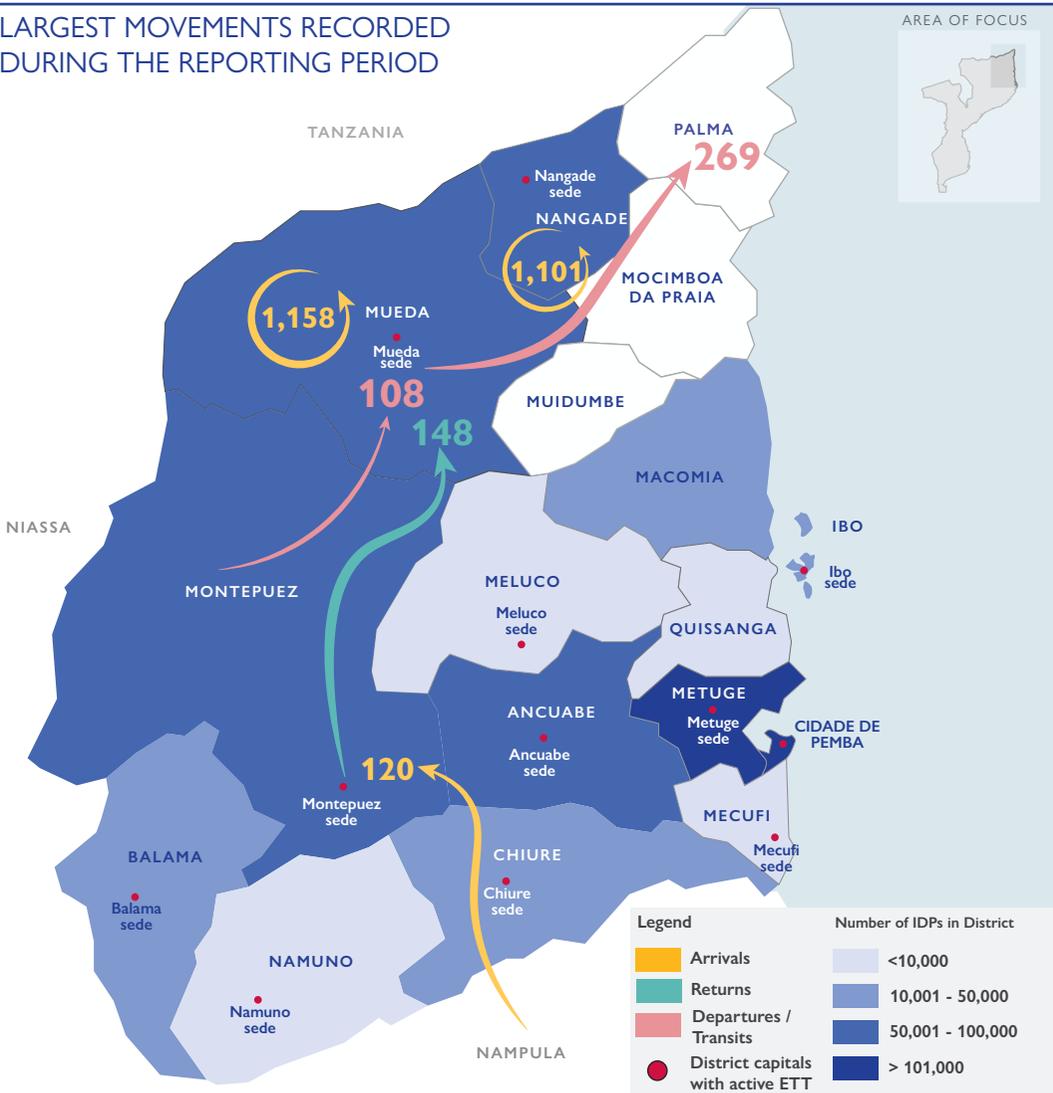


DTM Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is deployed to track and provide up-to-date information on sudden displacement and other population movements

