Fear of attacks and subsequent confirmed attacks in Ancuabe district by Non-State Armed Groups triggered 19,900 individual displacement movements within Ancuabe, Chiure, Quissanga, Balama, Mecufi, Mueda, Macomia, Montepuez, Meluco, Ibo, Namuno, Muidumbe, Metuge, Membia, Cidade de Nampula, Mecuburi, Nacala, Nacarao, Ribae, Erati and Cidade de Pemba. An estimate of 1,386 Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs) have been identified with vulnerabilities. At least 34% of these movements are arrivals in Metuge, 19% in Cidade de Pemba, and 9% in Macomia. New arrivals recorded within the reporting period map 7,630 individuals predominantly moving into displacement sites across Chiume, Metuge, and Montepuez.

Current figures are to be considered as cumulative displacement movements observed between 27 June 03 July. IOM teams observed an average of 3,130 daily individual movements between 27 June and 02 July, 2022 (please see the daily trends and sankey chart below for further information).

The objective of the Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) - Movement Alert is to collect information on large and sudden population movements, and to provide support to the humanitarian response partners by disseminating data on IDPs to support effective humanitarian response to the affected population. Information is collected through key informants interviews or direct observation. This dashboard provides basic information on displacements, and additional information can be shared upon request.

**URGENT NEEDS**

Urgent needs are calculated by weighting the total number of IDP arrivals in each group against the stated priority.

**URGENT NEEDS DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
<th>Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Women</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>4,879</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Men</td>
<td>18%</td>
<td>3,628</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Children</td>
<td>57%</td>
<td>11,393</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**VULNERABILITIES**

- Elderly persons: 53%
- Pregnant women: 15%
- Unaccompanied/-separated children: 6%
- People with disabilities: 1%
- People with chronic disease: 1%

**NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS (2 JUNE - 3 JULY 2022)**

Spikes in daily movements due to increased attacks/fear of attacks.
Means of transportation:
- Foot
- Bus

MOVEMENT FLOWS (ARRIVALS AT DISTRICT LEVEL)

Point of Departure

From Ancuabe: 9,898
- From Mecufi: 274
- From Metuge: 187
- From Chiure: 571
  - From Montepuez: 61
  - From Macomia: 94
  - From Cidade De Pemba: 32
  - From Namuno: 17
- From Muidumbe: 111
  - From Mecufi: 274
  - From Metuge: 187
- From Meluco: 641
- From Quissanga: 365

Point of Transit

Ancuabe: 8,024
- Metuge: 1,562
  - Mecufi: 283
  - Chiure: 487
- Montepuez: 632
  - Macomia: 94
  - Cidade De Pemba: 40
  - Namuno: 5
- Muidumbe: 111
  - Ibo: 12
- Meluco: 248
- Quissanga: 765

Point of Arrival

Cidade De Pemba: 2,300
- Chiure: 904
- Metuge: 4,008
- Montepuez: 521
  - Erati: 457
  - Muidumbe: 310
- Macomia: 1,093
  - Ibo: 205
  - Namuno: 64
- Cidade De Nampula: 358
  - Balama: 537
  - Meluco: 451
- Ibo: 12
- Namuno: 17
- Muidumbe: 111
- Meluco: 248
- Quissanga: 815

Website: https://displacement.iom.int/mozambique
Feedback: DTMMozambique@iom.int
@IOM_Mozambique

When quoting, paraphrasing, or in any other way using the information mentioned in this report, the source needs to be stated appropriately as follows: "The International Organization for Migration July, 2022, Displacement Tracking Matrix"