

The Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) is an assessment tool used by the Camp Coordination and Camp Management Cluster (CCCM) co-lead by the Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD) and the International Organization for Migration (IOM) to gather data on the conditions of displacement, needs, gaps, and interventions in the evacuation to better inform humanitarian response



IOM • OIM



DSWD

## 20 February 2013 DTM Snapshots of Gaps/Needs of 14 Displacement Sites



As the fifth month since the Zamboanga siege commence, resettlement plans for the internally-displaced persons (IDPs) have already laid out. The city government, with the support of humanitarian organizations and other agencies, is currently finalizing its action plan in providing durable solutions to finally transfer the IDPs from evacuation centers to transitory and permanent shelters.

Initial activities were already conducted to present some of the resettlement plans to the IDPs.

96 IDP families from Sta. Maria ES, Lunzuran and Divisoria NHS evacuation sites participated to a go-and-see visit in Philippines Tuberculosis Society, Inc. (PTSI) Upper Calarian, a new transitional site that will be opened within the month of March. The International Organization for Migration (IOM) Zamboanga Recovery Program already have constructed 29 rooms of bed kits made of metal studs and light materials, inside two abandoned buildings in PTSI. The IDP participants expressed positive remarks of transferring in the new transitional site.

The remaining IDP families in ZNHS-West were successfully transferred to the newly-built bedkits with privacy partitions located on the Grandstand Zone D bleachers. Some of the IDP families were also assigned to the modified bedkits located on the Grandstand ground. 3 families were also transferred to Rio Hondo TS.

Furthermore, as the resettlement plans are being cultivated, various assistance for the IDPs in evacuation centers are still needed.

IOM distributed the 2nd wave of NFIs and constructed WASH facilities to all evacuation centers and transitory sites in Zamboanga City.

A total of 2,500 charcoal-fuelled stoves, 3,000 family starter kits, and 339 10-meter sakolenes were given on the 2nd wave of distribution by IOM within the month of January. 32 separate bathing cubicles and 194 garbage bins were also installed to all evacuation centers and transitory sites to address Hygiene and Sanitation concerns.

On issues and concerns, food distribution, livelihood programs and health issues are the major concerns that are dominating among the IDPs.

In this report, each of the four zones of JFEJSC was counted as equivalent to one camp to give a more accurate picture of the gaps, needs and interventions.



CCCM

Name of Evacuation Sites	IDP Population		Camp Management		
	Families	Persons	Are there camp management committees?	Is sex-disaggregated population data available?	Is age-disaggregated population data available?
JFEJSC Grandstand - Zone A	886	4,744	Y	Y	Y
JFEJSC Grandstand - Zone B	516	2,794	Y	Y	Y
JFEJSC Grandstand- Zone C	536	2,928	Y	Y	Y
JFEJSC Grandstand- Zone D	563	3,077	Y	Y	Y
CAWA-CAWA SHORELINE CLUSTER	846	4,310	Y	Y	Y
DIVISORIA NATIONAL HIGH SCHOOL (LOBREGAT)	55	182	Y	Y	Y
DON GREGORIO EVANGELISTA MEMORIAL SCHOOL (DC)	25	141	Y	Y	Y
LUNZURAN BRGY. HALL	38	177	Y	Y	Y
STA. MARIA CENTRAL SCHOOL	38	203	Y	Y	Y
TALON TALON ELEM. SCHOOL	204	934	Y	Y	Y
TALON TALON NHS	42	173	Y	Y	Y
ZAMBOANGA CITY EAST CENTRAL SCHOOL (ZCECS)	121	708	Y	Y	Y
<b>Name of Transitional Sites</b>					
JFEJSC BUNKHOUSES	255	1,445			
RIO HONDO TRANSITIONAL SITE	38	265	Y	Y	Y
TALUKSANGAY TRANSITIONAL SITE	357	1,731	Y	Y	Y
TULUNGATUNG TRANSITIONAL SITE	394	2,261	Y	Y	Y
<b>PRESENT DATA</b>	<b>4,914</b>	<b>26,067</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>PREVIOUS DATA</b>	<b>4,938</b>	<b>26,756</b>			
<b>DIFFERENCE</b>	<b>-24</b>	<b>-689</b>			

- All indicators of the CCCM Cluster are already attained. These indicators will be replaced with another set of timely and relevant CCCM questions on the next release of DTM.
- Camp Management by IOM and DSWD or CSWD is already existing in all evacuation centers and transitory sites.



