

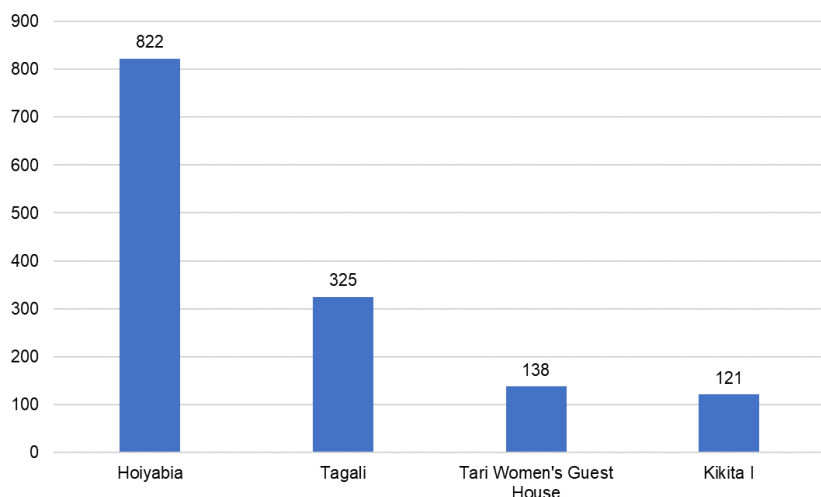
BACKGROUND: Clan violence in Tari-Pori district on 28 January 2021 resulted in human displacement, injuries, deaths and destruction of property among other negative impacts. An estimated 6,000 have been affected. A Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) team was deployed to the affected area to support data collection useful to inform evidence-based multi-sectoral responses to the needs of the affected population. Working closely with the Hela Provincial Government and partners on the ground including the United Church in Hela Region (UCHR), the DTM team is gathering information from identified displacement sites and the initial findings are presented in this displacement profile. As humanitarian teams on the ground are continuing their assessments within the current security restrictions, the figures may continue to evolve.

DISPLACEMENT OVERVIEW

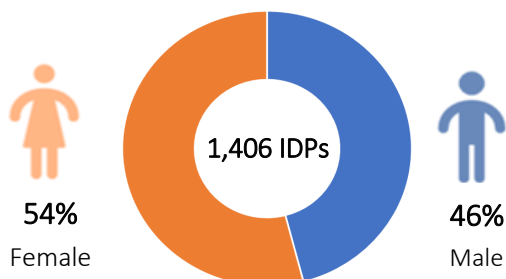
1,406
Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs)

A total of 4 IDP sites identified (**Hoiyabia, Tagali, Tari Women's Guest House and Kikita I**). In Hoiyabia, IDPs are living at Hoiyabia Primary School, Hoiyabia Guest House and a few others are accommodated by host families. All 4 IDP sites reported that a registration activity is ongoing and facilitated by UCHR.

IDP POPULATION BY SITE



IDP DEMOGRAPHICS AND PARTICULARLY VULNERABLE GROUPS



41% of IDPs are children

33% of IDPs are women

26% of IDPs are men

2% of IDPs are old persons

≈ 2% of IDPs constitute people who are sick or pregnant women (*Please note that more information will be provided as it becomes available.*)

SECTORS AND URGENT NEEDS IDENTIFIED

FOOD AND NUTRITION: Food is reported to be an urgent need across all 4 IDP sites. Many of the IDPs reported that they do not feel safe to go back and collect food from their own gardens because of safety reasons and are looking forward to receiving food aid/ hand-outs.

PROTECTION: There are reported incidents of sexual violence and that the local hospital and family services centre had received security threats which may force them to temporarily close. The current situation is tense but stable. However, there are concerns that violence will re-emerge over retaliation related to the most recent deaths. Displaced families continue to relocate out of fear that they will be attacked. There is currently only limited police or military presence in the area.

HEALTH: IDP sites are hosting people with chronic illnesses. Collection of additional health related data is ongoing.

WATER, SANITATION AND HYGIENE: Many of the IDPs are accessing drinking water from the **rain-fed tanks** belonging to institutions or households hosting them. The IDPs reported they do not feel safe to access the nearby **river** (used when the water tanks run dry). Needs reported include water jerry cans/ containers. **Pit latrines** are the reported sanitation facilities available—gender segregated especially in the identified public institutions.

SHELTER: IDPs are living in shelters such as church buildings, classrooms and houses belonging to families hosting them. Overcrowding is reported among the displaced persons.

EDUCATION: The IDP sites are hosting children of the school going age. The academic year has commenced throughout the country and the re-opening of schools is likely to be delayed in Tari-Pori district due to the current situation.