



EMERGENCY TRACKING TOOL (ETT)

DTM Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is deployed to track and provide up-to-date information on sudden displacement and other population movements

ETT Report: No. 97 | 10 - 16 December 2018

Movements



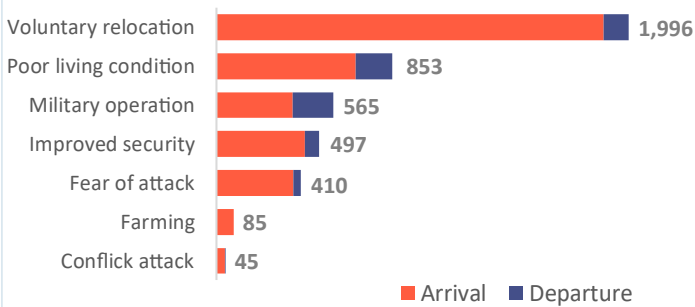
New Arrival Screening by Nutrition Partners



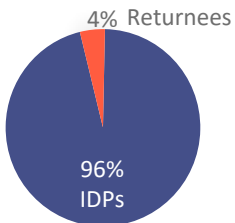
Within the period of 10-16 December 2018, a total of 4,451 movements were recorded, including 3,836 arrivals and 603 departures. Arrivals were recorded at locations in Askira Uba, Bama, Chibok, Dikwa, Gubio, Gwoza, Jere, Konduga, Kukawa, Mafa, Magumeri, Maiduguri, Mobbar, Monguno and Ngala Local Government Areas (LGAs) of Borno state and locations in Demsa, Fufore, Girei, Gombi, Guyuk, Lamurde, Madagali, Maiha, Mayo-Belwa, Michika, Mubi North, Mubi South, Numan, Song, and Yola South LGAs of Adamawa state. Departures were recorded at Askira Uba LGA of Borno state and Demsa, Fufore, Girei, Gombi, Guyuk, Hong, Lamurde, Madagali, Maiha, Mayo-Belwa, Michika, Mubi North, Mubi South, Numan, Song, Yola North, and Yola South LGAs of Adamawa state.

ETT assessments identified the following movement triggers: voluntary relocation (45%), improved security (11%), Military operation (13%), farming (2%), ongoing conflict (1%), poor living conditions (19%) and fear of attacks (9%).

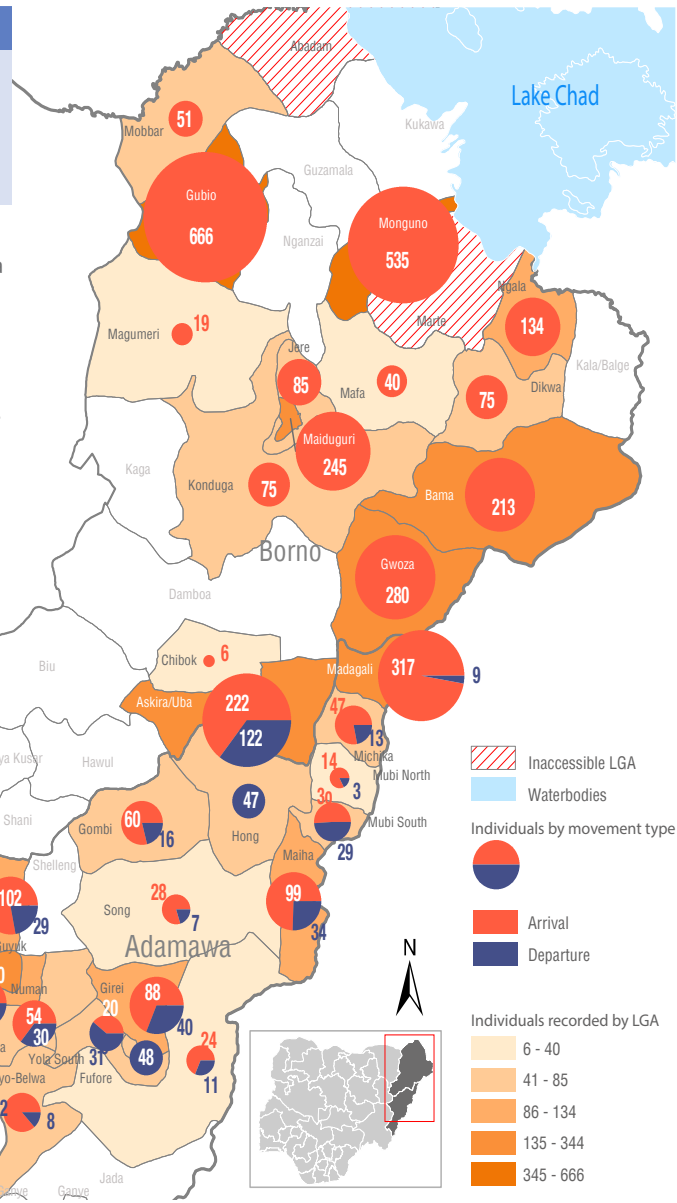
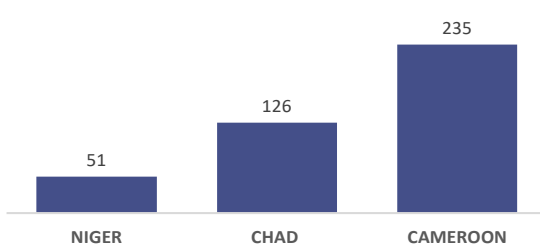
Number of individuals by movement triggers



