UNDERSTANDING DISPLACEMENT FOR BETTER AND ACCOUNTABLE HUMANITARIAN RESPONSE

Past and Present Operations as of November 2019

The Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) is a system to track and monitor displacement and population mobility. It is designed to regularly and systematically capture, process and disseminate information to provide a better understanding of the movements and evolving needs of displaced populations, whether on site or en route.

IDPs tracked in 2018: over 25 million
Data collectors in the field in 2018: over 5,000
Technical experts in the field in 2018: over 300
DTM has been active in since 2004

References to Kosovo shall be understood to be in the context of United Nations Security Council resolution 1244 (1999)

DTM operations worldwide have been supported and funded by various sources, including:

[Logos and names of organizations]
The Venezuelan crisis has generated the largest exodus in the region’s recent history. As of April 2020, 5.1 million Venezuelans are living abroad of which 4.2 million (82%) are in Latin America and Caribbean countries.

Countries in Latin American and Caribbean have made significant efforts in providing humanitarian protection assistance and to migrants and refugees from Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela (hereinafter Venezuela) in their territories, but the outflows are not expected to decrease.

Host governments and donors continue to demonstrate solidarity and cooperation towards the provision of assistance for refugees and migrants from Venezuela. Migration Colombia, the national migration authority, announced the implementation of a series of measures aimed at the regularization of those Venezuelan citizens who are in the national territory without fulfilling the requirements of the law. One of the first measures announced is the issuance of a new Special Permit of Permanence (PEP as per its Spanish acronym), which targets those Venezuelan citizens who entered in Colombia before 29 November 2019 with a valid passport. This measure, adopted through Resolution 0240 on 23 January 2020 by the Colombian Foreign Ministry, would benefit about 200,000 Venezuelan citizens.

The second measure is the issuance of the Special Permit for Permanence for the Promotion of Formalization (PEPFFT as per the Spanish acronym). It consists of a work permit, created by the Ministry of Labor and Migration Colombia, which would be granted only to those Venezuelan citizens who are in Colombia and have a formal job. The idea of the PEPFFT is that the Venezuelan citizens with a formal job begin to contribute to the social security system, reducing the social security burden, while promoting the economy and generating new labor force for those productive sectors that are in need.
CONTEXT OVERVIEW - COLOMBIA

COLOMBIAN GOVERNMENT SNAPSHOT OF VENEZUELANs IN COLOMBIA AS OF FEBRUARY 29, 2020

**REGULAR STATUS**

- **74.139**
  - Regular status in Colombia, carrying a visa or foreign identification

- **71.975**
  - Within the time frame established by law

- **653.259**
  - Carriers of the special permit to stay (PEP)

**TOTAL OF ALL VENEZUELANs IN COLOMBIA WITH REGULAR STATUS**

**1.825.687**

**IRREGULAR STATUS**

- **282.972**
  - Exceeded time that they could stay

- **743.342**
  - These figures were projected considering an analysis of the migration verifications performed by Migration Colombia

- **1.026.314**
  - Who entered the country without authorization *

**TOTAL OF ALL VENEZUELANs IN COLOMBIA WITH IRREGULAR STATUS**

*EXPIRED PEP*
The national DTM workshop for team leaders who will be in the 16 intervention municipalities began on October 15 to 18, 2019.

Hoy finaliza el taller Nacional DTM - Vocación de Permanencia, en el que capacitamos a 53 líderes de equipo en la recolección de datos utilizando la Matriz de Monitoreo de Desplazamiento (DTM por sus siglas en inglés).
The national DTM workshop for team leaders who will be in the 16 intervention municipalities began on October 15 to 18, 2019.

**THEMES ADDRESSED IN EACH WORKSHOP**

- Our donors: recognition and contribution of our donors and the resource context
- DTM "Planning to Stay" presentation
- Sessions on protection themes
  - Human trafficking
  - Protection and gender
- Who wants to be a humanitarian professional?
- Health and migration
- Roles and responsibilities of the implementation of the DTM methodology
- Information quality control
- Teamwork in territories prioritized for DTM data collection
- Regular conduct at the local, regional, and national levels
- Teamwork by prioritized territory for preparing the local workshop in each territory
The national DTM workshop for team leaders who will be in the 16 intervention municipalities began on October 15 to 18, 2019.