- Age and Gender Disaggregated Data of the IDPs in all evacuation centers and transitory sites are already available. This set of data can be a source of information in knowing the demographic status of the IDPs and the specific need of each age group. Specific interventions of different clusters can be positioned from this data.
- The JFEJSC Bunkhouses which are located in Grandstand Zone B and Zone D is considered as a transitory site. However, the DTM indicators of this site are still under Grandstand Zone B and D.
- ZNHS – West EC was recently closed as IDPs in the said site were transferred to Grandstand and to transitory sites. 56 Blue card-holder and 4 yellow card-holder IDP families were moved to the bedkits with privacy partitions located on Zone D Bleachers in Grandstand. 15 blue card-holder, 14 pink card-holder and 39 yellow card-holder IDP families were transferred to the modified bedkits with privacy partitions in Zone A. 32 IDP families were assigned in the modified bedkits located on Zone C. 31 IDP families were provided with shelter materials as they built their own shelter inside Grandstand. 3 families were also moved to Rio Hondo Transitory Site.

### CCCM IMMEDIATE CONCERNS

- Majority of IDPs in Cawa-cawa Shoreline Evacuation Site wants to be relocated to a wider and safer site.
- The Camp Management Staff of ZNHS West that were transferred to Grandstand, because of the IDP movement and the closure of the site, requests for a command post inside Grandstand or Command post facilities such as tables, chairs and white board since they are temporarily assigned in Zone D Command Post.

### CCCM DEVELOPMENTS

- Accurate list of profile, age and gender disaggregated data in all camps are already available. These data were gathered by camp managers from IOM, CSWD and DSWD and staffs from Department of Education and barangay officials designated in every evacuation and transitory sites.
- Camp managers and the IDP committee in all sites have formulated and established camp rules and regulations. These material will be printed on tarpaulins to be posted on the respective sites.
- Resident IDPs, along with barangay officials and camp manager from IOM, conducted a general meeting in Taluksangay Transitory Shelter. Selection of bunkhouse leaders and protection leaders were the highlight of the meeting.
- A go-and-see visit in PTSI Upper Calarian, an upcoming new transitional site, was conducted last January 30, 2014. IDPs from Sta. Maria, Lunzuran and Divisoria NHS evacuation sites and representatives from IOM, the city government, Housing division and from DSWD, attended the event. The IDP participants expressed positive remarks. 115 IDPs from the three evacuation sites are willing to transfer in PTSI transitory site.
- Community Information Boards were installed in existing evacuation centers and transitional sites.



Community Information Boards were installed in all evacuation and transitional sites. Vital information and updates are posted in these boards.



Name of Evacuation Sites	IDP Population		Shelter			
	Families	Persons	Is the site not overcrowded?	Is there a private partition for each family?	Is there enough safe communal cooking area?	Is electricity supplied at site?
JFEJSC Grandstand - Zone A	886	4,744	N	N	N	Y
JFEJSC Grandstand - Zone B	516	2,794	N	N	N	Y
JFEJSC Grandstand- Zone C	536	2,928	N	N	N	Y
JFEJSC Grandstand- Zone D	563	3,077	N	N	Y	Y
CAWA-CAWA SHORELINE CLUSTER	846	4,310	N	Y	Y	Y
DIVISORIA NATIONAL HIGH SCHOOL (LOBREGAT)	55	182	N	Y	Y	Y
DON GREGORIO EVANGELISTA MEMORIAL SCHOOL (DC)	25	141	Y	N	Y	Y
LUNZURAN BRGY. HALL	38	177	Y	Y	Y	Y
STA. MARIA CENTRAL SCHOOL	38	203	Y	Y	Y	Y
TALON TALON ELEM. SCHOOL	204	934	N	N	Y	Y
TALON TALON NHS	42	173	Y	N	Y	Y
ZAMBOANGA CITY EAST CENTRAL SCHOOL (ZCECS)	121	708	Y	Y	Y	Y
<b>Name of Transitional Sites</b>						
JFEJSC BUNKHOUSES	255	1,445				
RIO HONDO TRANSITIONAL SITE	38	265	Y	Y	Y	Y
TALUKSANGAY TRANSITIONAL SITE	357	1,731	Y	Y	Y	Y
TULUNGATUNG TRANSITIONAL SITE	394	2,261	Y	Y	Y	Y
<b>PRESENT DATA</b>	<b>4,914</b>	<b>26,067</b>	<b>53%</b>	<b>53%</b>	<b>80%</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>PREVIOUS DATA</b>	<b>4,938</b>	<b>26,756</b>				
<b>DIFFERENCE</b>	<b>-24</b>	<b>-689</b>				

- Congestion in evacuation centers is still a major concern in the Zamboanga Crisis, especially in all zones inside JFEJSC Grandstand and in Cawa-cawa Shoreline. The Shelter Cluster have constructed various dwelling types to temporarily address this issue. Action plans of IDP movement to larger transitory sites and permanent shelters are still being finalized.
- 53% of all existing sites have proper private partitions. In JFEJSC Grandstand, IOM has built 600 bedkits with privacy partitions located on the bleachers and 43 modified bedkits with privacy partitions on the ground, which accommodate 643 families. However, some IDP families in Grandstand still lives in makeshift tents and worn-out shelter boxes.
- 80% of the evacuation centers and transitory sites have safe communal kitchen area. Other sites, especially in Tulungatong TS, already have kitchen counters but still needs additional number of this facility.
- 100% of all evacuation and transitory sites have electrical connection. The installation of electricity connection in Rio Hondo was done last week.





