# Bangladesh DTM Data currently available of interest for Health Colleagues

DTM Website: <https://displacement.iom.int/>

Bangladesh Website: <https://displacement.iom.int/bangladesh> (click on bottom bar: *Datasets*)

# Datasets:

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| **Datasets Name** | **Frequency** | **Date of Data Collection** | **Links** |
| Bangladesh - Site Assessment | Every 3 months | Round 17: December 2019 - January 2020 | <https://displacement.iom.int/datasets/bangladesh-%E2%80%94-site-assessment-%E2%80%94-round-17> |

*Write to* [*DTMSupport@iom.int*](mailto:DTMSupport@iom.int) *for questions*

## Purpose of data collection exercise

Site Assessment exercise collects information related to the Rohingya refugee population distribution and multisectoral needs. Information for this assessment was collected using Key Informant Interview methodology. Two datasets are available: Female key informants in 1906 locations and Male key informants in 1990 locations were interviewed face to face between the 18th December 2019 – 28th January 2020.

## Information that may be relevant for WHO/Health actors

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| **NPM Site Assessment** (<https://displacement.iom.int/datasets/bangladesh-%E2%80%94-site-assessment-%E2%80%94-round-17>) | |
|  | **General and Geographical information** |
|  | Geographical coordinates (GPS Long, Lat, Altitude and Precision) |
|  | Administrative levels: District, Upazila, Union, NPM SiteName, New Camp SSID, New Camp Point ID, Old Block ID, Local Block name/PARA) |
|  | **Access to Health services** |
|  | Nearest health facility (*15 mins walk or less, 16 to 30 mins walk, 31 mins to 1 hour walk, More than 1 hour walk, No access to static health facility)* |
|  | Problems currently faced by people in this location when accessing health care *(Physical access, terrain, and safety on route, Health facility is too far away, Not aware of available health services, Waiting times are too long, Insufficient types of health services available, Healthcare is too expensive, Health facility staff do not provide capable care, Problem with staff behaviour, Lack of female healthcare staff, No medicines available in the healthcare center, Health services are only accessible during part of the day or some days per week, Healthcare services are not working, Nothing is preventing people)* |
|  | Who faces additional problems accessing healthcare services *(Women, Men, Children, Elderly Persons, Persons with Disabilities, Pregnant and lactating women, No group in particular)* |
|  | Do people in this location currently face problems accessing health facilities during the night *(Yes/No)* |
|  | what are the main problems accessing health facilities during the night *(Local health facility closed at night, Difficult geographical terrain and lack of roads, Distance and lack of transport/ambulance, Security concerns, Do not feel comfortable with staff at health facility)* |
|  | Where do most women in this location give birth? (*At home, At health facility)* |
|  | What are the top 5 severe needs of the people living in this location (*incl. Healthcare)* |
|  | **Water, Handwashing and Hygiene related** |
|  | Water Sources (*No water accessible, Piped water tap / tap stand, Storage Tanks tap / tap stand, Surface water pond, stream, etc., Tube wells / handpump, Unprotected Well)* |
|  | Water access problems *(Lack of water storage containers, Some groups are denied access to water points (tensions/issues over access), Lack of sufficient water points, Water points not functioning, Waiting time at water points, Do not like taste / quality / etc., Distance to water points, No access problems)* |
|  | Water lack coping *(Reduce drinking water consumption, Forces families to take water used for cooking and washing from less desirable water sources, Spend money (or credit) on water that should otherwise be used for other purposes, Go fetch water from a further water point than the usual one, Reduce water consumption for hygiene practices (bathe less, etc), Collect water at a source that could be dangerous, Forces families to take drinking water with less desirable water sources)* |
|  | Bathing practices (Males and females) |
|  | Bathing access problems (Males and females) |
|  | Defecation practices |
|  | Latrines access problems |
|  | What are the top 5 severe needs of the people living in this location *(incl. Water, Sanitation)* |
|  | **Settlement types** |
|  | Settlement type *(collective site, collective site with host community)* |
|  | **Communication with Communities** |
|  | What proportion of families in this location have at least one mobile phone? *(Everyone (100%), Nearly everyone (81-99%), Most of them (61- 80%), About half of them (41- 60%), Some of them (21- 40%), Very few (1 - 20%), No-one (0%))* |
|  | What networks are available in this location (*Banglalink, Grameenphone, Robi, Teletalk, Airtel, Other)* |
|  | **Others** |
|  | Access to the site |
|  | Food sources & Income sources (incl. activities to procure food, e.g., fishing, humanitarian aid..) |
|  | Aside from Bangladeshis working for organizations, how often do you and the people in this location interact  with the host community (e.g. exchange conversation, buy products from Bangladeshi's, work with Bangladeshis)? *(Every day, At least once per week, At least once per month, Never)* |
|  | In the past 60 days, what kinds of interactions have the majority of people in this location has with the host  Community (*Social interactions (visiting their house, having meals together), Buying goods or services from them, Selling goods or services to them, Working for them, Renting property from them, Casual interactions (speaking to strangers on the street), Other)* |
|  | Arrivals to this location in the last 3 months (*Yes/No)* |

*UNHCR has the agreed estimates for demographic information:* <https://data2.unhcr.org/en/situations/myanmar_refugees>