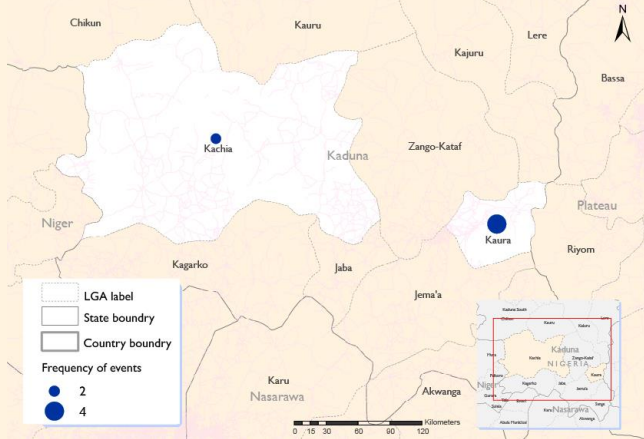
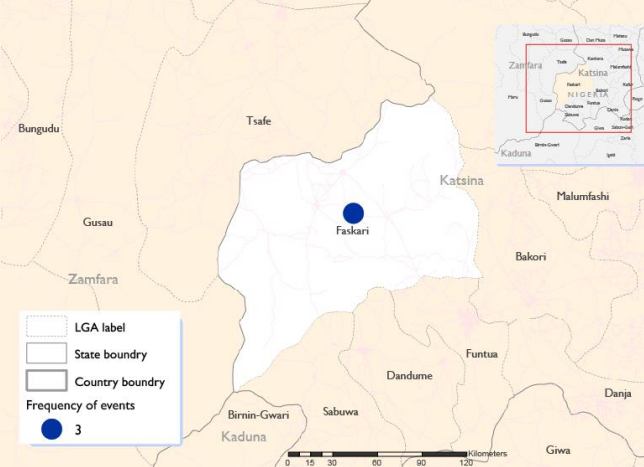




Map 1: Map of Kachia and Kaura LGAs showing frequency of event alerts



Map 2: Map of Faskari LGAs showing frequency of event alerts



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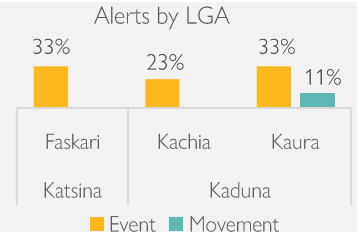
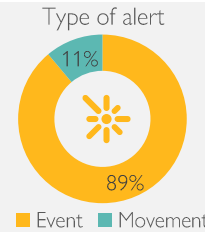
The Transhumance Tracking Tool (TTT) collects key data on transhumance movements in Katsina State, with the aim of providing the information needed for the implementation of support programs for populations on the official and unofficial transhumance corridors.

To better understand transhumance movements trends and the impact of vulnerabilities on transhumant communities, IOM has developed the Transhumance Tracking Tool (TTT) through its displacement tracking matrix (DTM). The purpose of the early warning alert system is to identify events related to the use of natural resources, agro-pastoral practices and herders' movements that is linked to events or massive/unexpected movement of livestock that could cause a conflict. To understand existing conflict resolution methods, and to inform competent authorities to reduce tensions in the affected areas of intervention. This system makes it possible to identify alerts related to a conflict event (event alert) or to a massive, early, late or unexpected movement of livestock (prevention alert) that could lead to conflict. These alerts, once transmitted to the various actors, are used for conflict prevention or actions towards resolutions.

This report presents data from the alert tool for the month of September 2023. A network of key informants selected from members of the Community Response Networks (CRNs) and LGA-based team leads were used for data collection.

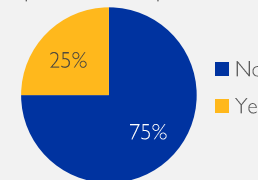
During the month of September 2023, the TTT Early Warning tool captured 9 alerts in Faskari LGA of Katsina State, and Kachia and Kaura LGAs of Kaduna State. The triangulated alerts included 8 (89%) events, 1(11%) sudden movements were recorded during the period. Faskari and Zankan wards located in Faskari and Kaura LGAs respectively, share the highest number of recorded event alerts.

