

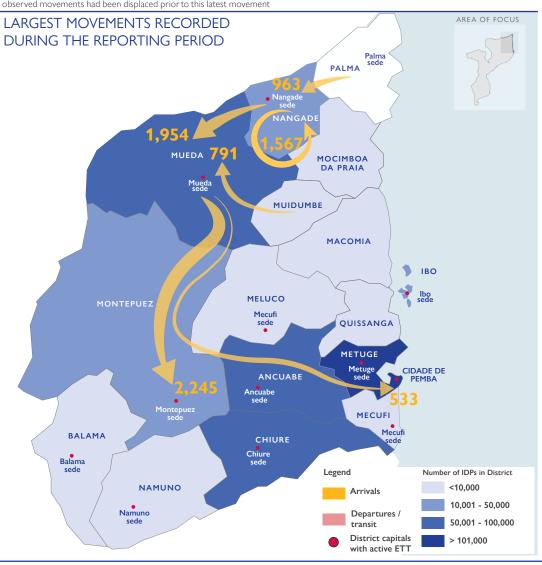
DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - Mozambique EMERGENCY TRACKING TOOL (ETT)



DTM Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is deployed to track and provide up-to-date information on sudden displacement and other population movements

ETT Report: No. 112/ 28 July - 03 August 2021

During the reporting period (27 July to 03 August 2021), a total of 152 movements were recorded - 140 arrivals (9,016 individuals), 7 departures (76 individuals), and 5 transits (112 individuals). The largest arrivals were recorded in Mueda (3,011 individuals), Montepuez (2,245 individuals), Nangade (1,592 individuals), Cidade de Pemba (1,160 individuals), Meconta (256 individuals), Metuge (165 individuals), Erati (130 individuals), and Chiure (113 individuals). There were fewer than one hundred in each of the following districts: Ibo, Meluco, Metuge, Namuno, Balama, and Anucabe. Seven departures were recorded in Chiure (43 individuals), and Metuge (33 individuals). Five transits were recorded in Nangade (61 individuals), Namuno (36 individuals) and Metuge (15 individuals). 1,405 of the total number of individuals originated from Palma district. Almost half of the population (36%) were displaced for the first time most especially following attacks in Muidumbe and Nangade. An estimated 51% of observed movements had been displaced prior to this latest movement



KEY FIGURES

9,204

PEOPLE ON THE MOVE **DURING THE** REPORTING PERIOD

15%

PALMA

49%

ARE CHILDREN

OF THE REPORTED

IDPs ARE LIVING WITH

THE HOST COMMUNITY

OF THE IDP MOVEMENTS MAIN REPORTED NEEDS ORIGINATED FROM







65% MEANS OF DISPLACEMENT

80%



DEMOGRAPHICS







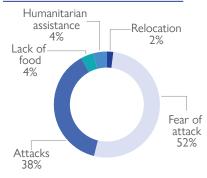
MAIN DISTRICTS OF ORIGIN







REASON OF DISPLACEMENT

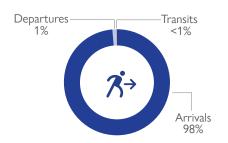


The depiction and use of boundaries, geographic names, and related data shown on maps and included in this report are not warranted to be error free nor do they imply judgment on the legal status of any territory, endorsement or acceptance of such boundaries by IOM.

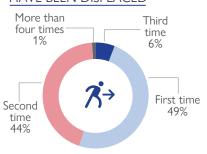




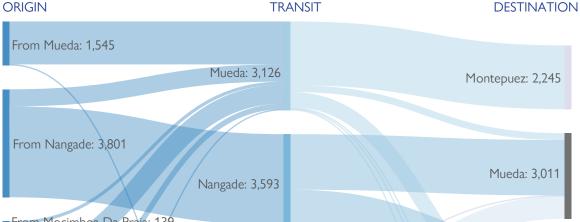
TYPE OF MOVEMENTS



NUMBER OF TIMES IDPs HAVE BEEN DISPLACED



DISPLACEMENT FLOWS BY DISTRICTS (ARRIVALS)

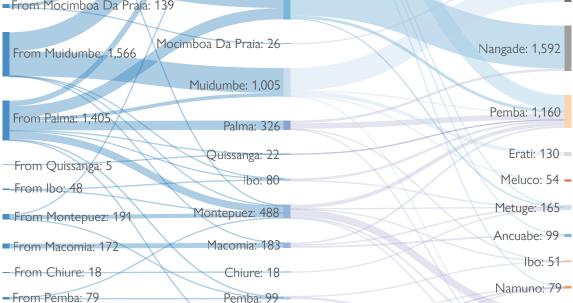




- From Meluco: 31

- From Mecufi: 6

- From Ancuabe: 10



Meluco: 31

Mecufi: 6

Ancuabe: 13

MAIN ARRIVAL DISTRICTS





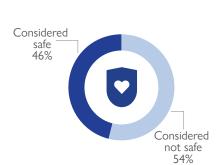




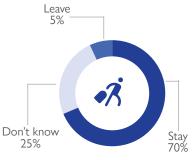
65%

WHERE ARE IDPs LIVING

SAFETY OF ROADS













Meconta: 256

Balama: 61 -

Chiure: 113





ABOUT THE EMERGENCY TRACKING TOOL (ETT)