*Congestion is one of the major concerns of certain sites, especially in Cawa-cawa Shoreline which houses 4,928 IDP individuals. Majority of the IDPs in this site are requesting for transfer to a wider and safer site.*

## SHELTER IMMEDIATE CONCERNS

- Drainage problem in TALON-TALON ES needs to be attended.
- In Talon-talon ES and NHS, proper lighting facilities are needed within the vicinities where the portalets are located to provide convenience among IDPs, especially at night.
- Only one kitchen counter is installed in Sta. Maria ES. There is a need for more installation.
- Electric tapping is existing in Tulungatong ES.
- A number of IDPs in Tulungatong TS is requesting for additional partition inside every room.
- Muslim IDPs are requesting for a prayer room inside ZECS EC.
- IDPs in Zone D Grandstand prefer to cook inside their bunkhouse using charcoal-fuelled stove, constructed kitchen counters are not used.

## SHELTER DEVELOPMENTS

- The existing 6 portalets in Cawa-cawa Shoreline are regularly desludged.
- The construction of 569 bed kits in JFEJSC Zone A is complete and currently accommodating 472 IDP families. (IOM)
- Construction of 126 bed kits on the bleachers located in Grandstand Zone D is already complete. 126 IDP families from Zone D and other zone in JFEJSC Grandstand and from Zamboanga West Central School were accommodated.
- The construction of kitchen counters in Rio Hondo TS, Talon-talon ES and NHS is already complete. (IOM)







## FOOD SECURITY AND NUTRITION

Name of Evacuation Sites	IDP Population		Food and Nutrition			
	Families	Persons	Is there a regular food distribution?	Is there Supplementary feeding for children?	Has supplementary feeding been available for pregnant and lactating mothers?	Is there malnutrition screening?
JFEJSC Grandstand - Zone A	886	4,744	N	Y	Y	Y
JFEJSC Grandstand - Zone B	516	2,794	N	Y	Y	Y
JFEJSC Grandstand- Zone C	536	2,928	N	Y	Y	Y
JFEJSC Grandstand- Zone D	563	3,077	N	Y	Y	Y
CAWA-CAWA SHORELINE CLUSTER	846	4,310	N	Y	Y	Y
DIVISORIA NATIONAL HIGH SCHOOL (LOBREGAT)	55	182	N	Y	Y	Y
DON GREGORIO EVANGELISTA MEMORIAL SCHOOL (DC)	25	141	N	Y	N	Y
LUNZURAN BRGY. HALL	38	177	N	Y	Y	Y
STA. MARIA CENTRAL SCHOOL	38	203	N	Y	Y	Y
TALON TALON ELEM. SCHOOL	204	934	N	Y	Y	Y
TALON TALON NHS	42	173	N	Y	Y	Y
ZAMBOANGA CITY EAST CENTRAL SCHOOL (ZCECS)	121	708	N	Y	N	Y
<b>Name of Transitional Sites</b>						
JFEJSC BUNKHOUSES	255	1,445				
RIO HONDO TRANSITIONAL SITE	38	265	Y	Y	Y	Y
TALUKSANGAY TRANSITIONAL SITE	357	1,731	N	Y	Y	Y
TULUNGATUNG TRANSITIONAL SITE	394	2,261	Y	Y	Y	Y
<b>PRESENT DATA</b>	<b>4,914</b>	<b>26,067</b>	<b>13%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>87%</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>PREVIOUS DATA</b>	<b>4,938</b>	<b>26,756</b>				
<b>DIFFERENCE</b>	<b>-24</b>	<b>-689</b>				

- There are no food pack distribution in all ECs. IDPs are still requesting for food supply despite interventions of livelihood programs such as food or Work and Cash for Work.
- Being part of the vulnerable members of the IDP population, IDP children have received supplemental feeding in all evacuation and transitory sites.
- 94% of these sites have conducted malnutrition screening. IDP children, being part of the vulnerable members of the IDP population, need constant supplemental feeding in all of the sites.
- Pregnant and lactating mothers in evacuation and transitory sites have received supplemental feeding, except DONGEMS and ZCECS

## FOOD AND NUTRITION IMMEDIATE CONCERNS

- **Nutritious foods and clean drinking water** are needed in Cawa-cawa shoreline for health supplementation, especially for the vulnerable members of the IDP population.
- IDPs in DONGEMS and Lunzuran evacuation sites are requesting for food packs.