TYPES OF ALERTS



CONSEQUENCES OF EVENTS

Population of displacement



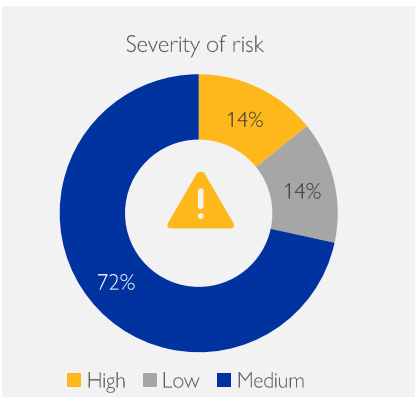
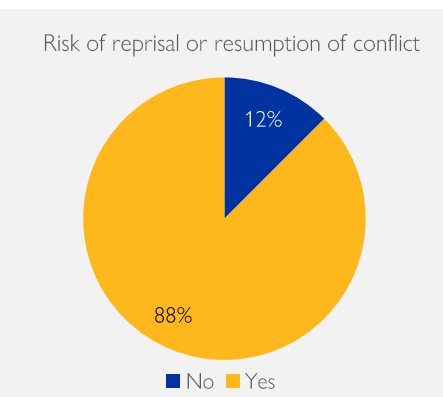
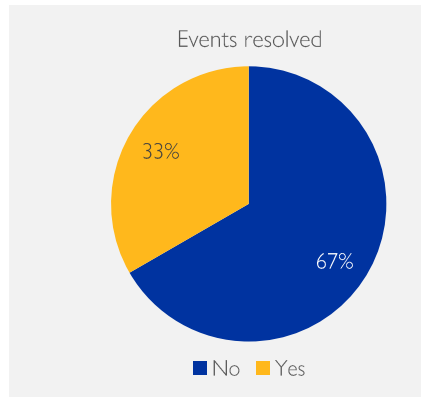
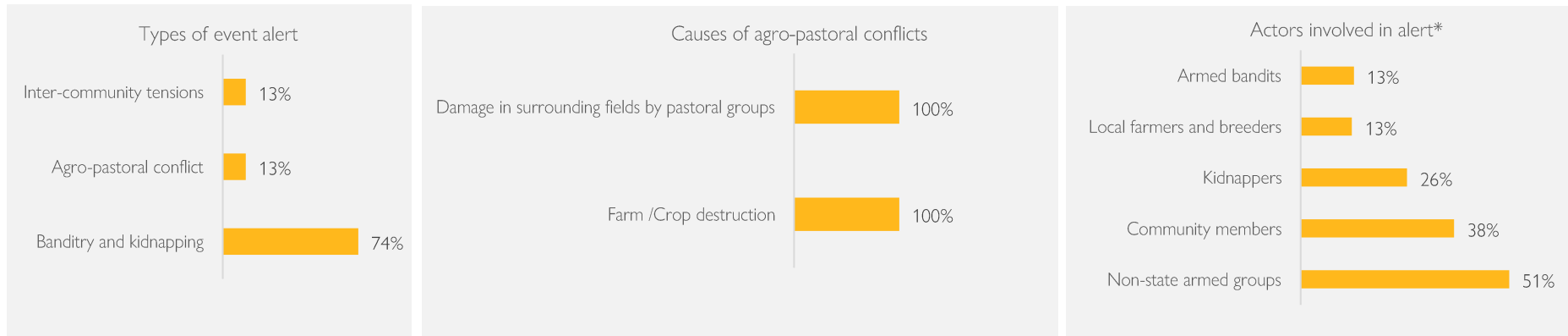
The event alerts for September indicates that 74 per cent of the events reported related to armed banditry and kidnapping, 13 per cent were a result of agro-pastoral conflicts between sedentary farmers, and 13 per cent of the event alerts were triggered by inter-community tensions. According to key informants, multiple factors could trigger event alerts, and specifically agro-pastoral conflicts in a community. The agro-pastoral conflicts related to transhumance movements were reportedly caused by damage in surrounding fields by pastoral groups and farm/crop destruction (in all of the communities affected by agro-pastoral conflicts respectively). Among the key actors involved in the event alerts were non-state armed groups (51%), community members (38%), kidnappers (26%), local farmers/breeders (13%) and armed bandits (13%).

