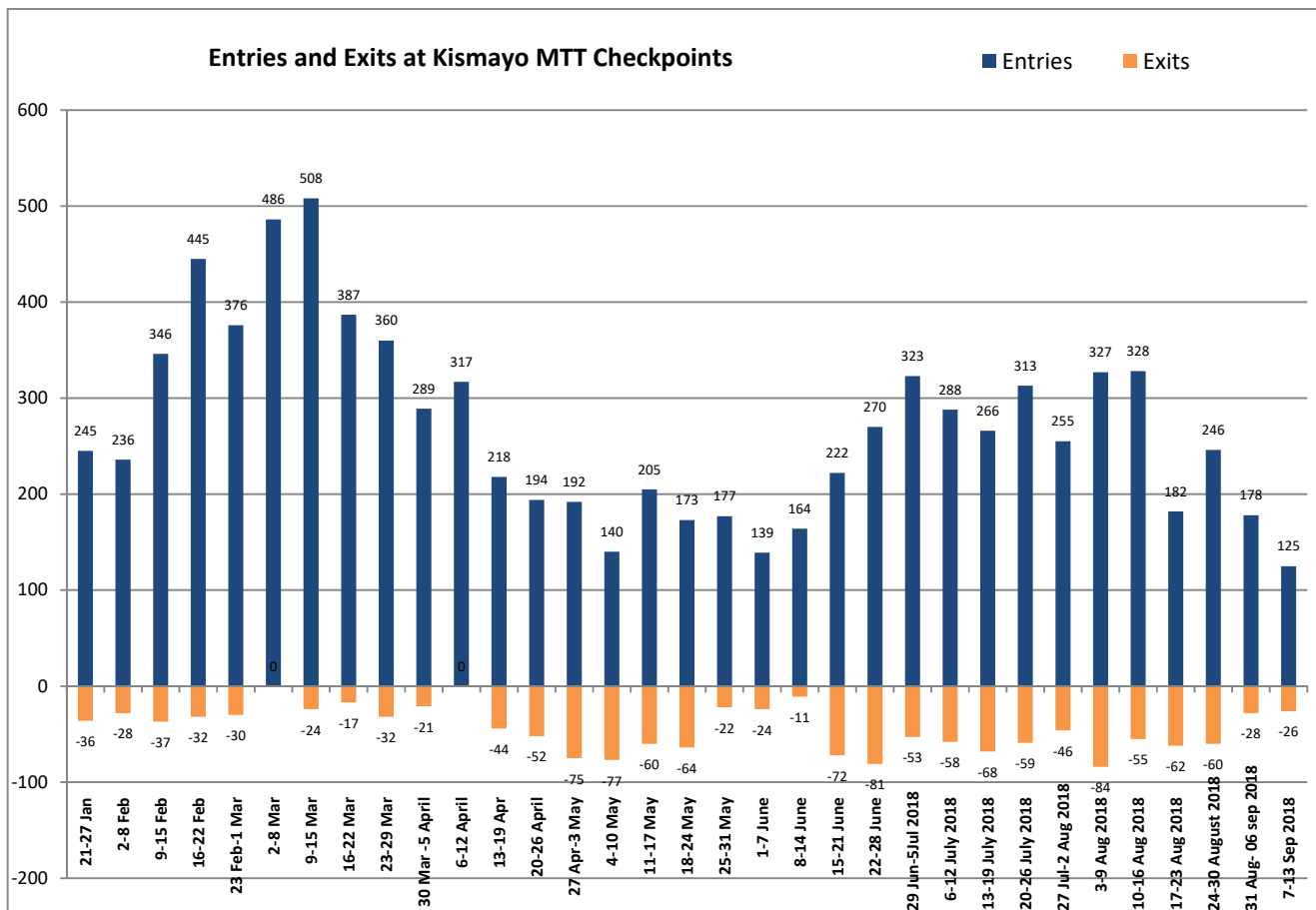




KEY MESSAGES

- Over the reporting period, a slightly lower number of total 125 entries recorded compared to last week. 26 exits were recorded which is slightly lower compared to last week.
- Majority of the new arrivals said that their reason for displacement into the IDP sites was due to shortage of food (27%). In addition, 7% cited Insecurity, 5% cited uncomfortable living condition, 5% wanted to join their family and few others as their reason for displacement.
- This week most of the new arrivals came from Kismayo (33%) districts, with the remainder coming from Jamaame (20%), Badhaadhe (20%), Afmadow (10%), Kenya (10%) and few other locations. These new arrivals were heading to IDP sites in Galbet Section (43%) "13 households" which is on the west side of Kismayo town. As for the rest, 30% were heading to Central Section "9 households", 27% were heading to Central section "7 households" and other locations/sites.
- Out of the 11 families exiting the IDP sites, 50% left sites in Dalxiska section, 25% left Galbet Section and 25% left Central section. After leaving the sites, these IDPs indicated that they were heading to the district of Jamaame (50%), Afmadow (25%) and Kenya (25%) while the main reasons for return was Uncomfortable living condition, educational opportunities and management of farms.



METHODOLOGY

Movement Trend Tracking (MTT) is a movement monitoring exercise that tracks people who are moving in or out of sites on a semi-permanent or permanent basis. In Kismayo, MTT aims to gauge the pulse of movements in and out of the 145 IDP sites in the town.

MTT figures should not be considered official updates to the population figures of the sites. Rather, the data represents the intentions of IDPs and points towards general trends in their movements.

In Kismayo, IOM enumerators are positioned at the 2 main checkpoints in and out of town from 6:30am until 5:30pm, 7 days a week. From these checkpoints, the teams identify people who are moving in or out of Kismayo with luggage. Interviews are done with the individual or the head of household.



MTT aims to complement existing information management products on displacements and movements in Kismayo, by providing site level specific data on population movements on a regular basis, to assist agencies operating in sites and settlements with key information on: demographics of movement, area of origin, area of return/onward movement, reasons for movement and movement trends over time.



MTT Enumerator interviewing IDPs exiting in Kismayo on foot Last week, @Abdiwali, IOM Somalia 2018.