Affected population



Arrivals from Neighbouring Countries



Summary of major movements

Gubio: 666 arrivals were recorded in Gubio 1 and Gubio 2 wards of Gubio LGA of Borno state. These include 14 arrivals from Bukari and 652 arrivals from Lawanti in Gazabure ward of Gubio LGA of Borno State. The new arrivals reported to have relocated due to the ongoing conflict.

Monguno: 535 arrivals were recorded in Monguno LGA of Borno state. These include 284 arrivals from Busari in Mairari ward of Guzamala LGA, 234 arrivals from Bunduram ward and 17 arrivals from Baga ward of Kukawa LGA of Borno State. The new arrivals reported to have relocated due to the ongoing conflict.

Askira/Uba: 222 arrivals and 122 departures were recorded in Askira/Uba LGA of Borno state. These include 112 arrivals from Yaza in Kopa/Muthafu ward received at Lassa ward of Askira Uba, 76 arrivals from Tabule ward of Kirfi LGA of Bauchi State, 27 arrivals from Danyel in Jera Banya ward of Girei LGA of Adamawa State, 7 arrivals from Pulka Bokko ward of Gwoza LGA, 86 departures from Shuwari/Duhu in K/Wurogayandi ward of Madagali LGA and 36 departures from Wuro Ardo ward of Maiha LGA of Adamawa State. 50% of the new arrivals reported to have relocated due to the ongoing conflict, 46% due to improved security and 3% voluntarily relocated. 70% departures was triggered by the ongoing conflict while 30% reported to have departed voluntarily.

Madagali: 317 arrivals and 9 departures were recorded at Mdagali LGA of Adamawa state. These include 171 arrivals from Mulgwai/Kopchi ward of Damboa LGA, 90 arrivals from Kopa/Muthafu ward of Askira/Uba LGA of Borno State, 23 arrivals from Girei 1 ward of Girei LGA, 22 arrivals from K/Wurogayandi ward of Madagali LGA, 11 arrivals from Gaye ward of Ganye LGA of Adamawa state and 9 departures from Hyambula ward of Madagali LGA of Adamawa State. 47% of the new arrivals reported to have relocated due to the ongoing conflict, 42% due to fear of attack, 8% due to poor living condition while 3% was voluntary. All the departures were voluntary.

IOM's Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is deployed in Nigeria's northeastern states. Only Local Government Areas (LGAs) in which the IDP population changed since the latest DTM round of assessments are represented in this report. The data has been collected by DTM staff deployed at the locations listed and cross-checked with the partners present on the ground.

New Arrival Malnutrition Screening Summary (children 6-59 months)

An exhaustive nutrition screening using mid-upper arm circumference (MUAC) and Oedema for acute malnutrition was conducted by Sector partners for 220 children of 6-59 months. Of the 220 children screened, the MUAC reading was: 6 children (2 from inaccessible and 4 from accessible area) were in the Red category, 23 were in the Yellow category and 191 were measured in the Green category. No case of Oedema was reported in the 6 LGAs that sent in reports.