As of September 2023, 13 per cent of the event alerts reported as a result of agro-pastoral conflicts were resolved with the involvement of local and/or national authorities, community leaders and pastoral organizations, humanitarian organizations, customary chiefs, and religious leaders. Community leaders were involved in conflict management in all the communities affected by agro-pastoral conflicts. However, 67 per cent of the events are not yet resolved and may require a concerted effort of all the actors involved in conflict management. Sixty-two per cent of the reported events resulted in casualties or injuries, meanwhile, 25 per cent events led to displacements of population.

Notwithstanding the resolution of 67 per cent of the events that occurred, there is a risk of reprisal in 88 per cent of the communities affected by agro-pastoral conflicts. Regarding the risk of reprisal or resumption of the conflict, the severity is high in 14 per cent of the communities, the severity of risk of reprisal is medium in 72 per cent of the communities while in 14 per cent of the communities, the severity of risk of reprisal is low.

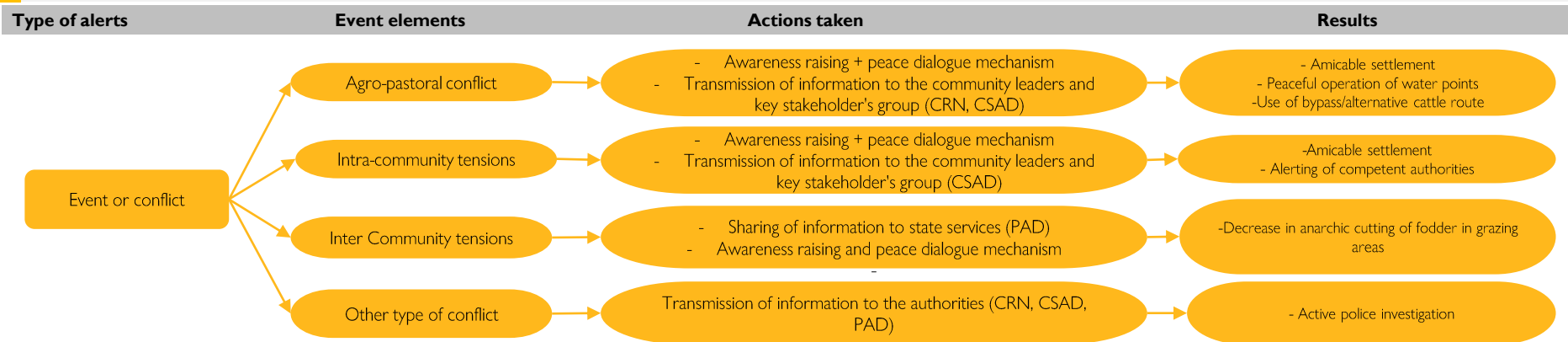
EVENT ALERTS

* data consisting of multi-choice options

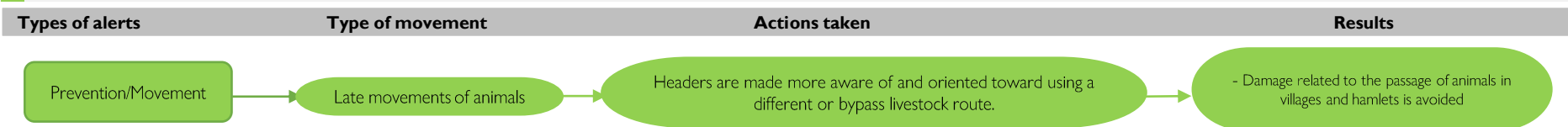


In response to the transmission of alerts by key informants and investigators to focal persons in Faskari LGA of Katsina State, actions are undertaken by different local actors to resolve and provide a response to mitigate or appease a conflict situation indicated by the "event alerts" and to avoid an imminent inter-community conflict or tension indicated by the "movements alerts". Thus, subject to the type of alerts, corresponding actions are taken to resolve or prevent conflicts related to transhumant movements. There are other alert types that may or may not be transhumance related such as kidnapping, armed robbery, sexual-based violence etc. Highlighted below are some course of actions taken to register and resolve alert types.

RESPONSES TO EVENTS ALERT



RESPONSES TO MOVEMENT ALERT



There were active involvement of the (CRNs) in the resolution of all the conflicts signaled by the alerts. It should be noted that pastoral organizations and farming communities, in consultation with local authorities contribute to the resolution of conflicts reported by alerts and to the anticipation of all movements reported by alerts, Indeed the members of these communities respond to certain conflict related alerts by providing appropriate solutions to promote peaceful transhumance in the state.

DISCLAIMER

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