ETT Report: No. 128/ 27 October - 02 November 2021

During the reporting period (27 October to 02 November 2021), a total of 65 movements were recorded - 30 arrivals (2,565 individuals), 22 departures (307 individuals), 7 transits (525 individuals), and 6 returns (196 individuals). Most arrivals were recorded in Mueda (1,158 individuals), Nangade (1,101 individuals), Montepuez (178 individuals) and Ibo (114 individuals). The largest departure was recorded in Montepuez (108 individuals). All intended return movements were observed from Montepuez (196 individuals). An estimated 31% of the population were displaced for the first time. Approximately 69% of reported IDPs were displaced more than once prior to this latest movement

LARGEST MOVEMENTS RECORDED DURING THE REPORTING PERIOD



KEY FIGURES

3,593

PEOPLE ON THE MOVE DURING THE REPORTING PERIOD

196

OF THE TOTAL IDPs INTEND TO RETURN TO THEIR PLACE OF ORIGIN

46%

OF THE IDPs REPORTED ARE CHILDREN

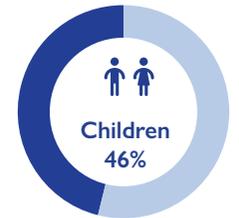
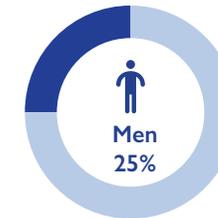
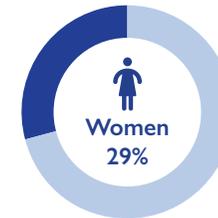
53%

OF THE REPORTED IDPs ARE LIVING WITH THE HOST COMMUNITY

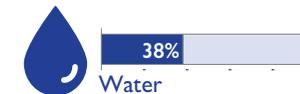
130

ELDERLY WERE REPORTED, REPRESENTING THE LARGEST VULNERABLE GROUP

DEMOGRAPHICS



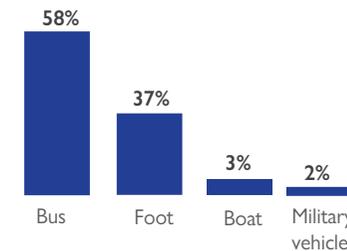
MAIN REPORTED NEEDS



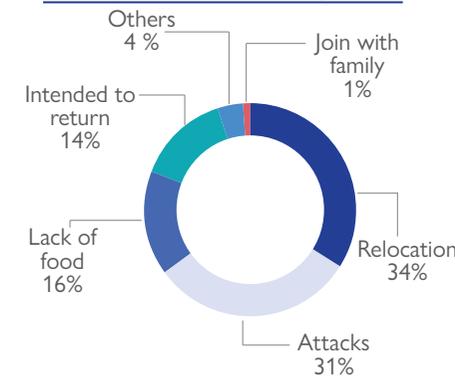
MAIN DISTRICTS OF ORIGIN



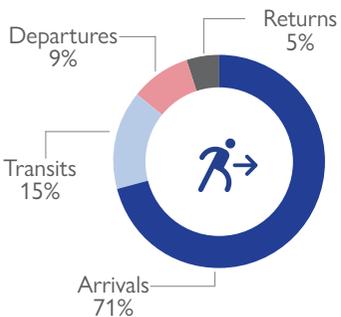
MEANS OF DISPLACEMENT



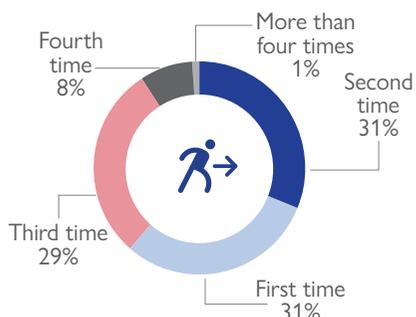
TRIGGERS OF MOVEMENT (for all arrival, return, departures and transit movements)