53 team leaders were trained who will be charged with replicating the training with the enumerators in the intervention territories.
The national DTM workshop for team leaders who will be in the 16 intervention municipalities began on October 15 to 18, 2019.
DTM for Refugees and Migrants living in Colombia

With financial support from:

[Logo of DTM and IOM]

THE UN MIGRATION AGENCY
**Period:**
October 28th – November 10th 2019

**Work Team:**
- 53 leaders from the DTM team
- 634 enumerators
- 10 professional profilers
- 4 information management technicians
- 1 information management specialist
- 1 national coordinator
- 1 logistical operator

**Geographic Context:**
Comprises 9 departments and 16 municipalities: Pasto and Ipiales (Nariño), Maicao and Rio hacha (La Guajira), Barranquilla, Soledad and Campo de la Cruz (Atlántico), Cúcuta, Villa del Rosario and Puerto Santander (Norte de Santander), Bucaramanga (Santander), Cali (Valle del Cauca), Bogotá, D.C. and Soacha (Cundinamarca), Arauca (Arauca), Medellín (Antioquia).

**Sampling framework:**
The sampling universe includes those individuals arriving from Venezuela.

**Size and distribution of sample:**
22,430 surveyed individuals in the 16 prioritized municipalities.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SEMI-STRUCTURED</th>
<th>22 430 Surveyed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>- Demographic data</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Education</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Livelihood</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Mobility</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Health</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Housing and habitability</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Access to services</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Access to food</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Protection, security, and dignity</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Support networks</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Population needs</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**FAMILY GROUPS OF THOSE SURVEYED**

| 38 661 family members of surveyed individuals |
GENERAL FINDINGS

INTRODUCTION

1

PART 1

Development of the baseline B1 and B2 with key actors at the municipal and commune /neighborhood levels.

PART 2

2

Survey directly in the place of residence.

3

CONTENT
GENERAL FINDINGS

Development of the baseline

DATA COLLECTION

BASELINE

• General information and sources of information

• Communes / localities / targeted zones and neighborhoods with migrant population presence originating from Venezuela in each processed municipality

DTM

Key Actors

DIRECT SURVEY

• Characteristics
• Demographics
• Education
• Nationality
• Place of origin
• Labor situation
• Motives
• Intentions
• Information capture on topics related to protection, security, and dignity
GENERAL FINDINGS

Development of the baseline

PRINCIPAL FINDINGS

- Key actors: 43
- Communes selected: 111
- Neighborhoods selected: 632
- Surveys conducted: 22,430
- Families interviewed: 15,293
GENERAL FINDINGS

Survey Respondents in Colombia

22 430

People identified in Colombia

61 091

Living in Venezuela

99 393

61,46 % of the identified population in Colombia

25 452

within 1-3 months

Those surveyed are waiting to receive...

Families

15 293

68,1 %

Family group composition

83,60 %

Venezuelans

15,70 %

Mixed homes

0,69 %

Colombians

With financial support from

IOM UN Migration
## GENERAL FINDINGS

### 22,430 Survey Respondents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Municipality</th>
<th>Women</th>
<th>Men</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Riohacha</td>
<td>53%</td>
<td>47%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maicao</td>
<td>59%</td>
<td>41%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barranquilla</td>
<td>53%</td>
<td>47%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Soledad</td>
<td>57%</td>
<td>43%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Campo de la Cruz</td>
<td>52%</td>
<td>48%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Puerto Santander</td>
<td>58%</td>
<td>42%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cúcuta</td>
<td>55%</td>
<td>45%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Villa del Rosario</td>
<td>53%</td>
<td>47%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bucaramanga</td>
<td>49%</td>
<td>51%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medellín</td>
<td>54%</td>
<td>46%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arauca</td>
<td>51%</td>
<td>49%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Soacha</td>
<td>50%</td>
<td>50%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bogotá, D. C.</td>
<td>49%</td>
<td>51%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cali</td>
<td>52%</td>
<td>48%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pasto</td>
<td>47%</td>
<td>53%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ipiales</td>
<td>48%</td>
<td>52%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 61,091 People Identified

*0.04 intersexual

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With financial support from

[Flag of the United States of America] [Flag of the European Union]
Do you have any form of identity document?