*Nutritious food supply and clean drinking water are the urgent need of vulnerable IDPs, especially in Cawa-cawa Shoreline*

NFI

NFI

Name of Evacuation Sites	IDP Population		NFIs		
	Families	Persons	Has Family Kits been distributed?	Has Family Kits, Hygiene Kits been distributed?	Did everybody receive NFIs?
JFEJSC Grandstand - Zone A	886	4,744	Y	Y	Y
JFEJSC Grandstand - Zone B	516	2,794	Y	Y	Y
JFEJSC Grandstand- Zone C	536	2,928	Y	Y	Y
JFEJSC Grandstand- Zone D	563	3,077	Y	Y	Y
CAWA-CAWA SHORELINE CLUSTER	846	4,310	Y	Y	Y
DIVISORIA NATIONAL HIGH SCHOOL (LOBREGAT)	55	182	Y	Y	Y
DON GREGORIO EVANGELISTA MEMORIAL SCHOOL (DCEMS)	25	141	Y	Y	Y
LUNZURAN BRGY. HALL	38	177	Y	Y	Y
STA. MARIA CENTRAL SCHOOL	38	203	Y	Y	Y
TALON TALON ELEM. SCHOOL	204	934	Y	Y	Y
TALON TALON NHS	42	173	Y	Y	Y
ZAMBOANGA CITY EAST CENTRAL SCHOOL (ZCECS)	121	708	Y	Y	Y
<b>Name of Transitional Sites</b>					
JFEJSC BUNKHOUSES	255	1,445			
RIO HONDO TRANSITIONAL SITE	38	265	Y	Y	Y
TALUKSANGAY TRANSITIONAL SITE	357	1,731	Y	Y	Y
TULUNGATUNG TRANSITIONAL SITE	394	2,261	Y	Y	Y
<b>PRESENT DATA</b>	<b>4,914</b>	<b>26,067</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>PREVIOUS DATA</b>	<b>4,938</b>	<b>26,756</b>			
<b>DIFFERENCE</b>	<b>-24</b>	<b>-689</b>			



- All indicators under the NFI section have already filled out. Distribution of Family Starter Kits, Hygiene Kits were already done in all evacuation and transitory sites.
- These indicators will be replaced with significant concerns relating to NFI distribution on the next DTM.

### NFI IMMEDIATE CONCERNS

- Family starter kits are needed in Cawa-cawa Shoreline and DONGEMS evacuation sites.
- 100 rubber mats are requested in Rio Hondo TS that will be used by the IDPs inside the dorm-type shelter rooms.

### NFI DEVELOPMENTS

- 400 family starter kits have been distributed to IDPs in Cawa-cawa Shoreline. There are still 300 remaining IDP families to be distributed.
- IOM distributed 2,500 charcoal-fuelled stoves, 3,000 family starter kits and 339 10-meter sakolens were given to all sites in the month of January. Hygiene Kits distribution is ongoing.



NFIs such as Family Starter Kits and charcoal-fuelled stove were distributed to 95% of the total IDP families in all sites.



## WASH

Name of Evacuation Sites	IDP Population		Water		
	Families	Persons	Is there enough water supply on site?	Is there enough safe drinking water supply?	Do all IDPs have water storage containers?
JFEJSC Grandstand - Zone A	886	4,744	N	N	Y
JFEJSC Grandstand - Zone B	516	2,794	N	N	Y
JFEJSC Grandstand- Zone C	536	2,928	N	N	Y
JFEJSC Grandstand- Zone D	563	3,077	Y	Y	Y
CAWA-CAWA SHORELINE CLUSTER	846	4,310	Y	Y	Y
DIVISORIA NATIONAL HIGH SCHOOL (LOBREGAT)	55	182	Y	Y	Y
DON GREGORIO EVANGELISTA MEMORIAL SCHOOL (DGE)	25	141	Y	Y	Y
LUNZURAN BRGY. HALL	38	177	Y	Y	Y
STA. MARIA CENTRAL SCHOOL	38	203	Y	Y	Y
TALON TALON ELEM. SCHOOL	204	934	Y	Y	Y
TALON TALON NHS	42	173	Y	Y	Y
ZAMBOANGA CITY EAST CENTRAL SCHOOL (ZCECS)	121	708	Y	Y	Y
<b>Name of Transitional Sites</b>					
JFEJSC BUNKHOUSES	255	1,445			
RIO HONDO TRANSITIONAL SITE	38	265	Y	Y	Y
TALUKSANGAY TRANSITIONAL SITE	357	1,731	Y	Y	Y
TULUNGATUNG TRANSITIONAL SITE	394	2,261	Y	Y	Y
<b>PRESENT DATA</b>	<b>4,914</b>	<b>26,067</b>	<b>80%</b>	<b>80%</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>PREVIOUS DATA</b>	<b>4,938</b>	<b>26,756</b>			
<b>DIFFERENCE</b>	<b>-24</b>	<b>-689</b>			

- 8% of existing sites already have enough water supply. Zone A, B and C have water supply but is not enough to serve all IDPs.
- Grandstand Zones A, B and C and Cawa-cawa Shoreline still don't have enough safe drinking water despite the availability of water storage facilities.

