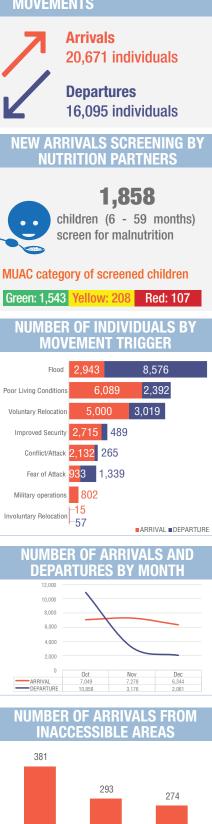


Displacement Tracking Matrix - Nigeria Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) - Quarterly (October - December 2019)

DTM Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is deployed to track and provide up-to-date information on sudden displacement and other population movements

MOVEMENTS



OCTOBER

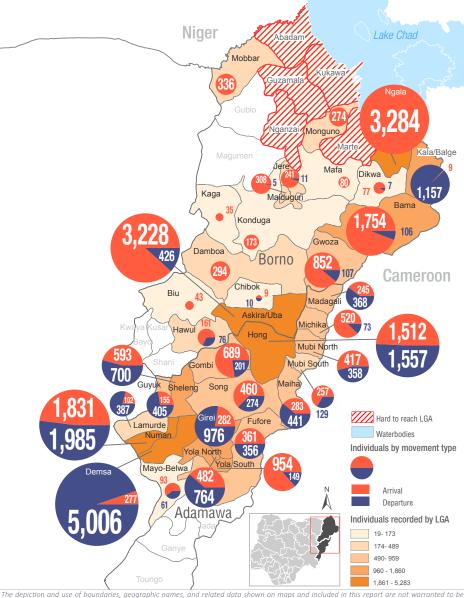
NOVEMBER

DECEMBER

From October - December 2019, a total of 36,766 movements were recorded. The movements include 20,671 arrivals and 16,095 departures. Arrivals were recorded at locations in Askira/Uba, Bama, Biu, Chibok, Damboa, Dikwa, Gwoza, Hawul, Jere, Kaga, Kala/Balge, Konduga, Mafa, Maiduguri M. C, Mobbar, Monguno, and Ngala LGAs of Borno state. Arrivals were also recorded in Demsa, Fufore, Girei, Gombi, Guyuk, Hong, Lamurde, Madagali, Maiha, Mayo-Belwa, Michika, Mubi North, Mubi South, Numan, Shelleng, Song, Yola North, and Yola South Local Government Areas (LGAs) of Adamawa state. Departures were recorded in Maiduguri Metropolitan Council, Askira/Uba, Bama, Chibok, Dikwa, Gubio, Gwoza, Hawul, Jere, and Kala/Balge LGAs of Borno state. Departures were also recorded in Demsa, Fufore, Girei, Gombi, Guyuk, Hong, Lamurde, Madagali, Maiha, Mayo-Belwa, Michika, Mubi North, Mubi South, Numan, Song, Yola North, and Yola South LGAs of Adamawa state and locations in Bursari, Damaturu and Geidam Local Government Areas (LGAs) of Yobe state.

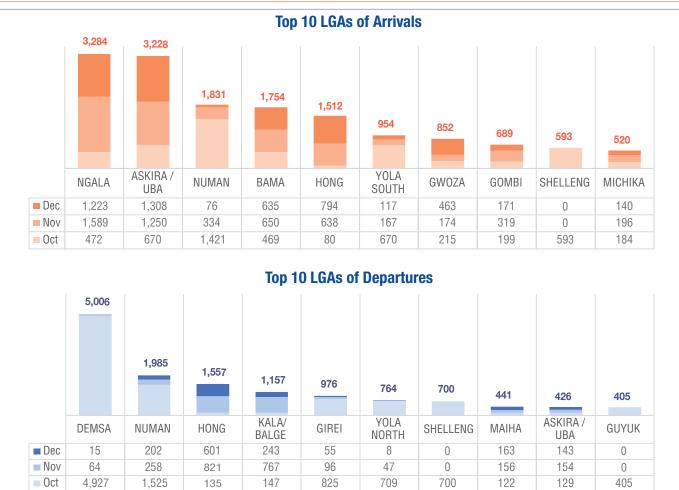
Out of the 36,766 movements recorded, 1,942 movements were recorded from neighboring countries which composed of 1,591 IDPs and 351 Returnees. Of these arrivals, 1,568 were from Cameroon, 359 from Niger and 15 arrivals recorded from Chad . 56% of the new arrivals reported to have relocated due to poor living conditions, 43% relocated voluntarily while 1% were reportedly due to conflict and attack.

ETT assessments identified the following movement triggers: flood (31%), poor living conditions (23%), voluntary relocation (21%), improved security (9%), conflict/attack (7%), fear of attack (6%), military operations (2%) and involuntary relocation (1%).

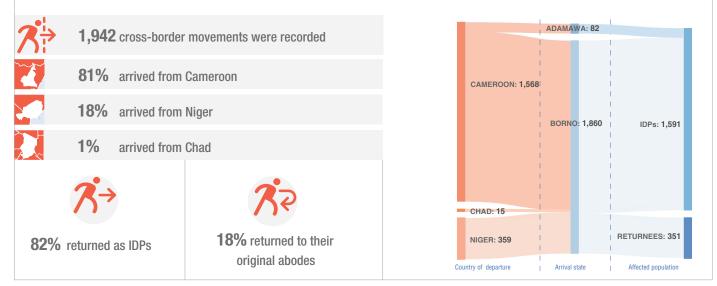


error free nor do they imply judgment on the legal status of any territory, or any endorsement or acceptance of such boundaries by IOM.

IOM's Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is deployed in Nigeria's northeastern states. Only Local Government Areas (LGAs) in which the IDP population changed since the latest DTM round of assessments are represented in this report. The data has been collected by DTM staff deployed at the locations listed and cross-checked with the partners present on the ground



Cross-border Movements



Emergency Tracking Tool Reports Released on Movements Tracked within October to December 2019		
Report 139 (30 September - 6 October 2019)	Report 144 (3 - 10 November 2019)	Report 149(9 - 15 December 2019)
Report 140 (7 - 13 October 2019)	Report 145 (11 - 17 November 2019)	Report 150 (16 - 22 December 2019)
Report 141 (14 - 20 October 2019)	Report 146 (18 - 24 November 2019)	Report 151 (23 - 29 December 2019)
Report 142 (21 - 27 October 2019)	Report 147 (25 November - 1 December 2019)	Report 152 (30 December - 5 January 2020)
Report 143 (28 October - 3 November 2019)	Report 148 (2 - 8 December 2019)	
Click Report title to view the published report & details on Google map	Note: This report includes few movements captured after the reports were published. MUAC data: as provided by UNICEF	





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DTM information products: http://displacement.iom.int/nigeria