

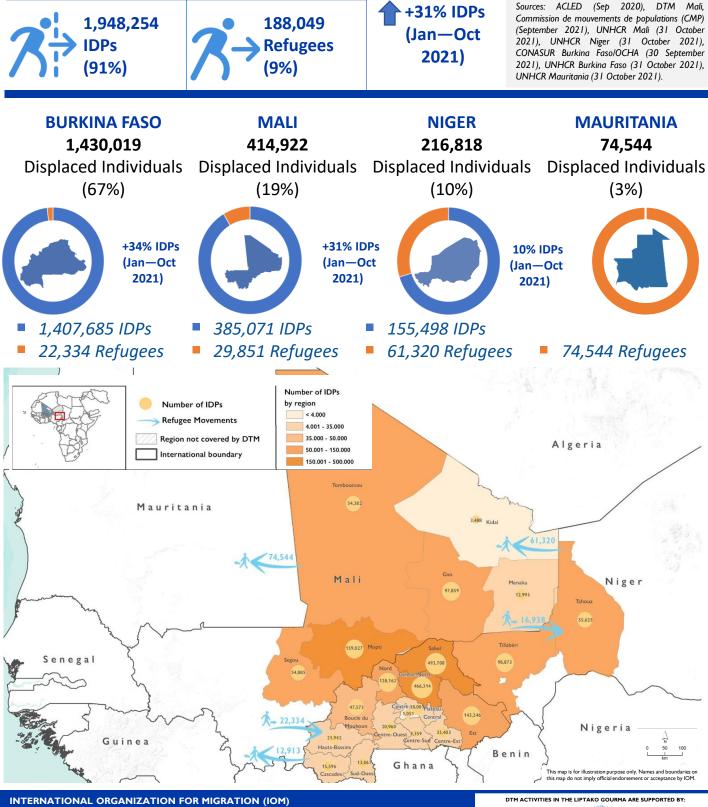
DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX (DTM) ACCEMENT ACCEMENT CENTRAL SAHEL & LIPTAKO GOURMA • Monthly dashboard #22 • 31 October 2021

Context: The Central Sahel area, and in particular the Liptako Gourma region, which borders Burkina Faso, Mali and Niger, is affected by a complex crisis involving growing competition over dwindling resources; climatic variability; demographic pressure; high levels of poverty; disaffection and a lack of livelihood opportunities; communal tensions; the absence of state institutions and basic services; and

violence related to organized crime and Non-State Armed Groups. The crisis has led to the death of an estimated 5,000 people in 2020 (as of 31 August) and triggered significant displacement of populations in the four affected countries. As of 31 October 2021, 2,136,303 individuals have been displaced, including 1,948,254 Internally Displaced Persons (91% of the displaced population) and 188,049

Refugees (9% of the displaced population). Sixty-seven per cent of the displaced population (1,430,019 individuals) were located in Burkina Faso, while 19 per cent resided in Mali (414,922 individuals), 10 per cent in Niger (216,818 individuals) and 3 per cent in Mauritania (74,544 individuals).

NB: Displacements may also be linked to the crisis affecting Northern Mali since 2012.



Contact: RODakar-DataResearch@iom.int https://displacement.iom.int http://rodakar.iom.int When quoting, paraphrasing or in any way using the information mentioned in this report, the source needs to be stated appropriately as follows: "Source: International Organization for Migration (IOM), (Aug. 2021), Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM)". Ministry of Foreign Affairs