

Western Bahr el Ghazal Event Tracking Report

Publication date: 24 March 2020

Jur River County, Western Bahr el Ghazal

IOM's Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) conducted a field assessment in Kuajiena Payam on 25 February and 18 March 2020 to obtain more information about ongoing clashes between pastoralists and farmers. The team visited Maranya, Akouyo and Mapel in Kuajiena Payam confirming the displacement of 5,024 individuals (920 households) from Akou, Akoor and Yikana¹ (all within Kuajiena Payam).

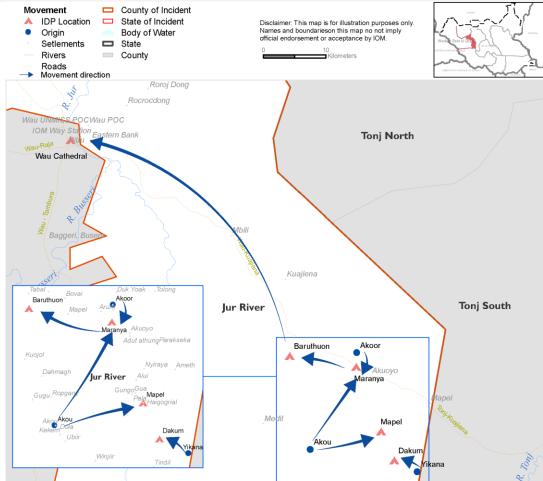
<u>From Akoor</u>: an estimated 1,603 IDPs (303 households) fled from Akoor to Baruthuon. Some 501 IDPs (95 households) from Akoor initially fled to Akuoyo, but due to insecurity in the area, the group moved to Maranya and later to Baruthuon and Cathedral collective centre (Wau Town).

<u>From Akou</u>: 2,621 IDPs (495 households) fled from Akou and found shelter among the local population in Arneo (also part of Mapel Boma) as well as Maranya.

<u>From Yikana</u>: DTM revisited Mapel Boma on 18 March 2020 due to an incident reported to have occurred on 8 and 15 March 2020 in Yikana Village which constitutes part of Mapel Boma. The team found that approximately 800 individuals (122 households) fled the village and found refuge in Dakum Village near an army training facility amongst the local community.

According to the information from DTM teams in Wau, at least 76 IDPs (16 households) arrived in Cathedral collective centre since 5 March 2020 seeking refuge due to ongoing clashes in Kuajiena Payam. Women represent the majority (more than 64%) across all assessed locations. Food, shelter and NFIs were

identified as the most urgent needs by displaced communities.



¹ According to key informants, IDPs also arrived from Pawadukel. However, the team could not verify the location or number of people who were displaced from Pawadukel.



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Jur River County

Fled from: Akou, Jur River	⁻ County	Data collected of	on: 25 February 2020		
TRIGGER FOR MOVEMENT	Communal Clashes	DEMOGRAPHIC BREAKDOWN IDPs (2,621)	TYPE OF NEED (Any urgent need)		
# of IDPs	2,621 (495 HH)	123% 77% Male Female	HEALTH		
# of Returnees	-	1% >60 4%	WATER		
Fled to	Arneo (Mapel Boma)	4% 18-59 15%	SANITATION		
Mode of transport	On foot	9 <mark>% 6-17</mark> 22%	FOOD FOOD		
Nature of movement	Spontaneous	5% 1-5 12%	SHELTER		
Setting	Host Community	4% <1 24%			

Information source: Direct Visit

Fled from: Akoor, Jur River County Data collected on: 25 February 2020 TRIGGER FOR Communal TYPE OF NEED MOVEMENT Clashes IDPs (1,603) # of IDPs HEALTH 1,603 (303 HH) 31% 69% Male Female \mathbf{O} WATER # of Returnees 4% >60 5% 2 SANITATION Fled to Baruthuon (Mapel) 6% 18-59 9% PROTECTION and Maranya (NA) Mode of transport On foot 6-17 FOOD ✓ 19% Nature of movement \bigcirc **Spontaneous** SHELTER \checkmark 8% 1-5 23% NON-FOOD Host Community Setting (NFI) \checkmark ITEMS 4% <1 13%

Information source: Direct visit

IOM DTM employs Event Tracking as a more rapid and localized assessment tool complementing overall efforts to report on IDP and returnee figures nationally (see Mobility Tracking reports and maps on <u>displacement.iom.int/south-sudan</u>). IOM teams access IDP / returnee locations and consult local key informants including community representatives, local authorities or humanitarian partners and triangulate findings to provide partners with the most accurate as possible, actionable and current data.

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Jur River County

Fled from: Yikana, Jur River County			Data collected on: 18 March 2020				
TRIGGER FOR MOVEMENT	Communal Clashes	DEMOGRAPHIC BREAKDOWN IDPs (2,621)			TYPE OF NEED (Any urgent need)		
# of IDPs	800 (122 HH)	44% Male	56% Female			HEALTH	
# of Returnees	-		>60		0	WATER	
Fled to	Mapel, Jur River		9% 3- 59	150/	•	SANITATION	
Mode of transport	On foot	12% 6	-17	15%	(8) (8)	FOOD	
Nature of movement	Spontaneous		- 5 12%	1170	0	SHELTER	
Setting	Host Community	5%	:1 6%			ION-FOOD ITEMS	

Information source: Direct Visit

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