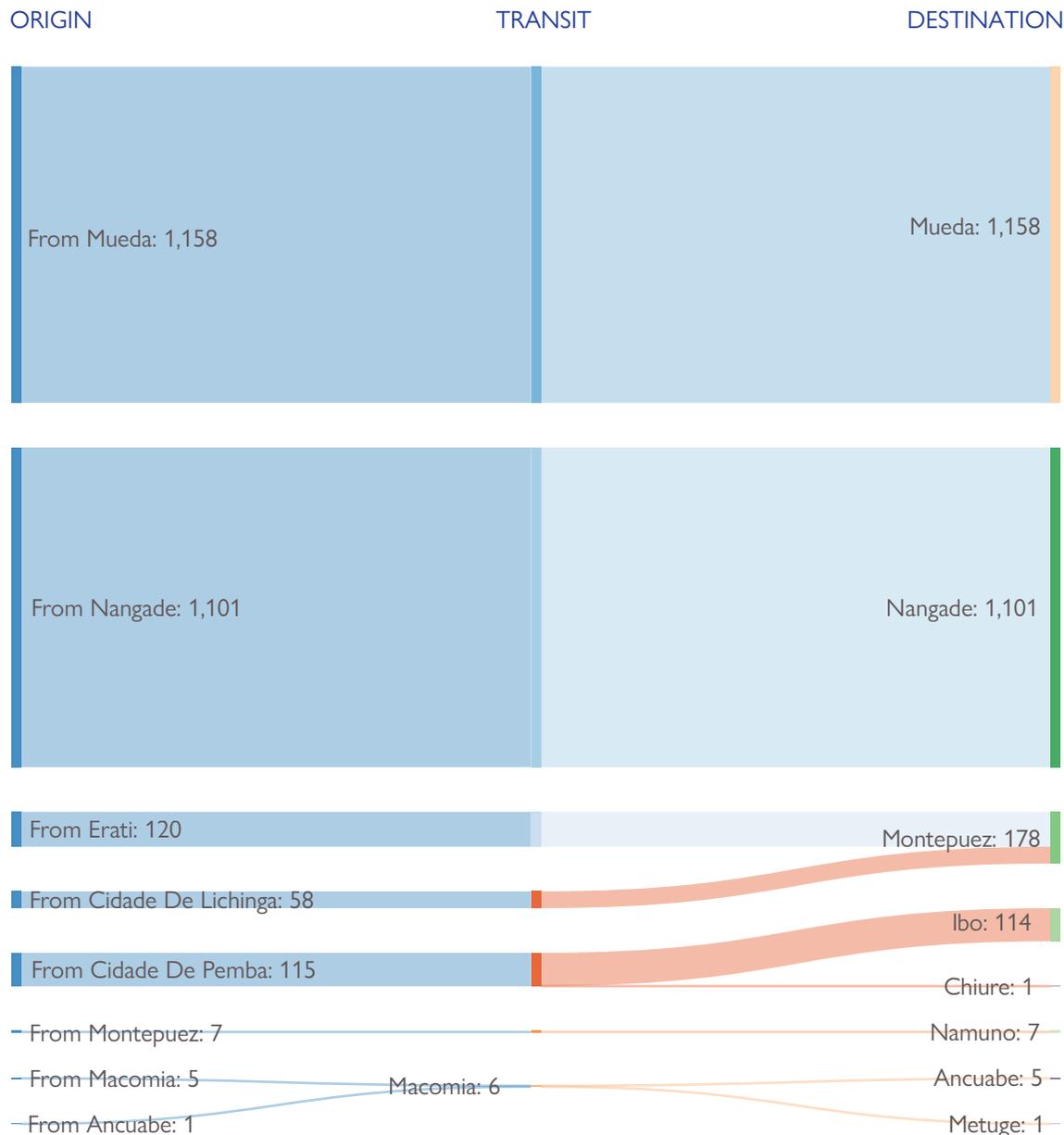
TYPE OF MOVEMENTS



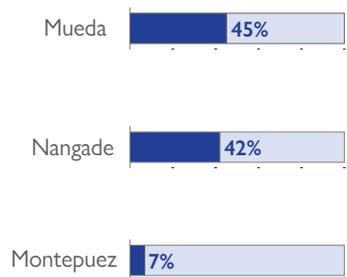
NUMBER OF TIMES IDPs HAVE BEEN DISPLACED