### WATER IMMEDIATE CONCERNS

- Drinking water in JFEJSC Zone A is contaminated. Water supply needs to be treated to avoid health issues.
- One additional water bladder is requested in Rio Hondo TS to address the lack of water supply.



Water shortage is a main concern in congested areas like Grandstand, despite the availability of water storage facilities.

Name of Evacuation Sites	IDP Population		Sanitation & Hygiene									
	Families	Persons	Are there enough separate toilets for men & women?	Are there enough separate bathing cubicles for men & women?	Are any hygiene promotion programmes being conducted at site?	Are portalets, septic tanks regularly disludged?	Do toilets and bathrooms have looks from the inside?	Are toilets and bathrooms well lit?	Are the paths going to toilets and bathrooms well lit?	There is no drainage problem in the site.	There is no mosquito problem in the site.	
JFEJSC Grandstand - Zone A	886	4,744	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
JFEJSC Grandstand - Zone B	516	2,794	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N
JFEJSC Grandstand- Zone C	536	2,928	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N
JFEJSC Grandstand- Zone D	563	3,077	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N
CAWA-CAWA SHORELINE CLUSTER	846	4,310	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N
DIVISORIA NATIONAL HIGH SCHOOL (LOBREGAT)	55	182	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
DON GREGORIO EVANGELISTA MEMORIAL SCHOOL (DC)	25	141	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	Y
LUNZURAN BRGY. HALL	38	177	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y	Y	Y
STA. MARIA CENTRAL SCHOOL	38	203	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y
TALON TALON ELEM. SCHOOL	204	934	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N
TALON TALON NHS	42	173	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
ZAMBOANGA CITY EAST CENTRAL SCHOOL (ZCECS)	121	708	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N
<b>Name of Transitional Sites</b>												
JFEJSC BUNKHOUSES	255	1,445										
RIO HONDO TRANSITIONAL SITE	38	265	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N
TALUKSANGAY TRANSITIONAL SITE	357	1,731	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y
TULUNGATUNG TRANSITIONAL SITE	394	2,261	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Y
<b>PRESENT DATA</b>	<b>4,914</b>	<b>26,067</b>	<b>93%</b>	<b>87%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>80%</b>	<b>87%</b>	<b>47%</b>	<b>53%</b>	
<b>PREVIOUS DATA</b>	<b>4,938</b>	<b>26,756</b>										
<b>DIFFERENCE</b>	<b>-24</b>	<b>-689</b>										

- 47% of the sites have drainage problem.
- There are already a number of dengue cases reported in the sites because of poor drainage problem.
- There are enough separate toilets for men and women in all sites except Tulungatong TS.
- Tulungatong TS already have separate toilets but additional toilets are still needed to suffice the entire IDP population in the transitory site.
- Additional separate bathing cubicles is also needed in Tulungatong TS and DONGEMS EC.
- Hygiene Promotion have already been conducted to all sites, such as proper hand-washing. However, these campaigns need to be re-enforced since hygiene issues are still prevailing in the sites.



## HYGIENE AND SANITATION CONCERNS

- IDPs and teachers in DONGEMS are complaining on the foul smell from the portalets.
- Drainage problem in TALON-TALON ES needs to be attended.
- There is a need of regular cleaning and desludging of permanent toilets and portalets in Lunzuran and Grandstand Zone A.
- 20 identified bathing cubicles from DOH located in Grandstand Zone C are used as latrines/defecation area. The said facilities need to be monitored to prevent fecal-borne diseases from spreading.
- Construction of drainage systems to some bunkhouses in Tulungatong TS is needed.
- IDPs in Lunzuran are requesting for hygiene kits.