The results also include 51 children from neighbouring LGAs (12 from Bama, 3 from Gwoza, 7 from Mobbar and 29 from Ngala): of all the 51 children measured, 1 was in red category, 45 in the green category and 5 in the yellow category. All children found with severe acute malnutrition have been admitted for treatment. Please note, the data presented are not surveillance results and should be interpreted with caution.

LGA	MUAC Categories						Total
	Green ($\geq 12.5\text{cm}$)		Yellow (11.5 cm - 12.5cm)		Red ($< 11.5\text{cm}$)		
	In-Accessible	Accessible	In-Accessible	Accessible	In-Accessible	Accessible	
Bama	11	46	2	1	0	1	61
Gwoza	42	20	6	1	2	0	71
Mobbar	0	5	0	1	0	1	7
Monguno	0	32	0	8	0	2	42
Ngala	1	34	0	4	0	0	39
Total	54	137	8	15	2	4	220

■ Nourished

■ Moderate Acute Malnutrition (MAM)

■ Severe Acute Malnutrition (SAM)

Table 1. Details of movements by locations of assessment and locations of arrival/departure – only movements with at least 26 persons are listed below

STATE	Tracking Location		Arrival Location				
	LGA	WARD	STATE	LGA	WARD	ARRIVAL	DEPARTURE
ADAMAWA	DEMSA	BILLE	ADAMAWA	MAYO BELWA	FARANG	30	—
	GIREI	GERENG WARD	ADAMAWA	GIREI	GERENG WARD	33	—
		GIREI 1		FUFORE	FARANG	32	—
		LOKORO		LAMURDE	WADUKU	49	29
	LAMURDE	LAFIYA	ADAMAWA	LAMURDE	WADUKU	99	—
		LAMURDE		WADUKU	33	—	
		GUYUK		LOKORO	29	49	
		LAMURDE		LAFIYA	34	—	
	MADAGALI	K/WUROGAYANDI	BORNO	ASKIRA UBA	KOPA/MUTHAFU	90	—
	MAIHA	MANJEKIN	ADAMAWA	DAMBOA	MULGWAI / KOPCHI	150	—
MAYO FARANG		ASKIRA UBA		LASSA	33	—	
BORNO	ASKIRA/UBA	DILLE	ADAMAWA	GIREI	JERA BANYA	27	—
		HUSARA/TAMPUL	BAUCHI	KIRFI	TUBULE	76	—
		KOPA/MULTHAFU	ADAMAWA	MADAGALI	K/WUROGAYANDI	—	86
		LASSA	BORNO	MAIHA	WURO ARDO	—	36
	BAMA	BUDUWA	BORNO	ASKIRA UBA	KOPA/MUTHAFU	112	—
		SHEHURI	BORNO	BAMA	BUDUWA	40	—
			CAMEROON	JERE	BALE GALTIMARI	28	—
	GUBIO	GUBIO 1	BORNO	MARWA	MORA	29	—
		GUBIO 2		LAGOS	IKEJA	IKEJA	43
	GWOZA	PULKA/BOKKO	BORNO	GUBIO	GAZABURE	666	—
			CAMEROON	GWOZA	BOKKO	31	—
	JERE	OLD MAIDUGURI	BORNO	MARWA	MORA	88	—
				KUKAWA	BAGA	77	—
	MAFA	MAFA	BORNO	MAGUMERI	TITIYA	49	—
	MAIDUGURI	MAIDUGURI	BORNO	MAFA	ANADUA/AJIRI	26	—
	MOBBAR	BOLORI 1	BORNO	KUKAWA	BAGA	195	—
MONGUNO	DAMASAK CENTRAL	NIGER	DIFFA	SHETTIMARI	51	—	
			MONGUNO	BORNO	GUZAMALA	MAIRARI	284
NGALA	NGALA	CHAD	KUKAWA	BUNDURAM	234	—	
			NDJAMENA	NDJAMENA	126	—	

The depiction and use of boundaries, geographic names, and related data shown on maps and included in this report are not warranted to be error free nor do they imply judgment on the legal status of any territory, or any endorsement or acceptance of such boundaries by IOM.

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