Due to the volume and fluidity of population movements in Cabo Delgado, IOM's Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) rolled out its Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) methodology in key areas presenting rapid and important movements of populations, in order to ensure the tracking of population on the move and to identify areas of displacement and settlements, and support the identification of critical needs. Mapping displacement trends on a weekly basis complements the information obtained through other activities of the DTM data collection in the country.

The objective of the Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is to collect information on large and sudden population movements. Findings from the Emergency Tracking tool aim to provide support to the Government and the humanitarian community by disseminating data on IDPs for effective humanitarian response planning amongst affected populations.

Emergency tracking teams and enumerators are deployed to Ancuabe, Namuno, Balama, Chiure, Ibo, Mueda, Nangade, Montepuez, Meluco, Mecufi, and Cidade de Pemba districts to collect data on displacement movements on a daily basis. Due to recent attacks, the DTM team has temporarily stopped assessments in Macomia, Muidumbe, Palma and Mocimboa da Praia districts.

VULNERABILITIES BY LOCALITY (ARRIVALS)

District	Total Individuals	Unaccompanied/Separated Children	Pregnant Women	Ederly	Person with disability
Ancuabe	99	-	-	9	1
Natove	22	-	-	-	-
Ntele	35	-	-	6	1
Ntutu	42	-	-	3	-
Balama	61	11	2	4	-
Ingonane	14	4	1	2	-
Ntanta	5	1	-	-	-
Ntanta	10	3	-	-	-
Marimba B	15	1	1	1	-
Quionga	17	2	-	1	-
Chiure	113	-	1	3	-
Namiuta	3	-	-	-	-
Ncuerete	13	-	-	-	-
Meriha	69	-	1	1	-
Nahavara	9	-	-	-	-
Meriha	11	-	-	-	-
Nahele	8	-	-	2	-
Cidade De Pemba	1,160	6	1	37	4
Cariacó	121		-	-	2
Chuíba	192	-	-	5	-
Eduardo Mondlane	57	-	-	-	-
Ingonane	87	-	-	-	1
Mahate	85	-	-	-	-
Maringanha	186	-	-	1	-
Metula	228	6	-	23	-
Muxara	23	-	1	-	-
Natite	143	-	-	5	-
Paquitequete	38	-	-	3	1
Erati	130	-	-	-	-
Namapa Sede	130	-	-	-	-
Ibo	51	9	1	4	-
Igreja	11		-	-	-
Palusansa	31	8	1	4	-
Sede	9	1	-	-	-
Meconta	256		5	12	-
Corrane	256	-	5	12	-

District	Total Individuals	Unaccompanied/Separated Children	Pregnant Women	Ederly	Person with disability
Meluco	54		-	2	1
Minapo	54	-	-	2	1
Metuge	165	11	2	2	3
1 de Maio	10	4	-	-	-
3 de Fevereiro	7	-	1	-	-
Manono	14	-	-	-	-
Namuapala	16	-	1	-	-
Nangua	32	-	-	-	-
Napai	29	-	-	-	-
Ngura	2	-	-	-	-
Nlucune	11	1	-	-	-
Sede	44	6	-	2	3
Montepuez	2,245	23	33	133	4
Centro de Cumumule	401	-	6	19	-
Centro de Massaci	1,194	14	18	75	2
Cidade de Montepuez	650	9	9	39	2
Mueda	3,011	4	54	148	4
Lilondo	128	-	3	-	-
Lyanda	201	-	2	-	-
Maimio	206	-	4	13	4
Negomano	240	-	1	36	-
Ntandedi	1,468	-	24	59	-
Rovuma	768	4	20	40	-
Namuno	79	-	2	-	-
Cumone B	10	-	-	-	-
Cumone C	7	-	1	-	-
Expansão	9	-	-	-	-
Sede	37	-	1	-	-
Vitória	16	-	-	-	-
Nangade	1,592	14	19	65	4
Chitunda	290	-	1	11	2
Holota	576	7	10	21	1
Ndeganamade	144	1	2	3	-
Ntanga	582	6	6	30	1
Grand Total	9,016	78	120	419	21