Name of Evacuation Sites	IDP Population		Solid Waste Disposal		
	Families	Persons	Are there sufficient garbage bins on site?	Is there garbage collection activity on site?	There is no solid waste problem in the site.
JFEJSC Grandstand - Zone A	886	4,744	Y	Y	N
JFEJSC Grandstand - Zone B	516	2,794	Y	Y	N
JFEJSC Grandstand- Zone C	536	2,928	Y	Y	N
JFEJSC Grandstand- Zone D	563	3,077	Y	Y	N
CAWA-CAWA SHORELINE CLUSTER	846	4,310	Y	Y	Y
DIVISORIA NATIONAL HIGH SCHOOL (LOBREGAT)	55	182	Y	Y	N
DON GREGORIO EVANGELISTA MEMORIAL SCHOOL (DCEMS)	25	141	Y	Y	Y
LUNZURAN BRGY. HALL	38	177	Y	Y	Y
STA. MARIA CENTRAL SCHOOL	38	203	Y	Y	Y
TALON TALON ELEM. SCHOOL	204	934	N	Y	N
TALON TALON NHS	42	173	N	Y	N
ZAMBOANGA CITY EAST CENTRAL SCHOOL (ZCECS)	121	708	Y	Y	Y
<b>Name of Transitional Sites</b>					
JFEJSC BUNKHOUSES	255	1,445			
RIO HONDO TRANSITIONAL SITE	38	265	N	Y	Y
TALUKSANGAY TRANSITIONAL SITE	357	1,731	Y	Y	Y
TULUNGATUNG TRANSITIONAL SITE	394	2,261	Y	Y	Y
<b>PRESENT DATA</b>	<b>4,914</b>	<b>26,067</b>	<b>80%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>47%</b>
<b>PREVIOUS DATA</b>	<b>4,938</b>	<b>26,756</b>			
<b>DIFFERENCE</b>	<b>-24</b>	<b>-689</b>			

- All sites except Rio Hondo, Talon-talon ES and NHS, have sufficient garbage bins.
- IOM has provided 194 segregated garbage bins to majority of the sites.
- 47% of the sites don't have solid waste problem. However, this issue is still prevalent in some sites, especially in the four zones of JFEJSC Grandstand. Clean-up drives by Cash-for-work and Food-for-work beneficiaries were already conducted to address this issue.

## SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL CONCERNS

- IDPs in JFEJSC Zone B are requesting for bamboo and lumber materials to temporarily cover the drainage. This will lessen the waste materials being thrown in the drainage that causes water to clog.



*Garbage bins were distributed to all sites to address the issue of proper garbage disposal.*

## WASH DEVELOPMENT

- The existing 6 portalets in Cawa-cawa Shoreline are regularly desludged.
- Existing bathing cubicles in Talon-talon ES and NHS are already functional.
- Camp Managers from CSWD/DSWD and IOM in JFEJSC Grandstand initiated a clean-up drive. IDPs under Food for Work livelihood program and the PNP assisted the clean-up drive.
- IOM Zamboanga Recovery Program, together with its partner agencies and donors, initiated a campaign against open defecation. Care providers with children 5 years old and below were the target beneficiaries of the program. Health session/ forum on the importance of good hygiene and sanitation were emphasized so with proper hand washing techniques. Hygiene kits and potties were distributed after the forum. Visual materials were also posted on key areas inside the grandstand.



*Cash-for-work beneficiaries clean up the drainage system inside Grandstand.*

- The construction of a temporary drainage system is on-going in ZECS.
- The construction of latrines by the DOH is ongoing in Tulungatong TS.
- DOH distributed 13 water purifiers and first aid kit per family in Tulungatong ATS.
- The DSWD, DOH, PNP and a women organization in Zone C conducted clean-up drives.
- ICRC cash for work beneficiaries conducted a general cleaning in ZECS evacuation camp.





Name of Evacuation Sites	IDP Population		Health and MHPSS				
	Families	Persons	Are there organizations providing health services	Are the government health workers coming to visit site?	Are psychosocial services being provided?	Is there a referral system in place?	Is transportation for health cases available?
JFEJSC Grandstand - Zone A	886	4,744	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
JFEJSC Grandstand - Zone B	516	2,794	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
JFEJSC Grandstand - Zone C	536	2,928	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
JFEJSC Grandstand - Zone D	563	3,077	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
CAWA-CAWA SHORELINE CLUSTER	846	4,310	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
DIVISORIA NATIONAL HIGH SCHOOL (LOBREGAT)	55	182	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
DON GREGORIO EVANGELISTA MEMORIAL SCHOOL (DCEM)	25	141	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
LUNZURAN BRGY. HALL	38	177	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
STA. MARIA CENTRAL SCHOOL	38	203	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
TALON TALON ELEM. SCHOOL	204	934	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
TALON TALON NHS	42	173	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
ZAMBOANGA CITY EAST CENTRAL SCHOOL (ZCECS)	121	708	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
<b>Name of Transitional Sites</b>							
JFEJSC BUNKHOUSES	255	1,445					
RIO HONDO TRANSITIONAL SITE	38	265	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
TALUKSANGAY TRANSITIONAL SITE	357	1,731	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
TULUNGATUNG TRANSITIONAL SITE	394	2,261	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
<b>PRESENT DATA</b>	<b>4,914</b>	<b>26,067</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>PREVIOUS DATA</b>	<b>4,938</b>	<b>26,756</b>					
<b>DIFFERENCE</b>	<b>-24</b>	<b>-689</b>					

- All health indicators are already achieved. This will be replaced with timely and relevant health indicators on the next DTM issue.
- 100% of the existing sites were provided with health services by different health organizations.
- Government health workers also do regular visit to all sites.
- Psychosocial services were also provided in all sites.
- 100% of the sites has referral system to provide free health services to IDP with health cases.
- Health mobiles are available in all of the site.
- However, some of these health activities are not regularly conducted. These should be maintained to monitor the health status of IDPs and do action plans in case of health concerns. Health of the IDPs should be a priority especially for the vulnerable IDPs in congested sites.