What document do you have?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Document Type</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Colombia passport</td>
<td>&lt;1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Birth registration</td>
<td>5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Venezuelan identity card</td>
<td>70%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colombian identity card</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Birth certificate</td>
<td>24%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colombian citizenship card</td>
<td>9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Venezuelan passport</td>
<td>20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other documents</td>
<td>&lt;1%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Percentages total more than 100% because those surveyed were allowed to select more than one document.
DEMOGRAPHIC DATA

61,091 People identified

AGE GROUP OF THE POPULATION

- **Early childhood (0 to 5 years)**: 14%
- **Childhood (6 to 11 years)**: 10%
- **Adolescence (12 to 17 years)**: 7%
- **Youth (18 to 28 years)**: 32%
- **Adults (29 to 59 years)**: 34%
- **Seniors (60 to más years)**: 3%

With financial support from
### Data of Those Surveyed

**61,091 People Identified**

#### Education

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Do You Know How to Read?</strong></th>
<th><strong>Yes</strong></th>
<th><strong>98%</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>No</strong></td>
<td><strong>2%</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Do You Know How to Write?</strong></th>
<th><strong>Yes</strong></th>
<th><strong>99%</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>No</strong></td>
<td><strong>1%</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Education Levels

- **2%** Initial education (pre-kindergarten, kindergarten, preparatory)
- **18%** Basic General Education (1st-3rd grade)
- **13%** Complete Elementary Education (1st-6th grade)
- **40%** High School Education (High school diploma)
- **9%** Technical Degree (Associates degree)
- **10%** Higher Education (professional training: higher technical degree, some university)
- **5%** Higher Education (Undergraduate degree: professional license, other professional certification)
- **1%** Higher Education (Post-graduate work: specialization, masters, doctorate)
- **2%** Does not have any formal education
With financial support from

FAMILY GROUP DATA

Education Level

Children under 5 years of age
- Has not attended early childhood education: 72%
- Has attended early childhood education: 27%
- Do not know / Did not respond: 1%

Between 6-17 years
- Yes, currently studying: 47%
- Not studying: 53%

Reasons why not currently enrolled in school
- No available spots: 22%
- Lack of documentation: 39%
- Lack of necessary supplies: 4%
- Distance of educational institution: 1%
- Refused spot: 3%
- Other motives: 31%

Beginning in 2020: lack of money, work, in process of matriculation, currently pregnant, in process for 2020.
## LABOR MARKET

### LABOR PROFILE OF THE VENEZUELAN MIGRANT POPULATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Men</th>
<th>Women</th>
<th>TOTAL</th>
<th>Index</th>
<th>TOTAL</th>
<th>Men</th>
<th>Women</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>74,4</td>
<td>76,8</td>
<td>75,6</td>
<td>Working age population (PET), older than 12 years of age</td>
<td>80,5</td>
<td>78,1</td>
<td>78,1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>55,2</td>
<td>46,1</td>
<td>50,5</td>
<td>Economically active population (PEA) who works or is looking for work</td>
<td>51,4</td>
<td>58,9</td>
<td>43,2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65,1</td>
<td>46,8</td>
<td>55,6</td>
<td>Employment rate (TO) among those older than 12 years of age</td>
<td>57,7</td>
<td>69,4</td>
<td>47,8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12,3</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>16,8</td>
<td>Unemployment rate (TD)</td>
<td>9,5</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>13,5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21,1</td>
<td>12,5</td>
<td>16,8</td>
<td>Childhood labor rate (12-17 years)</td>
<td>5,9</td>
<td>7,8</td>
<td>3,9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35,6</td>
<td>20,2</td>
<td>27,9</td>
<td>Childhood labor rate (15-17 years)</td>
<td>16,7</td>
<td>10,8</td>
<td>6,7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96,1</td>
<td>97,6</td>
<td>97</td>
<td>Informal labor rate (18 years and older)</td>
<td>46,5</td>
<td>48,1</td>
<td>51,5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### EMPLOYMENT PROFILE OF THE COLOMBIAN POPULATION

