and had been entered into the IOM database.

**Table 2: Official Deportations per official BCPs this week**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Official BCP</th>
<th>Households Deported</th>
<th>Individuals Deported</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Belladère</td>
<td>198</td>
<td>198</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Malpasse</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ouanaminthe</td>
<td>206</td>
<td>215</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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1. **Spontaneous (migration) return**: An individual or groups who initiate and proceeds with their migration plans without any outside assistance. (Glossary on Migration, p 62, IOM)
2. **Deportation**: The act of a State in the exercise of its sovereignty in removing an alien from its territory to a certain place after refusal of admission or termination of permission to remain (Glossary on Migration, p 18, IOM)
   2.1 **Official Deportations**: Government organized returns which are carried out at the official Border Crossing Points between the hours of 8:00 AM to 6:00 PM (border schedule). Before official deportations, relevant returnees receive an official notification regarding the impending deportation. Furthermore, information regarding the time and point of deportation are communicated to the Haitian authorities (Haitian Embassy/consulate). Official deportations are mostly carried out by the DR Immigration (DGM).
   2.2 **Other Deportations**: Any forceful return which does not follow the aforementioned guidelines of Official Deportations.

This report has been made possible through the funding support received from the Bureau of Population, Refugees and Migration (PRM), The European Union (EU) and the Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA).

For more information please contact dtmhaiti@iom.int or consult http://iomhaitidataportal.info/bordermonitoring

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4 The difference in figures between the current and previous SitRep is due the fact that the data reflects the date of entry into Haiti and not the date of the data entry into the database.

5 The total weekly figures are comprised of all spontaneous returns and all deportations – including the officially deported individuals who did not agree to be registered but were still counted.

6 The figures in this table correspond to the individuals who voluntarily accepted to be registered between Thursday 9th to Wednesday 17th February 2017 and data entered into IOM’s database.