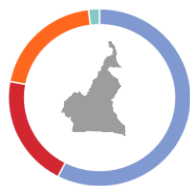


**Context:** The crisis currently affecting the Lake Chad Basin states results from a complex combination of factors, including conflict with Non-State Armed Groups, extreme poverty, underdevelopment and a changing climate, which together have triggered significant displacement of populations. As of 21 August 2020, Cameroon, Chad, Niger and Nigeria were hosting an estimated 4,994,349 affected individuals made up of Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs), Refugees (both in- and out-of-camp), Returnees (Former IDPs and Returnees from abroad) and Third Country Nationals (TCNs). 76 per cent of the affected population (representing 3,793,691 individuals) were located in Nigeria, while 11 per cent resided in Cameroon (559,443 individuals), 8 per cent in Chad (377,697 individuals) and 5 per cent in Niger (263,518 individuals).

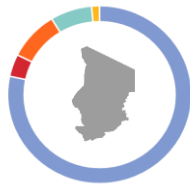


## CAMEROON



- 321,886 IDPs
- 112,555 Returnees (former IDPs)
- 10,934 Returnees from abroad
- 114,068 Refugees

## CHAD



- 294,671 IDPs
- 33,472 Returnees (former IDPs)
- 27,497 Returnees from abroad
- 15,288 Refugees
- 6,769 TCNs

## NIGERIA

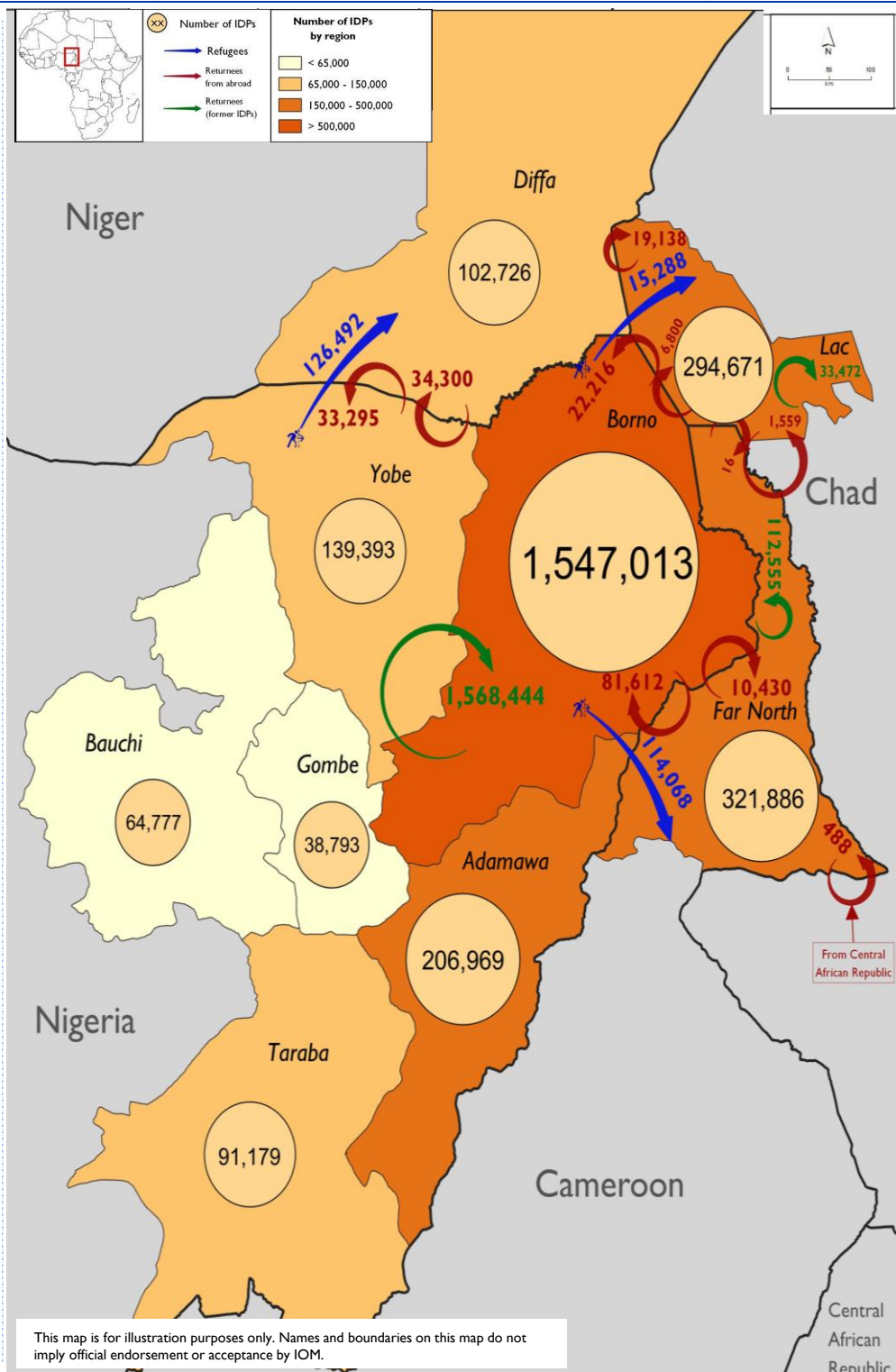


- 2,088,124 IDPs
- 1,568,444 Returnees (former IDPs)
- 137,123 Returnees from abroad

## NIGER



- 102,726 IDPs
- 34,300 Returnees from abroad
- 126,492 Refugees



This map is for illustration purposes only. Names and boundaries on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by IOM.

Sources and dates: DTM Cameroon (Round 21 – June 2020), DTM Chad (Round 12 – July 2020), DTM Nigeria (Round XXXII – June 2020), Government of Niger (29/05/2020), DREC-MIR/UNHCR Niger (May 2020), UNHCR Cameroon (30/06/2020), CNARR & UNHCR (30/06/2020).