### IDPs POPULATION

Out of 124,862 reported IDPs, the DTM team identified and registered 113,884 individuals during the first six months of 2017, of which 90% were IDPs displaced before 2017. The highest percentage of IDPs (50%) were registered in Jabel Marra, Central Darfur (caseload of IDPs displaced early 2016, followed by 36% in North Darfur (mainly old caseload in Tawila locality) and 17% were registered in West Darfur through the biometric exercises that took place to verify the IDPs that were displaced several years ago in Mlanga, Sali, and Umchar camps.

### DEMOGRAPHIC DATA

57% of the registered IDPs were females, of which 42% were aged between 18 and 59 years (representing 24% of the total registered IDPs), while a high number of males (48%) fell under the age group of 6 to 17 years (representing 21% of the total registered IDPs). Males and females in other age groups (younger than 5 years and older than 59 years) were almost equally distributed between the two genders. People of working age were 37% and school-aged IDPs were 44%.

### VULNERABILITY

A total of 7,768 IDPs were identified as persons with special needs among the registered IDPs, of which 81% were either pregnant or lactating mothers. A high number (12%) of unaccompanied children were identified as either pregnant or lactating mothers, followed by 7% of physically disabled people.

### RETURNS' POPULATION

A total of 134,739 returnees were identified and registered in 6 States in Sudan during the first six months of 2017, of which 90% were identified as IDP returnees. 79% of the registered IDP returnees were in Jabel Marra, Central Darfur (IDPs displaced early 2016), followed by 12% in North Darfur (IDPs mixed, IDPs and refugee returnees), 5% were registered in South Darfur (IDP returnees) and the remaining 4% were refugee returnees registered in West Darfur State.

### DEMOGRAPHIC DATA

The largest percentage of the registered individuals (41%) were school-aged children (younger than 17 years) with an equal distribution between males and females; followed by 36% of working age individuals (between 18 and 59 years) of which 53% are females. The remaining 18% of the registered IDPs are children and 5% were elderly people. 79% of the registered households were female-headed.

### VULNERABILITY

The largest identified vulnerable group (69%) were either lactating mothers (2,875 individuals) or pregnant women (1,433 individuals). This high percentage was followed by physically and mentally disabled (15%) people.