**Great Comprehensive Household Survey (GEIH) of Labor Markets**

#### Fourth Quarter 2019

1. DANE defines the PET according to the international conferences on labor statistics.
2. Law 1098 (2006), Childhood and Adolescence establishes 15 years as the minimum age for work among minors.
Business with products for distribution and consumption

- WOMEN: 57%
- MEN: 43%

Construction

- WOMEN: 96%
- MEN: 4%

Restaurants, hotels, and tourism

- WOMEN: 77%
- MEN: 23%

Commerce

- WOMEN: 69%
- MEN: 31%

35% of the migrants expressed that they do not have any experience.

With financial support from:
- United States
- European Union
- IOM
OCCUPATION AND LIVELIHOOD

22,430
Surveyed

AVERAGE MONTHLY INCOME

Men 38%
Women 62%

Less than 1 minimum monthly wage 87%

1 to 2 minimum monthly wages 12%

More than double the minimum monthly wage <1%

Men 65%
Women 35%

Women 62%
Men 38%

Women 28%
Men 72%


With financial support from

IOM UN Migration
OCCUPATION AND LIVELIHOOD

**Do you have economic dependents?**
- No: 29%
- Yes: 71%

**How many economic dependents do you have?**
- Between 1 and 4: 86%
- More than 5: 14%

**What country are they in?**
- 63% Venezuela
- 51% Colombia

Note: Percentages total more than 100% because those surveyed were allowed to select more than one country.

**Do you send money outside of Colombia?**
- No: 27%
- Yes: 73%

**To how many people do you send money?**
- On average: 2 People

**Ranges of remittances**
- 56.93% = ≤ $100,000
- 35.65% = < $300,000
- 5.75% = < $500,000
- 1.67% = > $500,001

**Percentage Frequency % of remittances less than or equal to COP $100,000**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Percentage</th>
<th>Frequency</th>
<th>% of remittances less than or equal to COP $100,000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>22,03</td>
<td>Weekly</td>
<td>66.33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14,71</td>
<td>Biweekly</td>
<td>55.01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38,47</td>
<td>Monthly</td>
<td>42.44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3,25</td>
<td>Quarterly</td>
<td>67.28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0,59</td>
<td>Biannually</td>
<td>57.97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0,20</td>
<td>Annually</td>
<td>73.91</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20,48</td>
<td>Without recurrence</td>
<td>73.45</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

COP $100,000 equals to USD $29
MIGRANT SOFT SKILLS

With financial support from

22,430
Surveyed

Eight soft skills most demanded and present among surveyed migrants

Those who have high levels of vulnerability develop compensatory emotional abilities out of necessity, and this enables them to be more resilient than others.
MIGRANT TECHNICAL COMPETENCIES

22,430 Surveyed

With financial support from

[Logos]
What is the primary reason why you left Venezuela?
76 % Economic

What is the main reason why you chose this destination?
60 % Labor opportunities

Other reasons:
- 10 % Lack of food
- 4 % Political reasons
- 2 % Labor opportunity
- 1 % Family Reunification
- 7 % Others

Other reasons:
- 23 % Family reunification
- 10 % Personal contacts
- 3 % Romantic partner
- 4 % Others
MOBILITY

With whom were you living in Venezuela?

- Alone: 4%
- With a family group: 96%

Waiting to receive family members or other known individuals from Venezuela in the near term (1-3 months)

- Don't know: 3%
- No: 47%
- Did not respond: 4%
- Yes: 45%

If you are going to receive family members or other known individuals from Venezuela

- On average
  - How many family members?: 2.5 People
  - How many other known individuals?: 1 People

Time residing in Colombia?