## HEALTH AND MHPSS IMMEDIATE CONCERNS

- Additional Medical Referral Slips are needed in Cawa-cawa to avail free health services. Health cases are rampant as the number of IDPs suffering from diarrhea, cough, cold fever, skin diseases, injury, and infections increases.
- To prevent dengue cases among IDPs, there is a need for immediate resolution to stagnant waters existing in Talon-talon ES and in Grandstand, where larvae mosquitos are already present.
- Mosquito nets are requested by IDPs in JFEJSC Grandstand, ZCECS, ZNHS West, Rio Hondo TS, and Lunzuran.
- IDP children in JFEJSC Zone C requires medical attention. Cases of cough and colds are being reported.
- Cases of skin rashes among IDP children in JFEJSC Zone A are observed.
- Intensive medical and health attention is needed in the evacuation centres, especially in population-congested sites like JFEJSC Grandstand and Cawa-cawa Shoreline.
- Medicine kits are requested by IDPs in DONGEMS, JFEJSC Zone B, Sta. Maria and Lunzuran evacuation sites. Health cases such as fever, cough, colds, rashes and chicken pox are observed and requires medical attention.

## HEALTH AND MHPSS DEVELOPMENTS

- The barangay health center in Taluksangay offers free health services to pregnant IDP women.
- Health referral services were already provided to IDPs in Talon-talon ES and NHS.
- IOM, together with PRC and IDP volunteers, conducted declogging of drainage system in JFEJSC Grandstand. CHO along with other humanitarian partners also conducted clean-up drive, fumigation and spraying of stagnant water with mosquito larvae since prevalence of dengue cases in Grandstand is increasing.
- DOH distributed 13 water purifiers and first aid kit per family in Tulungatong TS.
- Camp managers in Rio Hondo TS coordinated with ICRC to assign a full-time health personnel for the IDPs.
- Medicine Kits (First Aid Kits) are needed in all sites.





## PROTECTION

Name of Evacuation Sites	IDP Population		Protection								
	Families	Persons	Is security provided at the site?	Do women, children & vulnerable groups feel safe at the site?	Do the police, barangay, tanod regularly patrol the EC or transitional site?	Is there monitoring of VAWC cases?	Is there monitoring mechanism addressing friction within the camp population?	Is there monitoring of Alcohol or drug problems?	Is there women-friendly space?	Are confidential GBV response services available for survivors?	Are services provided to vulnerable groups?
JFEJSC Grandstand - Zone A	886	4,744	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
JFEJSC Grandstand - Zone B	516	2,794	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
JFEJSC Grandstand - Zone C	536	2,928	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
JFEJSC Grandstand - Zone D	563	3,077	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
CAWA-CAWA SHORELINE CLUSTER	846	4,310	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
DIVISORIA NATIONAL HIGH SCHOOL (LOBREGAT)	55	182	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
DON GREGORIO EVANGELISTA MEMORIAL SCHOOL (DONGEM)	25	141	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
LUNZURAN BRGY. HALL	38	177	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
STA. MARIA CENTRAL SCHOOL	38	203	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
TALON TALON ELEM. SCHOOL	204	934	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
TALON TALON NHS	42	173	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
ZAMBOANGA CITY EAST CENTRAL SCHOOL (ZCECS)	121	708	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y
<b>Name of Transitional Sites</b>											
JFEJSC BUNKHOUSES	255	1,445									
RIO HONDO TRANSITIONAL SITE	38	265	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
TALUKSANGAY TRANSITIONAL SITE	357	1,731	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
TULUNGATUNG TRANSITIONAL SITE	394	2,261	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
<b>PRESENT DATA</b>	<b>4,914</b>	<b>26,067</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>93%</b>	<b>93%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>80%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>PREVIOUS DATA</b>	<b>4,938</b>	<b>26,756</b>									
<b>DIFFERENCE</b>	<b>-24</b>	<b>-689</b>									

- Security is provided in all IDP sites. Various security authorities such as the PNP, AFP, Barangay Police/Tanod and IDP Security and Safety Committees provide these services.
- Except ZCECS EC, police authorities and barangay security personnel do regular patrol in existing sites.
- VAWC cases are monitored in all of the sites.
- Alcohol and drug problems are also monitored within the sites. Part of the rules and regulations in all of the sites is the prohibition of alcohol drinking and gambling.
- Women-friendly space for exclusive spaces for IDP women, especially lactating mothers, are needed in Divisoria, DONGEMS and ZCECS evacuation sites.
- Vulnerable groups are prioritized in services and assistance given in all of the sites.