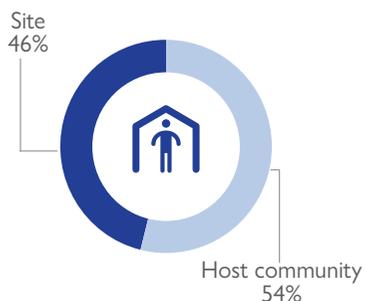
DISPLACEMENT FLOWS BY DISTRICTS (ARRIVALS)



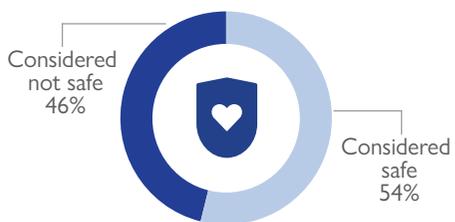
MAIN ARRIVAL DISTRICTS



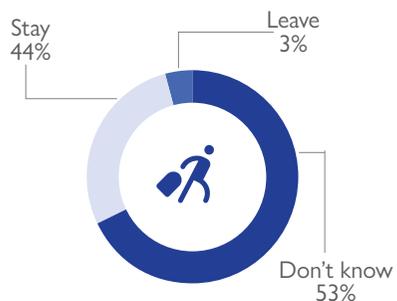
WHERE ARE IDPs LIVING



SAFETY OF ROADS



MOVEMENT INTENTIONS



ABOUT THE EMERGENCY TRACKING TOOL (ETT)

Due to the volume and fluidity of population movements in Cabo Delgado and Nampula, IOM's Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) rolled out its Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) methodology in key areas presenting rapid and important movements of populations, in order to ensure the tracking of population on the move and to identify areas of displacement and settlements, and support the identification of critical needs. Mapping displacement trends on a weekly basis complements the information obtained through other activities of the DTM data collection in the country.

The objective of the Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is to collect information on large and sudden population movements. Findings from the Emergency Tracking tool aim to provide support to the Government and the humanitarian community by disseminating data on IDPs for effective humanitarian response planning amongst affected populations.

Emergency tracking teams and enumerators are deployed to Ancuabe, Namuno, Balama, Chiure, Ibo, Mueda, Nangade, Montepuez, Meluco, Mecufi, and Cidade de Pemba districts to collect data on displacement movements on a daily basis. Due to recent attacks, the DTM team has temporarily stopped assessments in Macomia, Muidumbe, Palma and Mocimboa da Praia districts.

VULNERABILITIES BY LOCALITY (ARRIVALS)

District/Locality	Total number of individuals	Unaccompanied / separated children	Pregnant women	Elderly	People with disability	People with chronic disease
Ancuabe	5	-	-	-	-	-
Namcapa	5	-	-	-	-	-
Chiure	1	-	-	-	-	-
Namissiri	1	-	-	-	-	-
Ibo	114	-	-	12	-	-
Muanacombo	54	-	-	1	-	-
Palussansa	60	-	-	11	-	-
Metuge	1	-	-	-	-	-
1 de Maio	1	-	-	-	-	-
Montepuez	178	-	1	7	-	-
Marcune	58	-	-	1	-	-
Muanona	120	-	1	6	-	-
Mueda	1,158	-	18	63	13	-
Mpeme	1,149	-	18	62	13	-
Negomano	9	-	-	1	-	-
Namuno	7	-	-	-	-	-
Victoria	7	-	-	-	-	-
Nangade	1,101	-	13	31	2	4
Chitunda	425	-	10	14	2	2
Holota	225	-	1	9	-	2
Ndenganamade	201	-	2	2	-	-
Ntanga	250	-	-	6	-	-
Grand Total	2,565	-	32	113	15	4