- Less than one month: 4%
- 6 months: 23%
- 7 to 12 months: 21%
- 1 to 2 years: 32%
- 2 to 3 years: 15%
- More than three years: 6%
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Documentation of migratory status</th>
<th>SURVEYED</th>
<th>FAMILY GROUPS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Type V Visitor Visa</td>
<td>&lt;1 %</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exit Safe Passage</td>
<td>&lt;1 %</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type M Migrant Visa</td>
<td>&lt;1 %</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Permit to Enter and Stay (PIP)</td>
<td>3 %</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Visa de residente Tipo R</td>
<td>&lt;1 %</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Salvoconducto de permanencia</td>
<td>1 %</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Border Mobility Card (TMF)</td>
<td>26 %</td>
<td>13 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special Permission to Stay (PEP)</td>
<td>23 %</td>
<td>14 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Without Migratory Status</td>
<td>54 %</td>
<td>72 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** Percentages total more than 100% because those surveyed were allowed to select more than one document type.
TOTAL WOMEN INTERVIEWED AND ACCOMPANYING FAMILY GROUPS WHO ARE CURRENTLY PREGNANT
1 338 → 6,44 %

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Stage of Pregnancy</th>
<th>13 to 15 years</th>
<th>16 to 18 years</th>
<th>19 to 25 years</th>
<th>26 to 39 years</th>
<th>+ 40 years</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1st trimester</td>
<td>1 %</td>
<td>3 %</td>
<td>17 %</td>
<td>10 %</td>
<td>1 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2nd trimester</td>
<td>1 %</td>
<td>6 %</td>
<td>17 %</td>
<td>10 %</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3rd trimester</td>
<td>1 %</td>
<td>5 %</td>
<td>16 %</td>
<td>12 %</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

UNREGISTERED
153 (5,68 %)

TOTAL MEN AND WOMEN SURVEYED WHO HAVE CHILDREN UNDER ONE YEAR OF AGE

-18 years
8,06 % are minors

Attending prenatal care

YES 50 %
NO 49 %
DON´T KNOW 1 %
Of the women surveyed between 18 and 45 years old:

- Do you want to use some form of contraception?
  - YES: 41%
  - NO: 58%
  - DID NOT RESPOND: 1%

- Do you currently have access to some form of contraception?
  - YES: 43%
  - NO: 57%
  - DID NOT RESPOND: <1%

- Are you currently affiliated with the general social security system?
  - YES: 12%
  - NO: 88%

- What regime are you affiliated with?
  - Contributory Regime: 25%
  - Subsidized Regime: 75%

- Do you know the procedures for requesting a SISBEN survey?
  - YES: 23%
  - NO: 77%

With financial support from:

- [United States of America]
- [European Union]
HEALTH

11% OF THOSE SURVEYED HAVE A LONG-TERM OR CHRONIC ILLNESS

7% OF THOSE SURVEYED HAVE DIFFICULTY PERFORMING BASIC ACTIVITIES

Of those surveyed, those who had experienced the following symptoms over the prior 15 days were:

- FEVER
  - YES 16%
  - NO 84%

- COUGH WITH PHLEGM
  - YES 25%
  - NO 75%

Have you or anyone in your family had a fever with rash in the last month?

- YES 79%
- NO 21%

51% of those surveyed have had to request medical attention have you received medical attention when you have sought it?

- YES
- NO
What do you currently live in?

- 41% Apartment
- 39% House
- 8% Low-income housing

Average monthly value:

- COP$ 626,879 (Apartment)
- COP$ 519,626 (House)
- COP$ 352,377 (Low-income housing)

How many people in your family group live with you?

Average: 3.5 People

How many exclusive rooms do you and your family group have?

- 55% A room
- 2% None
- 43% More than one room
### FOOD SECURITY

#### HOW DO YOU OBTAIN FOOD?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Purchase</td>
<td>93%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Work-for-food</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Donation</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Community table</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Others</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In the last three months in your home, have you all had to skip breakfast, lunch, or dinner because you did not have the resources to obtain food?

