DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - Nigeria

EMERGENCY TRACKING TOOL (ETT)

DTM Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is deployed to track and provide up-to-date information on sudden displacement and other population movements

ETT Report: No. 144 | 4 - 10 November 2019

Arrivals:
1,264 individuals

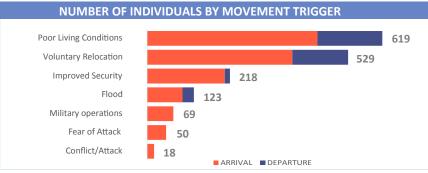
Departures:
362 individuals

97 Children (6-59 months) screened for malnutrition MUAC category of screened children

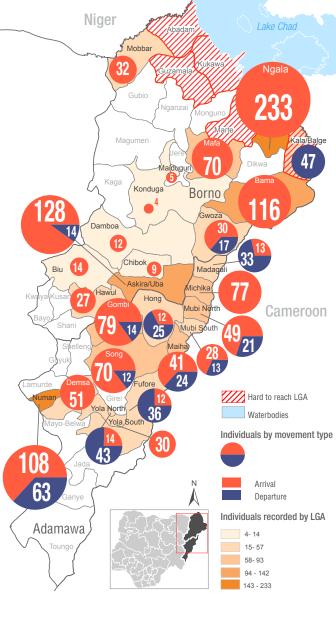
Green: 90 Yellow: 4 Red: 3

During the period of 4 – 10 November 2019, a total of 1,626 movements were recorded, which were composed of 1,264 arrivals and 362 departures. Arrivals were recorded at locations in Maiduguri Metropolitan Council, Askira/Uba, Bama, Biu, Chibok, Damboa, Gwoza, Hawul, Konduga, Mafa, Mobbar and Ngala Local Government Areas (LGAs) of Borno State. Arrivals were also recorded in Demsa, Fufore, Gombi, Hong, Madagali, Maiha, Michika, Mubi North, Mubi South, Numan, Song, Yola North and Yola South LGAs of Adamawa State. Departures were recorded in Askira/Uba, Gwoza and Kala/Balge LGAs of Borno State. Departures were also recorded in Fufore, Gombi, Hong, Madagali, Maiha, Mubi North, Mubi South, Numan, Song and Yola North LGAs of Adamawa State.

ETT assessments identified the following movement triggers: poor living conditions (38%), voluntary relocation (33%), improved security (13%), flood (8%), military operations (4%), fear of attack (3%) and conflict/attack (1%).







* Movements in Kala/Balge were captured by ETT outreach staff in the LGA

SUMMARY OF MAJOR MOVEMENTS

Ngala: 233 arrivals were recorded in Ngala LGA of Borno State. The arrivals include 209 from Rann "A" ward of Kala/Balge LGA and 24 from Darak of Cameroon. The arrivals were all due to poor living conditions.

Numan: 108 arrivals and 63 departures were recorded in Numan LGA of Adamawa State. The arrivals include 79 from Sabon Pegi ward and were tracked at Imburu ward and 29 from Borrong ward of Demsa LGA. The departures include 47 from Sabon Pegi ward and 16 from Imburu ward. 73% of the new arrivals reported to have relocated due to poor living conditions while 27% were due to flood. The departures were all due to poor living conditions.

Askira/Uba: 128 arrivals and 14 departures were recorded in Askira/Uba LGA of Borno State. The arrivals include 119 from Giwi/Wamdeo ward and were tracked in Chull/Rumirgo ward. Other arrivals include 7 from Bauchi LGA of Bauchi State and 2 from Hong LGA of Adamawa State. The 14 departures were from Uba ward. 98% of the new arrivals reported to have relocated due to improved security while 2% were due to poor living conditions. The departures were all voluntarily.

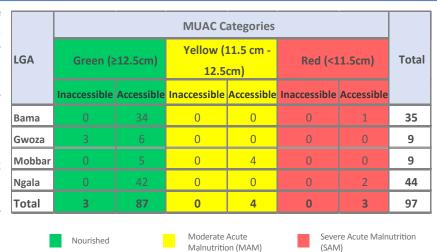
Bama: 116 arrivals were recorded in Bama LGA of Borno State. The arrivals include 41 from Mora and 3 from Mokolo of Cameroon. Other arrivals include 12 from Buduwa/Bula Chirabe ward, 30 from Pulka/Bokko ward of Gwoza LGA and 30 from Konduga ward of Konduga LGA. The new arrivals reported to have relocated voluntarily.

