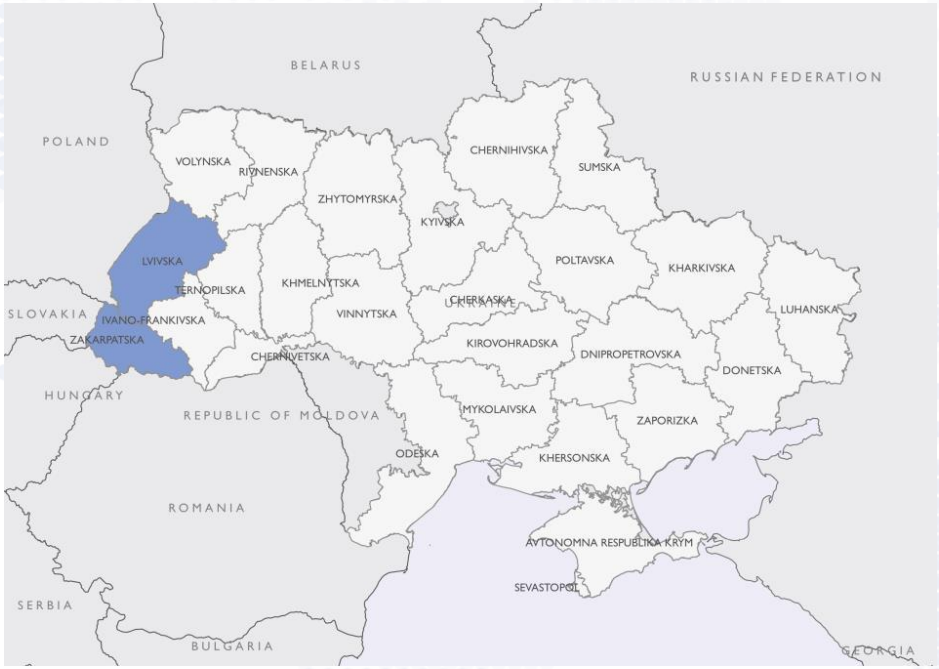
IOM UN MIGRATION | DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX (DTM)
GLOBAL DATA INSTITUTE (GDI)

UKRAINE AREA BASELINE REPORT ROUND 2

INTERNAL DISPLACEMENT REGISTRATION FIGURES
OBLAST and HROMADA LEVEL

MAY 13 2022

OVERVIEW



Map 1. DTM Round 2 Oblast level coverage in Zakarpatska and Lvivska oblasts.

Starting on 24 February 2022, the war in Ukraine triggered an unprecedented humanitarian crisis across the country. Between **15 and 30 April** the International Organization for Migration (IOM) conducted an area baseline assessment of 75 hromadas* hosting IDPs in Zakarpatska and Lvivska oblasts in western Ukraine in order to gather initial trends on the number of registered internally displaced persons.

Information on almost 170,000 arrivals in the 2 oblasts were compiled. Out of the 110 cities/towns that reported disaggregated IDP figures, **Sambir, Yasinia, Tiachiv, Kvasy, and Skole were the five cities** with the most IDPs, each hosting over 1,000 IDPs.

Khustska, Stryiska, Chopska, Yasinianska, and Vyshkivska hromadas have reported the largest populations of IDPs with 5,000 or more arrivals from 15 to 30 April. The most frequent oblasts of origin have been Donetska, Kyivska, and Kharkivska.

This routine assessment supports the targeting and provision of humanitarian assistance to the affected population and serves as a preliminary source to identify hromadas with high displacement figures.