**YES 61%**
**PROTECTION, SECURITY, AND DIGNITY**

**TOTAL NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS WITHOUT DOCUMENTS** → 2 763

**SEXUAL ORIENTATION OF SURVEY RESPONDENTS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Orientation</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Heterosexual</td>
<td>96%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Homosexual</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bisexual</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No information</td>
<td>2%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Self-identification as**

- African descendant / Afro-Colombian: 12%
- Indigenous: 30%
- Mulatto: 2%
- Mestizo: 30%
- Black: 3%
- Brown: 22%
- Other: 1%

The DANE 2018 technical concepts manual for the national population census was used as a reference for these categories.
PROTECTION, SECURITY, AND DIGNITY

Indigenous Women 68 %  
Indigenous Men 32 %

Habitation

- 40 % House
- 28 % Apartment
- 9 % Shelter
- 8 % Low-income housing

Average number of family members in the household 2,9

They arrived in Colombia

- <4 % Less than one month ago
- 18 % 1-6 months ago
- 19 % 7-12 months ago
- 32 % 1-2 years ago
- 17 % 2-3 years ago
- 11 % >3 years ago

With financial support from
PROTECTION, SECURITY, AND DIGNITY

GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION OF THE INDIGENOUS VENEZUELAN POPULATION (2011 NATIONAL CENSUS)

Where are they in Colombia?

40% Amazonas
26% Bogotá, D.C.
14% Atlántico
14% La Guajira
61% Zulia
4% Nariño

Prior location

Age groups of those surveyed and their families

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Group</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Early childhood</td>
<td>15%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Childhood</td>
<td>39%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adolescence</td>
<td>9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Youth</td>
<td>22%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adults</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seniors</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

With financial support from

IOM UN MIGRATION
With financial support from PROTECTION, SECURITY, AND DIGNITY:

1,129
surveyed indigenous persons

3,325
Of the identified population that is in Colombia

1,734
others within the next 1-3 months

5,656
Lived in Venezuela

818
FAMILIES

77.99%
Venezuelan

20.90%
Mixed homes

0.97%
Colombians

58.78%
Of the identified population that is in Colombia

One family is of Venezuelan-Panamanian nationality.
### PROTECTION, SECURITY, AND DIGNITY

**Do you feel secure in the home where you live?**

- **YES**: 88%
- **NO**: 11%
- **DID NOT RESPOND**: 1%

**Have you experienced discriminatory aggressions?**

- **YES**: 40%
- **NO**: 60%
- **DID NOT RESPOND**: 1%

Is it possible that those minors in your family group could be victims of sexual violence, forced recruitment, drug abuse, or forced labor?

- **YES**: 33%
- **NO**: 66%
- **DID NOT RESPOND**: 1%

---

*With financial support from [Logos]*
PROTECTION, SECURITY, AND DIGNITY

HAVE YOU WORKED WITHOUT RECEIVING THE AGREED UPON PAYMENT?

Yes, and I received less than the contracted sum: 4%
No: 77%
Yes: 19%

Have you had an act of violence committed against you?

Yes: 15%
No: 84%
Did not respond: 1%
Have you received any kind of assistance on the part of any Colombian institution?

- **Yes**: 20%
- **No**: 80%

What type of help have you received mainly?

- **67%** Food rations
- **35%** Means of livelihood (building materials / inputs)
- **14%** Personal care kits

What entity has been the principle provider of help?

- **37%** Churches / religious congregations
- **25%** Red Cross Colombia
- **21%** International Organizations
- **8%** Mayor

Do you currently belong to any organization, movement, or group?

- **Yes**: 2%
- **No**: 98%

Note: Percentages total more than 100% because those surveyed were permitted to select more than one kind of aid.
### INFORMATION AND GUIDANCE REQUESTED BY MIGRANTS

**Do you know your rights and how to realize them?**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Yes</th>
<th>No</th>
<th>Did not respond</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>24 %</td>
<td>75 %</td>
<td>1 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **83%**
- **34%**
- **15%**
- **48%**
- **59%**
- **21%**
- **49%**
- **43%**
- **72%**
- **59%**
- **20%**

**Themes or information requested by those surveyed:**

- Employment: 84%
- Family reunification: 34%
- Return: 15%
- Legal consultation: 48%
- Food: 59%
- Shelter or housing: 21%
- Migratory regularization: 49%
- Humanitarian assistance: 43%
- Access to healthcare: 72%
- Access to education: 59%
- Family planning: 20%

**What do you and your family need in order to establish yourselves in this municipality?**

- Income / Employment generation: 84%
- Medical help: 65%
- Education and training: 60%

Note: Percentages total more than 100% because the surveyed population was able to select more than just one kind of necessity.
Thank you!