IOM's Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is deployed in Nigeria's northeastern states. Only Local Government Areas (LGAs) in which the IDP population changed since the latest DTM round of assessments are represented in this report. The data has been collected by DTM staff deployed at the locations listed and cross-checked with the partners present on the ground.

NEW ARRIVAL MALNUTRITION SCREENING SUMMARY (CHILDREN 6-59 MONTHS)

An exhaustive nutrition screening using monitoring of symptoms of acute malnutrition mid upper arm circumference (MUAC) and Oedema was conducted by Nutrition Sector partners for 97 children of 6-59 months. Of the 97 children screened, the MUAC reading recorded 3 children (from accessible area) in the Red category, 4 in the Yellow category and 90 measured in the Green category. No case of Oedema was reported in the 4 LGAs that that reports were received from.

The results also include 46 children from neighbouring Cameroon and Republic of Niger (12 children moved to Bama, 9 to Mobbar and 25 moved to Ngala); Out of the 46 children measured, 1 was in the red category, 41 in the green category and 4 measured in the yellow category. All children found with acute malnutrition have been admitted for treatment.



Please note, the data presented are not surveillance results and should be interpreted with caution.

Table 1. Details of movements by locations of assessment and locations of arrival / departure - only movements with at least 36 persons are listed below

Tracking Location			Movement Location					
STATE	LGA	WARD	STATE2	LGA2	WARD2	ARRIVAL	DEPARTURE	Grand Total
ADAMAWA	DEMSA	BORRONG	ADAMAWA	NUMAN	SABON PEGI	51	-	51
	GOMBI	GARKIDA	ADAMAWA	NUMAN	IMBURU	19	-	19
		GOMBI NORTH		SONG	SONG WAJE	25	-	25
		GOMBI SOUTH		HONG	GARAH		14	14
				MAYO - BELWA	BAJAMA	15	-	15
	MADAGALI	GULAK	ADAMAWA	MADAGALI	GULAK	-	14	14
				MUBI NORTH	DIGIL	-	19	19
		KIRCHINGA/WUROGAYANDI		HONG	KWARHI	13	-	13
	MAIHA	KONKOL	ADAMAWA	YOLA SOUTH	BOLE/YOLDE PATE	18	-	18
		MAYO NGULI		MAIHA	MAIHA GARI	-	24	24
					SORAU B	16	-	16
	MICHIKA	GARTA	BORNO	HONG	HONG	17	-	17
		MADZI	ADAMAWA	MUBI NORTH	MAYO BANI	14	-	14
		SINA KAMALE		MICHIKA	BAZZA	23	-	23
	MUBI NORTH	DIGIL	ADAMAWA	MADAGALI	GULAK	19	-	19
		KOLERE		MUBI NORTH	BETSO	14	-	14
	NUMAN	IMBURU	ADAMAWA	LAMURDE	GYAWANA	-	16	16
				NUMAN	SABON PEGI	79	-	79
		SABON PEGI		DEMSA	BORRONG	29	-	29
				NUMAN	BARE	-	47	47
	SONG	SONG GARI	ADAMAWA	TOUNGO	KIRI	13	-	13
		SONG WAJE		GOMBI	GOMBI NORTH	25	-	25
	YOLA NORTH	BOLE/YOLDE PATE	ADAMAWA	MICHIKA	KUBI	-	13	13
BORNO	ASKIRA/UBA	CHULL/RUMIRGO	BORNO	ASKIRA / UBA	GIWI/WOMDEO	119	-	119
	BAMA	BUDUWA / BULA CHIRABE	BORNO	KONDUGA	KONDUGA	30	-	30
			CAMEROON	MAYO-SAVA	MORA	30	-	30
		SHEHURI / HAUSARI / MAIRI	BORNO	GWOZA	PULKA/BOKKO	30	-	30
	HAWUL	SHAFFA	BORNO	CHIBOK	KAUTIKARI	18	-	18
	KALA/BALGE	RANN "A"	BORNO	NGALA	NGALA WARD	-	47	47
	MAFA	MAFA	BORNO	MAFA	GAWA	69	-	69
	MOBBAR	DAMASAK	NIGER REPUBLIC	DIFFA	CHEIMARI	32	-	32
	NGALA	NGALA WARD	BORNO	KALA/BALGE	RANN "A"	209	-	209
	NGALA	NGALA WARD	CAMEROON	LOGONE-ET-CHARI	DARAK	24	-	24

The depiction and use of boundaries, geographic names, and related data shown on maps and included in this report are not warranted to be error free nor do they imply judgment on the legal status of any territory, or any endorsement or acceptance of such boundaries by IOM. MUAC data is provided by UNICEF

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