### PROTECTION IMMEDIATE CONCERNS

- Heavy surveillance from police authorities and barangay security personnel is needed in JFEJSC Grandstand. Domestic violence, gambling and theft cases are being reported in the site.
- A women and children desk is needed in JFEJSC Grandstand to attend cases of women and children violence.
- Open bathing is still observed in JFEJSC Zone B. Additional bathing cubicle, with gender segregated rooms, are needed.
- Existing bathing cubicles in Grandstand Zone D need to be reinforced to prevent protection issues. IDPs reported cases of voyeurism.

- Police visibility is requested in Tulungatong TS to ensure security protection since domestic violence and theft cases were reported among the IDPs
- The camp manager in Rio Hondo TS requests to change the onsite protection from police to marines to improve security and protection.
- Security and protection committee needs to reinforce in Lunzuran ES, since theft cases were being reported.
- Proper lighting facilities are needed in unlit areas in Grandstand and Talon-talon ES, for protection and security purposes.



*Vehicular accidents among IDP children are being reported in Cawa-cawa Shoreline. Preventive measures such as road signs or temporary perimeter fence are ways to address this issue.*

## PROTECTION DEVELOPMENTS

- Security kits (Vests, whistles and flashlights) and solar lamps were distributed to the Security and Protection committee in all sites. The committee in Grandstand Zone B needs security kits.



*Security and Safety protection IDP committee doing their task in JFEJSC Grandstand.*





Name of Evacuation Sites	IDP Population		Education		
	Families	Persons	Is there a learning/safe space for children?	Are the children at site going to school?	Is there any informal education or classes taking place on site?
JFEJSC Grandstand - Zone A	886	4,744	Y	Y	Y
JFEJSC Grandstand - Zone B	516	2,794	Y	Y	Y
JFEJSC Grandstand- Zone C	536	2,928	Y	Y	Y
JFEJSC Grandstand- Zone D	563	3,077	Y	Y	Y
CAWA-CAWA SHORELINE CLUSTER	846	4,310	Y	Y	Y
DIVISORIA NATIONAL HIGH SCHOOL (LOBREGAT)	55	182	Y	Y	Y
DON GREGORIO EVANGELISTA MEMORIAL SCHOOL (DONGEM)	25	141	Y	Y	N
LUNZURAN BRGY. HALL	38	177	Y	Y	Y
STA. MARIA CENTRAL SCHOOL	38	203	Y	Y	Y
TALON TALON ELEM. SCHOOL	204	934	Y	Y	Y
TALON TALON NHS	42	173	Y	Y	Y
ZAMBOANGA CITY EAST CENTRAL SCHOOL (ZCECS)	121	708	N	Y	N
<b>Name of Transitional Sites</b>					
JFEJSC BUNKHOUSES	255	1,445			
RIO HONDO TRANSITIONAL SITE	38	265	Y	Y	Y
TALUKSANGAY TRANSITIONAL SITE	357	1,731	Y	Y	Y
TULUNGATUNG TRANSITIONAL SITE	394	2,261	Y	Y	Y
<b>PRESENT DATA</b>	<b>4,914</b>	<b>26,067</b>	<b>93%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>87%</b>
<b>PREVIOUS DATA</b>	<b>4,938</b>	<b>26,756</b>			
<b>DIFFERENCE</b>	<b>-24</b>	<b>-689</b>			

- IDP children are provided with child-friendly spaces and psychosocial services except in ZCECS EC.
- School-aged children in all sites are going to school.
- Informal education is also provided in sites except in ZCECS and DONGEMS evacuation sites.

**EDUCATION IMMEDIATE CONCERNS**

- Zones A, B and D in Grandstand need learning spaces.
- There is a need for learning space improvement in Zone C.



IDP children participate to a learning activity conducted by a psychosocial organization in Grandstand Zone C.



*IDPs in Grandstand do regular cleaning of the drainage system as part of the Cash for Work Livelihood program.*

### LIVELIHOOD IMMEDIATE CONCERNS

- IDPs in DONGEMS EC are requesting for other source of livelihood.
- Seeds were requested in DONGEMS to sustain the gardening livelihood of the IDPs.
- Cash for Work livelihood programs are recommended in Tulungatong ATS since some IDPs need cash to buy viand for the rice they received from existing Food for Work programs.

### LIVELIHOOD DEVELOPMENTS

- Cash for Work livelihood programs by WFP, DSWD, ICRC, and PRC are currently serving IDPs in Cawa-cawa Shoreline, Talon-talon ES/NHS, and JFEJSC Zone B.
- Food for Work livelihood programs by WFP, CFSI and IOM are currently serving IDPs in Cawa-cawa Shoreline, Talon-talon NHS, Sta. Maria ES, and the four zones in JFEJSC Grandstand, including the newly-transferred IDPs from ZNHS West.



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