In August 2021, a total of 23,724 movements were observed across five of Ethiopia’s flow monitoring points (FMPs). It should be noted that data collection at Humera Flow Monitoring Point in Tigray region did not take place due to security and access constraints, thus affecting the total number of movements for the month. This represents a 7.6% increase in daily average movement in comparison with July 2021 when an average of 711 movements per day were observed. Following the steady increase in movements this month, outgoing movements during August have continued to be higher than ever (85.0%) than incoming movements (15.0%). The percentage of outgoing versus incoming movements has continued to climb even above the proportions observed prior to the outbreak of COVID-19 in Ethiopia. A total of 20,169 outgoing movements were observed of which 9,105 (45.4%) were heading towards the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, 3,025 (15%) were going to Kenya, 2,428 (12%) were travelling towards Djibouti, 1,165 (5.8%) to South Africa, 893 (4.2%) intended to reach the United Arab Emirates, and 493 (2.4%) headed to Qatar. At the same time 3,555 incoming movements were observed, of which 1,219 (34.3%) had originated from Djibouti, while 1,099 (30.9%) came from Kenya, 684 (19.2%) from Sudan, 314 (8.8%) movements from Somalia, and 202 (5.7%) from Yemen. Almost all of these were Ethiopian nationals who were likely returning home. The number of incoming movements from Sudan into Ethiopia has continued to increase since the outbreak of the Northern Ethiopia Crisis between November 2020 and June 2021.

**DEMOGRAPHICS**

- **Total Movements Observed**: 23,724
  - Outgoing: 85.0%
  - Incoming: 15.0%

**NATIONALITIES OF PEOPLE ON THE MOVE**

- **Ethiopia**: 99.2%
- **Eritrea**: 0.4%
- **Others**: 0.4%

**INTENDED DESTINATIONS**

- **Saudi Arabia**: 45.4%
- **United Arab Emirates**: 17.6%
- **South Africa**: 5.8%
- **Kenya**: 15.0%
- **Djibouti**: 2.0%

**TYPE OF FLOW**

- **Economic reasons**: 92.6%
- **Return**: 58.9%
- **Family reasons**: 0.1%
- **Forced movement due to Conflict**: 12.5%
- **Seasonal Migration (cattle, farming, harvesting)**: 2.2%
- **Health Care**: 1.4%
- **Forced movement due to Natural Disaster**: 0.5%
- **Others**: 0.4%

**DESTINATION**

- *Other intended destination countries include Qatar, Lebanon, Yemen, Uganda, Sudan, Kuwait, and may other Middle East and European countries.*

**PLEASE NOTE THAT FIGURES FROM YEMEN AND THE KINGDOM OF SAUDI ARABIA SHOULD BE INTERPRETED JOINTLY AS MOVEMENTS TO KSA OFTEN PASS THROUGH YEMEN.*

**NATIONALITIES OF PEOPLE ON THE MOVE**

- **Somalia**: 12.5%
- **Eritrea**: 2.2%
- **Kenya**: 1.1%
- **Saudi Arabia**: 0.5%
- **United Arab Emirates**: 0.3%
- **Others**: 4.8%

**Flow Monitoring Points**

- **Ethiopia**: 101 - 1,165
- **Morocco**: 77
- **Spain**: 474
- **Tanzania**: 87
- **Sweden**: 85
- **Japan**: 5
- **Others**: 99.2%

**VULNERABILITY PROFILE**

- **Male Unaccompanied Children**: 1.7%
- **Female Unaccompanied Children**: 0.7%
- **Children Under 5 Years**: 0.5%
- **Pregnant Females**: 0.4%
- **Lactating Mothers**: 0.2%
- **Persons With Disability**: 0.2%
- **Elderly In Need Of Care**: <0.1%

**PLACES OF ORIGIN AND INTENDED DESTINATIONS VIA FLOW MONITORING POINTS**

- **Kenya**: 15.0%
- **Djibouti**: 2.0%
- **Saudi Arabia**: 45.4%
- **United Arab Emirates**: 17.6%
- **South Africa**: 5.8%
- **Kenya**: 15.0%
- **Djibouti**: 2.0%
- **Saudi Arabia**: 45.4%
- **United Arab Emirates**: 17.6%
- **South Africa**: 5.8%

**Disclaimer**: This map is for illustration purposes only. Names and boundaries on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by IOM.

**DATA SOURCES**: IOM, OCHA, EPR, UNDP

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