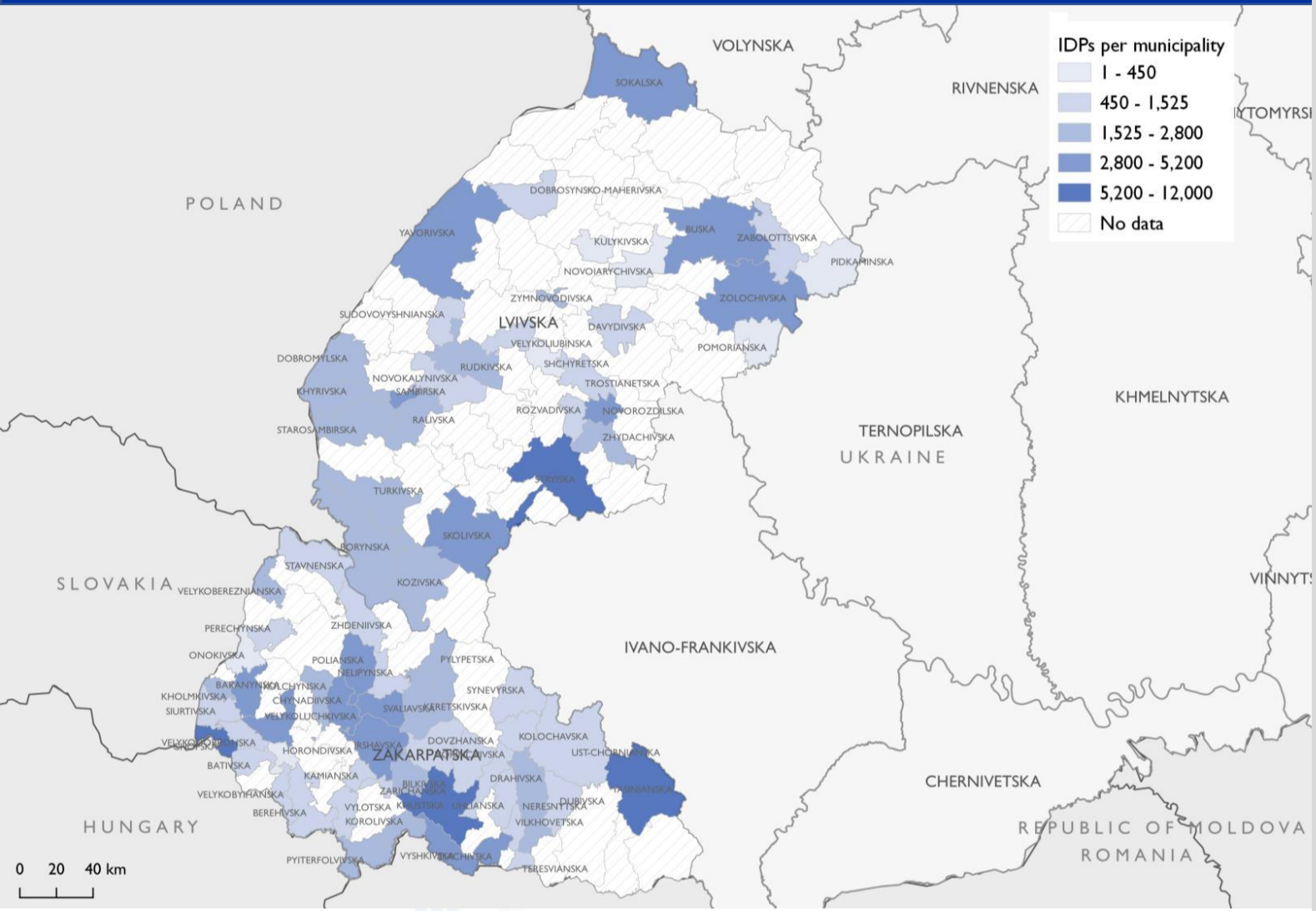
The data presented are sourced from official IDP registration data collected by hromada authorities and does not account for unregistered IDPs, therefore likely representing an undercount of those who were forced to flee their homes (see methodology note on page 5).

The area baseline reports act complement IOM Ukraine's general population survey which provides national and macro-region level estimates and insights on human mobility and needs.

Datafile can be accessed here.

For more information displacement.iom.int/Ukraine. In case of questions or feedback please contact DTMUkraine@iom.int

ESTIMATED REGISTERED INTERNALLY DISPLACED PERSONS BY HROMADA IN ZAKARPATSKA AND LVIVSKA OBLASTS as of 15-30 APRIL 2022



TOTAL IDPS:

167,265

ZAKARPATSKA oblast:

100,587

LVIVSKA oblast:

66,678

NUMBER OF HROMADAS ASSESSED WITH IDP PRESENCE:

75

NUMBER OF SETTLEMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR:

781

TOP HROMADA HOSTING IDPS:

HROMADA, OBLAST	# of IDPs
KHUSTSKA, ZAKARPATSKA	12,000
STRYISKA, LVIVSKA	10,000
CHOPSKA, ZAKARPATSKA	9,300
YASINIANSKA, ZAKARPATSKA	7,321
VYSHKIVSKA, ZAKARPATSKA	5,200

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR MIGRATION (IOM)

The designations employed and the presentation of material throughout the report do not imply expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of IOM concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area, or of its authorities, or concerning its frontiers or boundaries. The opinions expressed in the report are those of the authors and do not necessarily reflect the views of the IOM..

