The International Organization for Migration’s (IOM) Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) in partnership with the World Food Programme (WFP) and World Vision International (WVI) conducted a biometric registration exercise in Nasir County, Upper Nile between March and June 2019 covering 10 locations. The exercise was conducted in two phases at registration sites along the Sobat River (Jikmir, Makak, Maker, Mandeng) which were accessed via boat from March to April 2019, while registration sites for in-land locations (Garieng, Gum 1, Gum 2 (Meer), Kiechkuon, Mading, Ngueny) were covered from May to June 2019.

DTM registered a total of 90,480 individuals (16,014 households) during the exercise. Population categories were disaggregated during the registration to categorize beneficiaries into Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs), host community and returnees. Mobile teams enabled DTM to reach populations that were otherwise unable to travel to registration sites due to physical impairments or due to communal tensions. DTM collected data on vulnerabilities where 13 per cent of the registered individuals were categorized as having one or more vulnerabilities including visual impairment, physically disadvantaged, single-parent headed households and serious medical conditions.

Benefits arrived from within Nasir, other locations in South Sudan and from abroad. The adjacent map represents the habitual residence for 4,134 out of 90,480 registered individuals having arrived from within the country. Most beneficiaries within this group cited Nasir as habitual residence (81%) followed by Malakal (5%).

For further information, contact DTM South Sudan at southsudandtm@iom.int

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