IDP REGISTRATION IN UKRAINE

On 13 March 2022, the Government of Ukraine has initiated a process for registering persons internally displaced (IDPs) by the current war, expanding the use of the pre-existing Unified IDP Registry system operationalized in 2016. Resolution 509[1] adapts the pre-existing IDP registration system to better address the current context, induding delegating the authority to register IDPs to additional government staff induding those working in social protection institutions, centres for provision of administrative services, and executive authorities in villages and territorial communities. In addition, since 19 April , 2022[2] Ukrainians have been able to register as an IDP and their change of residence through the digital application DIIA. The ongoing registration process poses some operational challenges, however, and requires time to reflect the full scale of displacement.

In parallel to tracking the data provided by the Government of Ukraine's IDP registration process, since 9 March 2022, IOM has conducted bi-weekly general population surveys covering the full territory of Ukraine (with exception of Crimean peninsula), The Ukraine Internal Displacement Report[3]. Based on this phone-administered, representative survey, IOM provides regular up-to date estimates of the number of IDPs within Ukraine. In this context and for the purposes of the survey, IOM defines an IDP as a person who has left their habitual place of residence due to the war, regardless of registration status.

While the data collection as part of the DTM baseline takes place in a limited number of oblasts at the moment, IOM anticipates that the results aggregated at macro region level might differ from estimates produced by the general population survey (The Ukraine Internal Displacement Reports). This is due the different methodological approaches IOM is also aware that not all displaced people register as IDPs. In certain oblasts, rate of registration may be higher than in others, also due to the conditioning of humanitarian assistance provision on registration (e.g. in Lvivska oblast).

[1] Ukraine: Order No. 509, on registration of internally displaced persons. 2014.
[2] Ministry of Digital Transformation. GoU Portal. "You can now get status and assistance for internally displaced persons in Diia". 2022.
[3] IOM Ukraine. Ukraine — Internal Displacement Report — General Population Survey Round 3 (11 — 17 April 2022). 2022.

METHODOLOGY

DESCRIPTION:

The aim of the Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) Area Baseline Report is to track and monitor IDP and returnee populations in Ukraine. Currently, information is collected on **current hromada, population size, settlement area of origin, and movement trends of registered IDPs**. Information is collected, verified, updated and shared twice monthly. DTM is an IOM data collection approach used to collect information on human mobility in humanitarian and peacebuilding settings.

- **Administrative subdivisions** (oblast, raion, hromada and settlements) are matched to the identified **locations, names and p-codes** in the OCHA Common Operational Dataset (COD). Settlements represent the Admin 4, sub-Hromada level division and can include cities, towns, or villages)
- As of **April 30th**, DTM has coverage in **75** out of **137 hromadas** (Admin 3) in **Zakarpatska and Lvivska oblasts,** with active data collection ongoing in 24 Oblasts and 1,472 Hromadas.

DATA COLLECTION:

Data is collected through a Key Informant (KI) network within the area of coverage. Deployed DTM Data Assistants (enumerators) work continuously to maintain and expand their KI network while triangulating and verifying figures on registered displacement in each Hromada.

In the Ukraine context, field teams and implementing partners liaise with the KI network, made up of hromada-level officials, namely the Hromada Officer charged with compiling IDP registration figures from the settlement level.

- In this round, **75 Key Informants** were interviewed to collect data.

Using a standardized and structured approach to building KI networks and conducting interviews in each operational area is a key step to ensuring that data collected in the Baseline Area is comparable across field teams. DTM field staff use the Kobo-based Baseline Area tool to enter structured information. The methodology of the Baseline Area is self-validating and improves in accuracy through each round of assessment. DTM is committed to the humanitarian principles of humanity, neutrality, impartiality and operational independence.

DEFINITIONS:

IOM's glossary defines Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs) as persons or groups of persons who have been forced or obliged to flee or to leave their homes or places of habitual residence, in particular as a result of or in order to avoid the effects of armed conflict, situations of generalized violence, violations of human rights or natural or human-made disasters, and who have not crossed an internationally recognized State border. Operationally, for this exercise, interviewers define and understand IDPs as persons who left their habitual place of residence due to the current war

IOM UN MIGRATION

DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX (DTM)

GLOBAL DATA INSTITUTE (GDI)